



**FY 2020-2021**

**DATA RESOURCE GUIDE**

# Our Mission at DJJ

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*It is the mission of the South Carolina Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ) to protect the public and reclaim juveniles through prevention, community services, education, and rehabilitative services in the least restrictive environment.*



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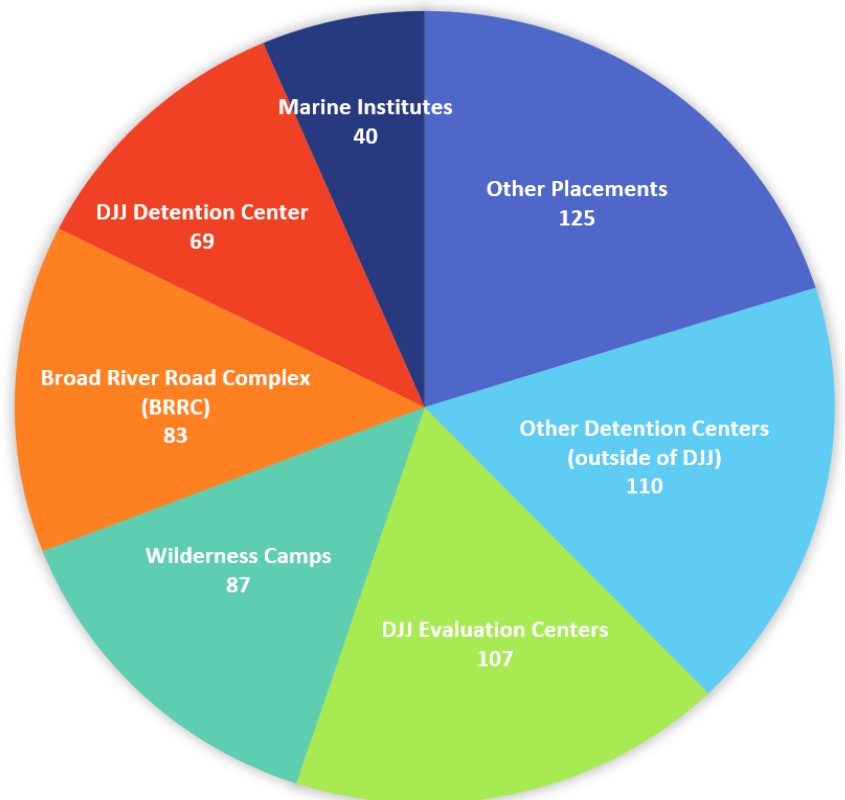
**PLEASE NOTE THAT MUCH OF THIS 2020/2021 DATA REFLECTS AN UNUSUAL DROP IN CASES DUE TO THE COVID PANDEMIC AND ITS CONCURRENT EFFECTS ON THE JUVENILE JUSTICE SYSTEM.**

- In FY 20/21, the South Carolina Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ) processed 9,099 new youth cases, reflecting a 29% decrease from the previous year and a 33% decrease from the five-year baseline of FY 16/17.
- In FY 20/21, the number of youth cases classified as violent or serious decreased by over 9% from the previous year. These cases represented 14% of all youth delinquency cases at family court intake.
- The most frequent offenses associated with delinquency referrals to the family court in FY 20/21 included assault and battery third degree (first with 1,107 cases), simple possession of marijuana (second with 610 cases), and Truancy (third with 517 cases). Runaway (forth with 458 cases), and Contempt of Court by Child for a status offense (fifth with 314 cases) round out the top five.
- At the solicitor level, 48% of cases moved forward to the family court based on decisions to prosecute or issue rule to show cause petitions. Twenty-seven percent of cases were diverted from court to programs such as youth arbitration. Solicitors dismissed or did not prosecute 25% of cases.
- Fifty-nine percent of youths whose cases were heard in the family court in FY 20/21 received dispositions of probation. Fifteen percent of cases resulted in commitment to DJJ custody, and 11% in school attendance orders. The balance were dismissed, acquitted, or given other dispositions.

# The Basics



- Family Court Judges ordered \$294,643 in youth victim monetary restitution in FY 2020/21 and 10,576 hours of community service.
- DJJ received 386 court commitments into its regional centers for evaluation purposes in FY 20/21, reflecting a significant decrease (62%) from the baseline year of FY 16/17.
- During FY 20/21, 461 youth cases resulted in commitment to long-term facilities or alternative programs, a significant reduction from the baseline of FY 16/17 (57%).
- 178 youths were released from DJJ's long-term Broad River Road Complex (BRRC) in FY 2020/21.



**Average Daily Population of Youths in Residential Beds**



# We're the Department of Juvenile Justice

The Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ) administers South Carolina's juvenile justice system at the state and local levels and is statutorily mandated to provide rehabilitation and custodial care for the state's juveniles who are on probation, incarcerated, or on parole for a criminal or status offense.

DJJ is an integral part of the juvenile justice system in South Carolina, but it operates collaboratively with other related entities including law enforcement, solicitors, family court judges, the Juvenile Parole Board, and staff in other child serving agencies. Our goal at DJJ is to protect the public and reclaim youth through prevention,

community services, education, and rehabilitative services in the least restrictive environment possible. In the pages of this *Data Resource Guide* we invite you to learn more about DJJ and what we do for the communities, citizens, and children of South Carolina.

DJJ operates a pre-trial youth detention center in Columbia, three regional evaluation centers in the midlands, upstate, and coastal regions, and a long-term commitment facility (The Broad River Road Complex) in Columbia. The agency also has county offices in 43 of South Carolina's 46 counties, which oversee youth referrals, intake, probation and parole services.

Additionally, DJJ contracts with a number of private providers for alternative placements. This includes nine wilderness camps and marine programs. The agency is responsible for most aspects of the juvenile justice system.

DJJ focuses on a system of restorative justice emphasizing accountability and repairing the damage done to victims and the community. A core mandate is to rehabilitate (rather than just "warehousing") youth. To that end, DJJ is committed to providing quality programs and services that reform and empower youth to become productive citizens.

## *Did you know?*

*Almost two-thirds of youths referred to DJJ on a first-time referral are one-time offenders who will never be referred again.*

*Only about 2% of these first-time referral youths will ever be committed to DJJ's Broad River Road Complex (our long-term facility).*

*About 18% of referred cases to DJJ are for offenses that wouldn't be a crime if the person committing them were an adult (a Status Offense).*

*About 3,208 youths were on probation at some point during 2020-2021.*



## Did you know?

In 2020-2021, about 6,853 youth and almost 9,100 cases were referred to DJJ for various offenses, ranging from status offenses (offenses which would not be crimes if committed by adults, such as running away from home or truancy) to serious felonies. Only a small portion of these youth (just under 369) were placed in long-term incarceration or an alternative placement facility.

Juvenile crime is trending downward, dropping drastically in South Carolina (and the U.S. in general) since a peak year in 1995. Violent and serious youth cases have declined 59% in South Carolina since 1995. Referrals to DJJ have

*Only about 14% of cases referred to DJJ are considered violent or serious.*

*There has been an approximate 51% drop in the number of cases referred to DJJ in the last ten years.*

*About 44% of cases referred to DJJ do not result in a prosecution; many are diverted or dismissed.*

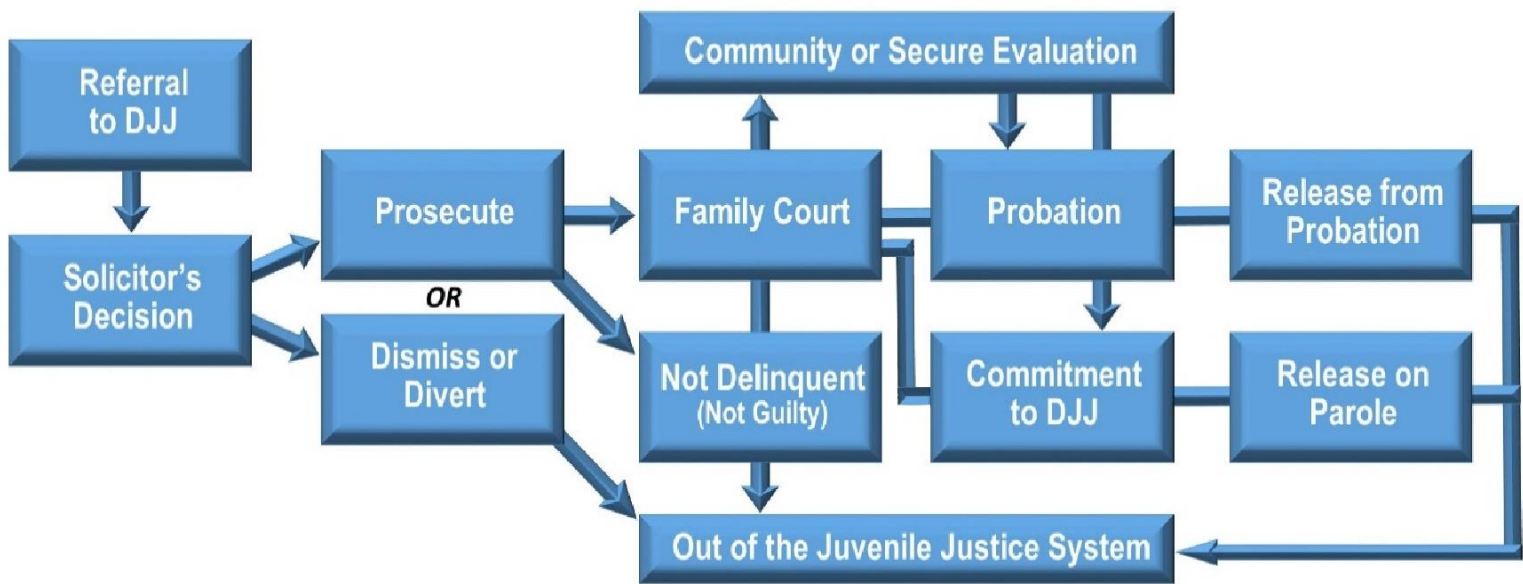
*51% of youths admitted to the Broad River Road Complex in FY 2020/2021 were more than 75 miles from their home county while at BRRC.*



dropped 51% just in the last 10 years. One important change that is currently impacting DJJ is the passage of Senate Bill 916, Act 268A (Raise the Age Bill). Effective July 1, 2019, a number of statutes in the South Carolina Juvenile Justice Code were changed in order to "Raise the Age" (RTA) and include most 17-year-olds in the juvenile justice system. This bill is already having a significant impact on DJJ, since the agency is now handling intake, incarceration, probation, parole and other services for all 17-year-olds in the state, in addition to those under 17. Another major impact this year has been due to the Covid pandemic, the wake of which has seen a sharp decline in DJJ's referrals, overall cases, and in many other areas of the juvenile justice system. This decline in cases due to Covid has also made it difficult to accurately gauge the full impact of the RTA legislation.

DJJ is also working to implement its regionalization plan. Regionalization represents a fundamental shift in the manner in which the agency houses committed youth. Currently, youth on long-term commitment are housed centrally at the BRRC in Columbia. Youth receiving short-term secure evaluations are placed closer to their home communities in regional evaluation centers. When fully implemented, this housing practice will reverse allowing youth on long-term commitment to be placed regionally, in the smaller facilities closer to their home communities.

DJJ is focused on looking forward, rather than backward. We look forward to a future of continuing declines in youth crime, a future of better services for youth closer to their home communities, and a future where youth are empowered and possess the requisite skills necessary to make the right choices. At the heart of all of this effort is DJJ's mandate to reclaim youth, reduce juvenile crime, and thereby, protect the public.



# The Juvenile Justice System

Youth usually enter the juvenile justice system in South Carolina when they are taken into custody by law enforcement or when they're referred to DJJ by a Circuit Solicitor or a school. At this stage, a youth is usually interviewed by personnel at a DJJ county office. Law enforcement might also elect to send the youth to a South Carolina youth detention center, pending a hearing.

After county office or detention center personnel have interviewed a youth, DJJ makes recommendations to the Circuit Solicitor's office regarding the case. The Solicitor has a number of options available when deciding how to pursue a case. A Solicitor may choose to divert a youth to a community program (such as a drug court or youth arbitration program) or require the youth to make restitution for the offense. Solicitors may also choose to proceed with prosecution or to dismiss a case entirely.

If a Solicitor chooses to prosecute, the next stage of the process involves the family court. A family court judge is charged with determining the guilt or innocence of a youth and with sentencing those youth "adjudicated delinquent" (found guilty). Often a judge will request an evaluation of the child before making a final ruling, or prior to commitment. This involves psychological, social, and educational evaluations conducted either in the community or at one of DJJ's three regional evaluation centers. This evaluation helps the judge decide how to

proceed in the best interests of the child.

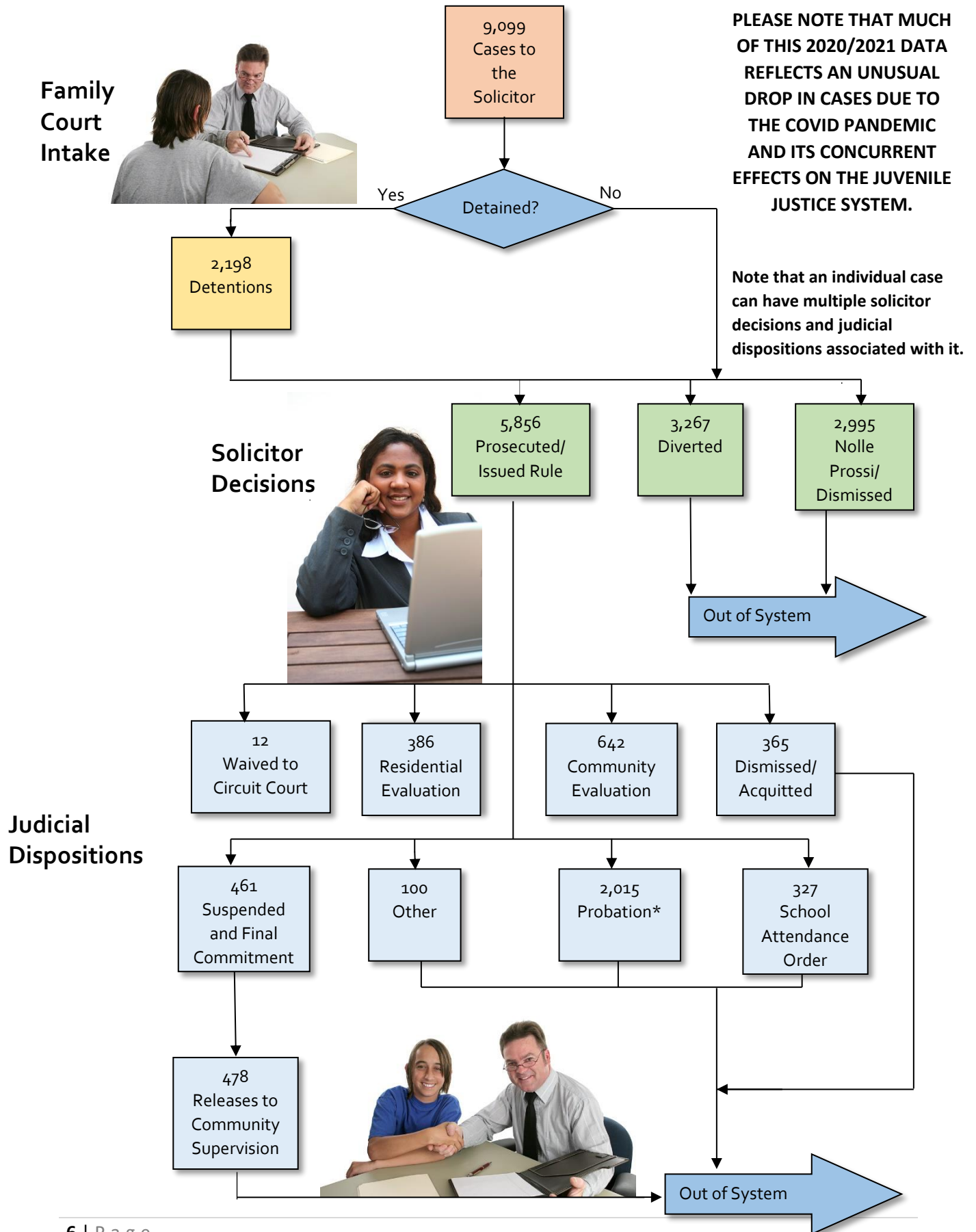
A family court judge may find the youth "not delinquent" (not guilty) or "delinquent" (guilty). If found delinquent, the youth may be put on probation or given a "determinant" (fixed amount of time) or an "indeterminate" commitment.

If a youth receives an indeterminate commitment, he or she will be held for an indefinite period of time, up to age 21. Upon commitment, a youth will be given a time range or "guideline," determined by the state Board of Youth Parole (for all felonies and select misdemeanors) or DJJ's own release authority (for most misdemeanors and all status offenses). This range is based on the severity of the youth's offense and the history of previous offenses. These guidelines can run anywhere from 1-3 months up to 36-54 months. The Board and DJJ use these guidelines – along with an evaluation of the youth's behavior and progress – to determine the length of incarceration.

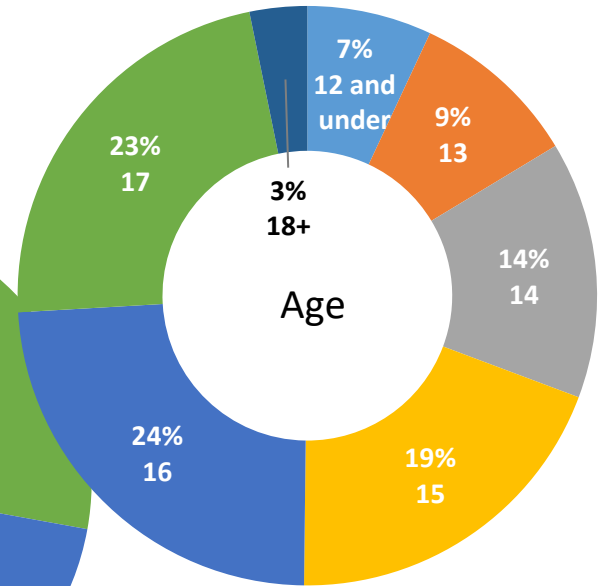
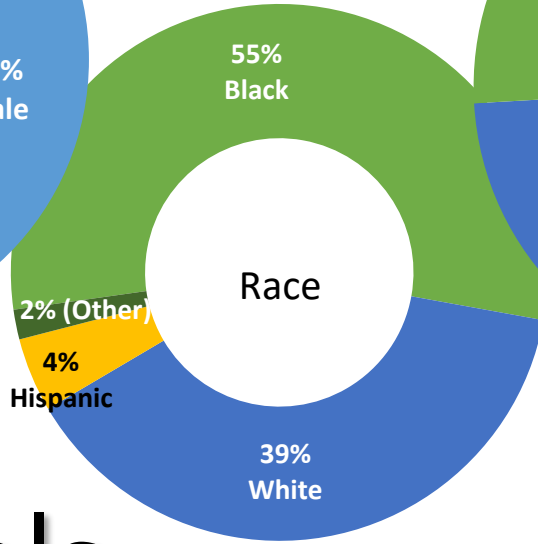
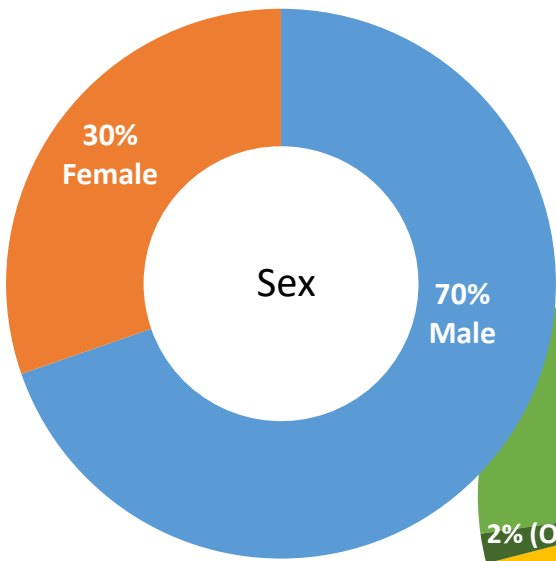
Youth may remain incarcerated beyond their guideline (up to their 21st birthday). They may also be paroled prior to their minimum. Youth may be granted conditional or unconditional releases. A conditional release might involve requiring the youth to complete a local aftercare program or program at a wilderness camp or group home. A conditional release also involves a period of parole supervision. DJJ county officers supervise youth on parole, much as they supervise youth on probation.



# The System at Work in South Carolina, FY 2020/2021



\* Includes probation sentences concurrent with commitment or placement



**Quick Fact**

Approximately two-thirds of youths referred to DJJ during FY19/20 were first-time referrals.

# Referrals

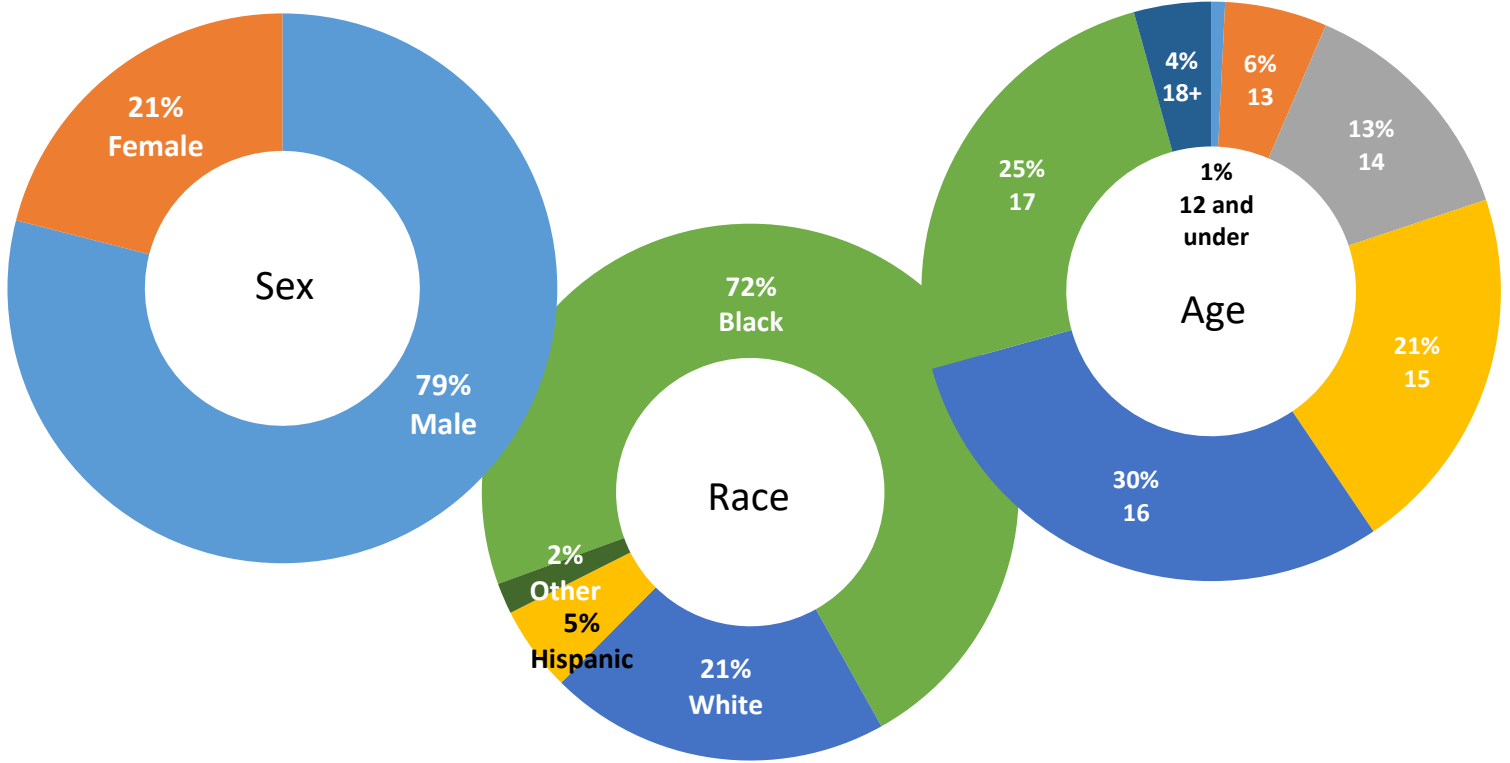
Youth usually enter the juvenile justice system in South Carolina when they're taken into custody by law enforcement or when they're referred to DJJ by a Circuit Solicitor or a school. At this stage, a youth is usually interviewed by personnel at a DJJ county office). Law enforcement might also elect to send the youth to a South Carolina youth detention center, pending a hearing.

## Most Frequent Offenses Associated With Referral



Offense*	# of Cases	% of All Referrals
Assault/Battery, 3rd degree	1107	12%
Marijuana, Simple Possession	610	7%
Truancy	517	6%
Runaway	458	5%
Contempt of Court (Status)	314	3%
Public Disorderly Conduct	299	3%
Poss./Sale of Unlwl Weapon	264	3%
Shoplifting (\$2000 or less)	241	3%
Incorrigible (status)	239	3%
Injury to Personal Property	210	2%

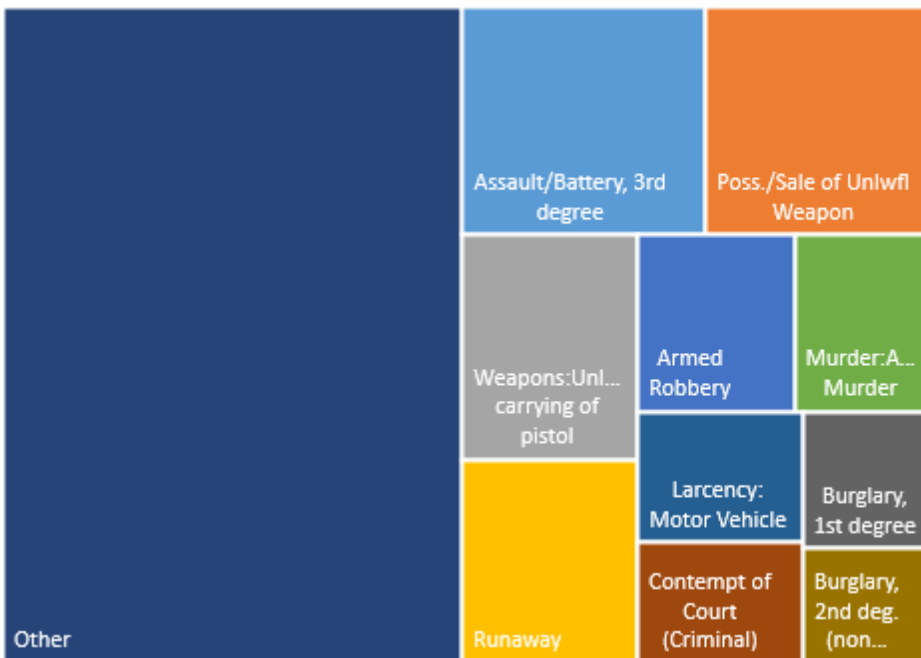
\* Based on the most serious referral offense committed on each case



# Detentions

Youth facing more serious charges may be securely detained at DJJ’s Juvenile Detention Center in Columbia (JDC), at one of three county-run detention centers in Greenville, Columbia, and Charleston, or a short-term facility prior to their adjudication. Youth may be detained before being formally referred to a DJJ county office (by law enforcement, for example). The average direct stay at JDC is 22 days, though this can vary widely. The maximum direct stay for a youth released from JDC in 2020/2021 was 879 days; however, the length of stay for some youths was just one or two days.

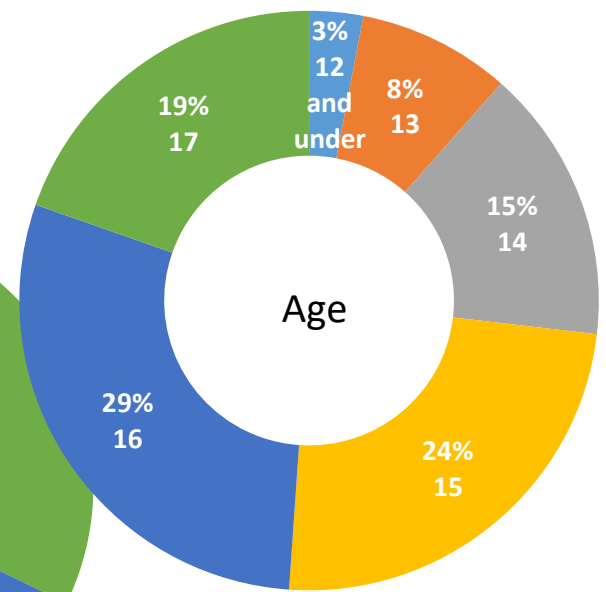
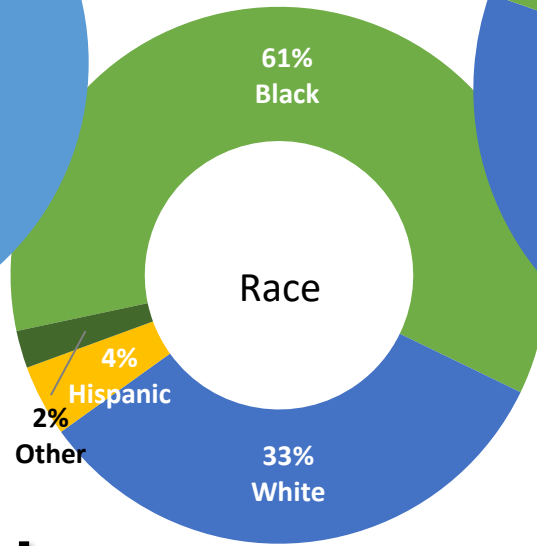
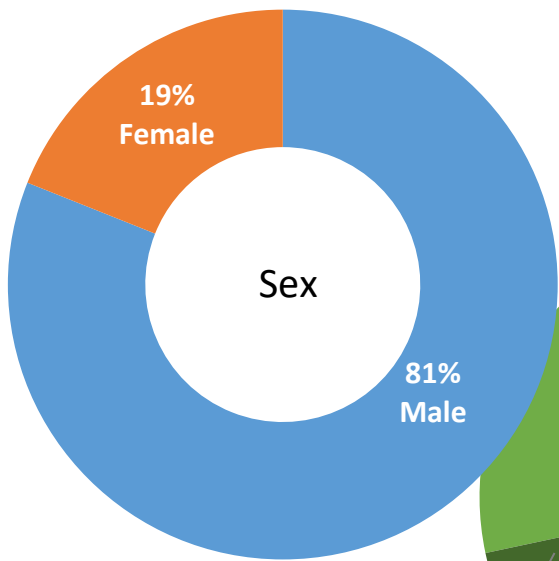
## Most Frequent Offenses Associated With Detention



Offense	# of Cases	% of All Cases
Assault/Battery, 3rd degree	136	9%
Poss./Sale of Unlwl Weapon	126	8%
Unlawful carrying of pistol	97	6%
Runaway	88	6%
Armed Robbery	68	5%
Attempted Murder	59	4%
Larceny: Motor Vehicle	53	4%
Contempt of Court (Criminal)	49	3%
Burglary, 1st degree	43	3%
Burglary, 2nd deg. (non-violent)	36	2%

\* Based on the most serious referral offense committed on each case

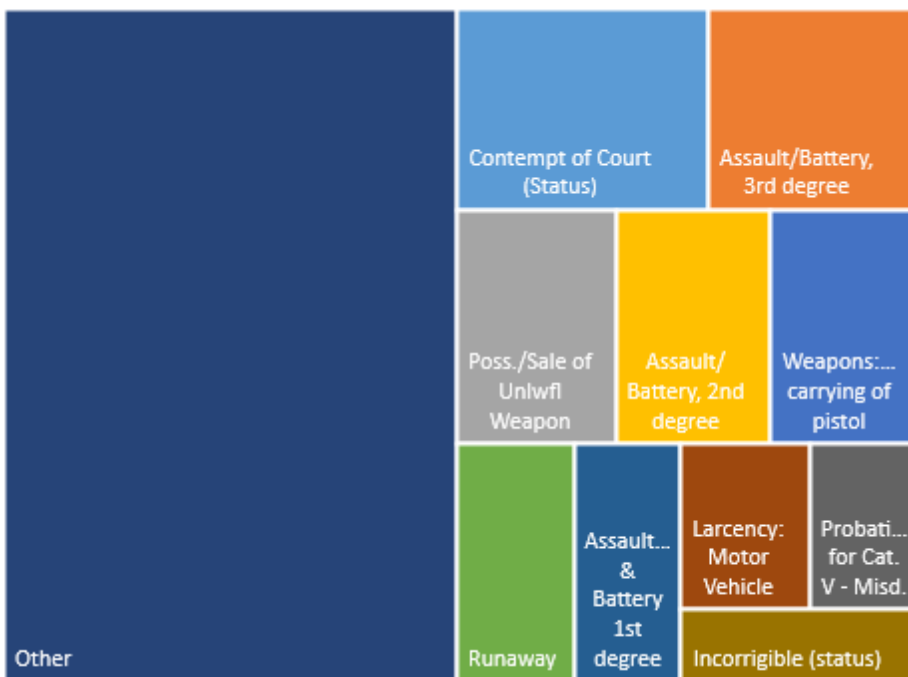




# Evaluations

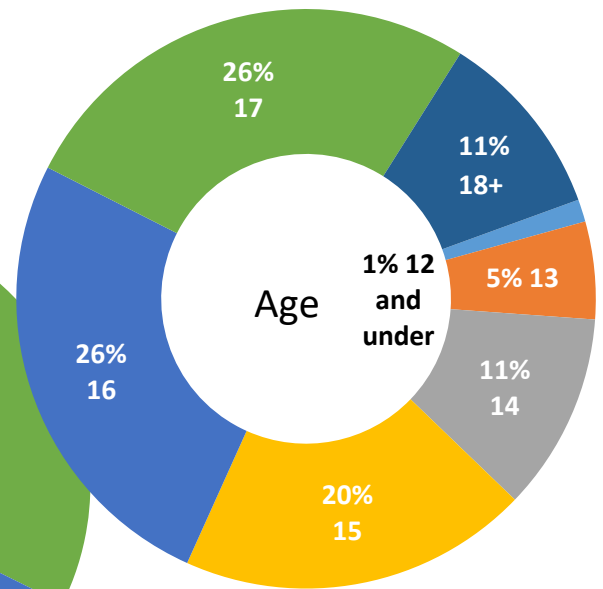
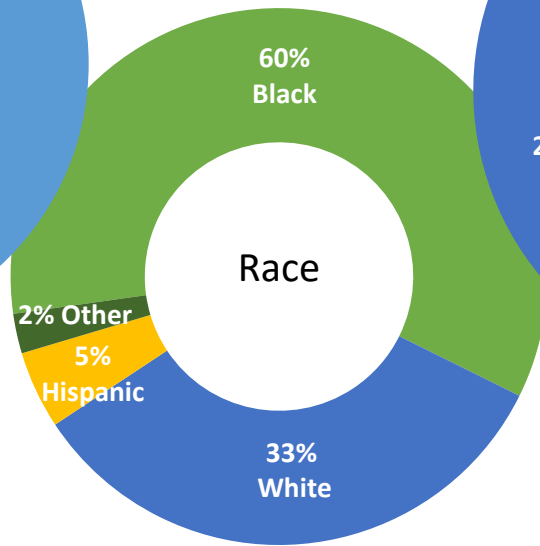
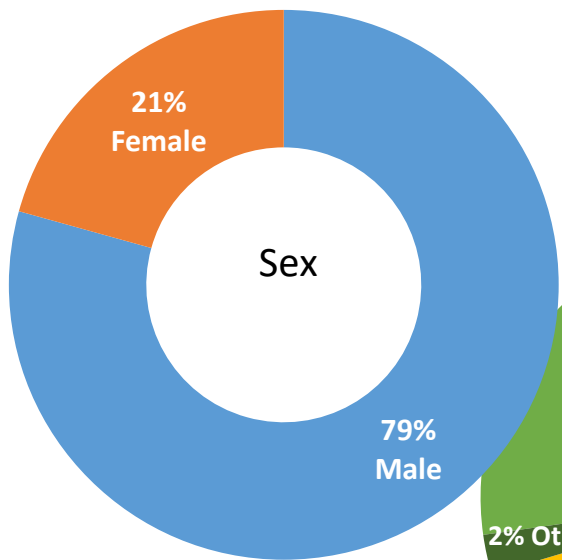
The Family Court may order an evaluation to help the judge to determine how best to proceed. This process entails comprehensive psychological, social, and educational assessments of the youth and may be conducted in the community or in one of the agency’s three secure regional evaluation centers.

## Most Frequent Offenses Associated With Evaluations



Offense	# of Cases	% of All Cases
Contempt of Court (Status)	71	8%
Assault/Battery, 3rd degree	59	7%
Poss./Sale of Unlwl Weapon	52	6%
Assault/Battery, 2nd degree	51	6%
Unlawful carrying of pistol	48	6%
Runaway	39	5%
Assault & Battery 1st degree	36	4%
Larceny: Motor Vehicle	30	3%
Probation: Violation for Cat. V - Misd.	25	3%
Incorrigible (status)	24	3%

\* Based on the most serious disposition offense committed on each case



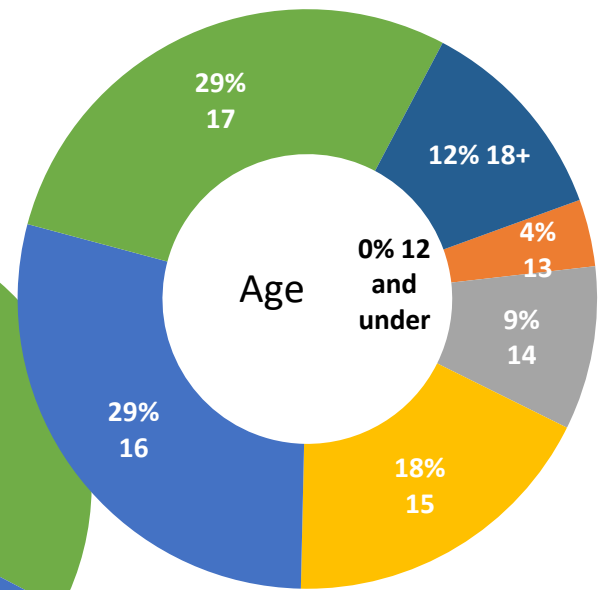
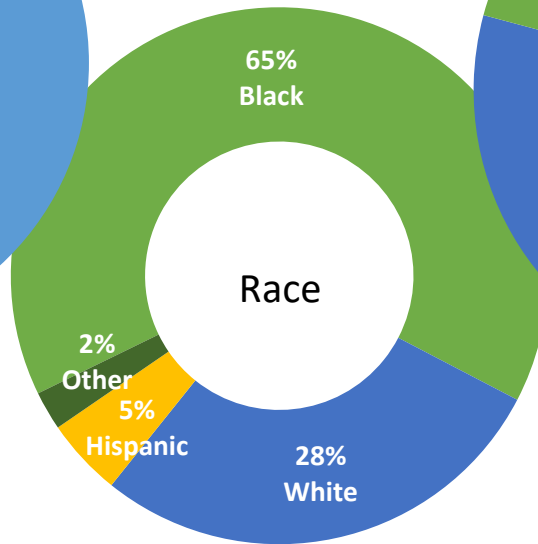
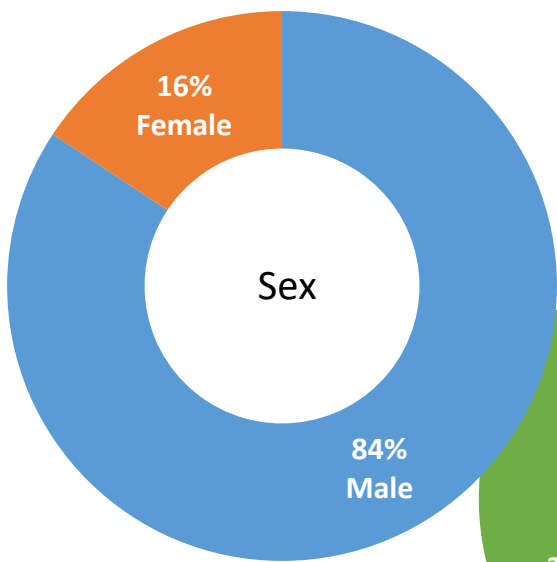
# Probation

A youth may be ordered by a Family Court judge to receive probationary supervision as a part of his or her disposition. This probation can be a stand-alone sentence or issued in combination with a discretionary or mandatory alternative placement or incarceration. Youth on probation in South Carolina are supervised by probation officers in DJJ’s county offices. This differs from most other states, where youth incarceration, probation, parole, and intakes are often handled by multiple agencies.

## Most Frequent Offenses Associated With Probation

Offense	# of Cases	% of All Cases
Assault/Battery, 3rd degree	147	9%
Contempt of Court (Status)	132	8%
Poss./Sale of Unlwlfl Weapon	113	7%
Unlawful carrying of pistol	111	6%
Probation:Violation for Cat. V - Misd.	79	5%
Larceny: Motor Vehicle	76	4%
Assault/Battery, 2nd degree	70	4%
Runaway	59	3%
Probation:Violation for Cat. VI - Status	58	3%
Probation:Violation for Cat. II - Felony	54	3%

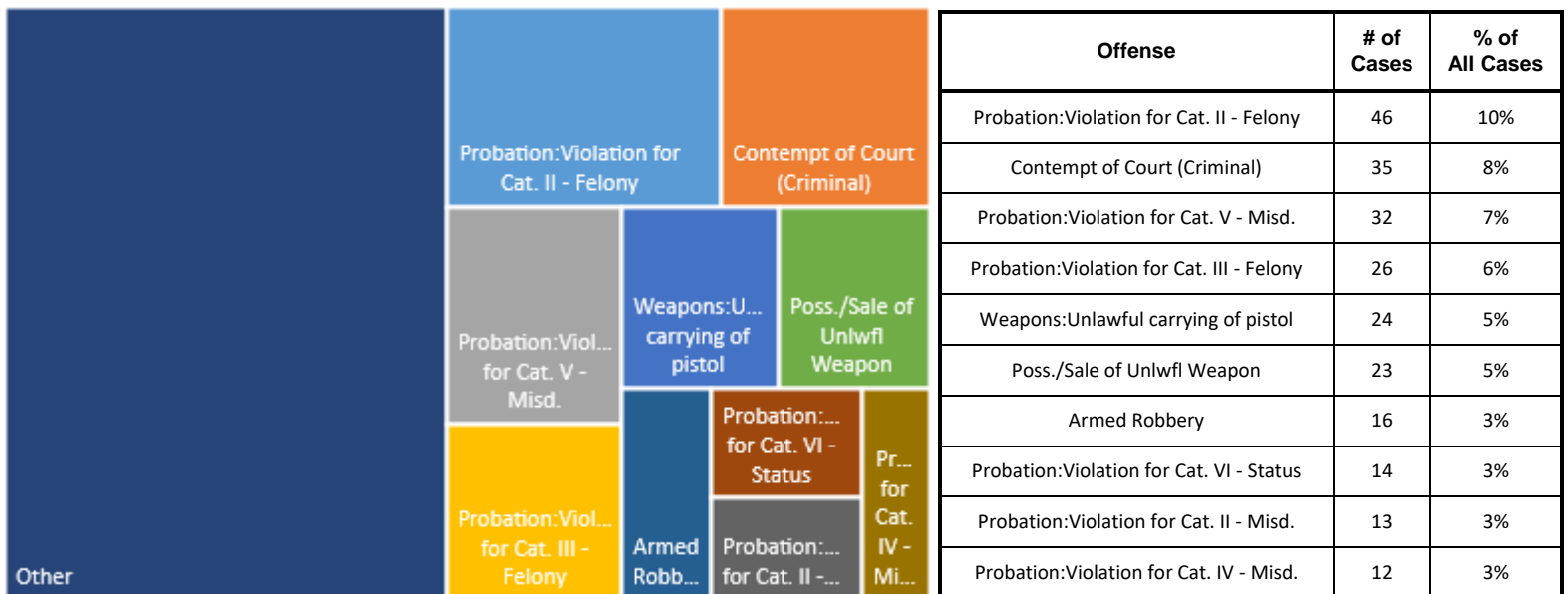
\* Based on the most serious disposition offense committed on each case, not including probation dispositions where juveniles also received a concurrent commitment.



# Commitments

A youth adjudicated delinquent may be sentenced to a "determinant" (fixed amount of time) or an "indeterminate" commitment and sent to placement or secure long-term incarceration. If a youth receives an indeterminate commitment, he or she will be held for an indefinite period of time, up to age 21. Upon commitment, an indeterminate youth will be given a time range or "guideline," determined by the South Carolina Board of Juvenile Parole (for all felonies and select misdemeanors) or DJJ's own Internal Release Authority (for most misdemeanors and all status offenses). Guidelines are calculated based on the severity of the youth's offense and the history of his or her previous offenses. Guidelines can run anywhere from 1-3 months up to 36-54 months. The Board and Release Authority use the guidelines, behavioral adjustment and treatment progress to determine a youth's readiness for release.

## Most Frequent Offenses Associated With Suspended and Final Commitments



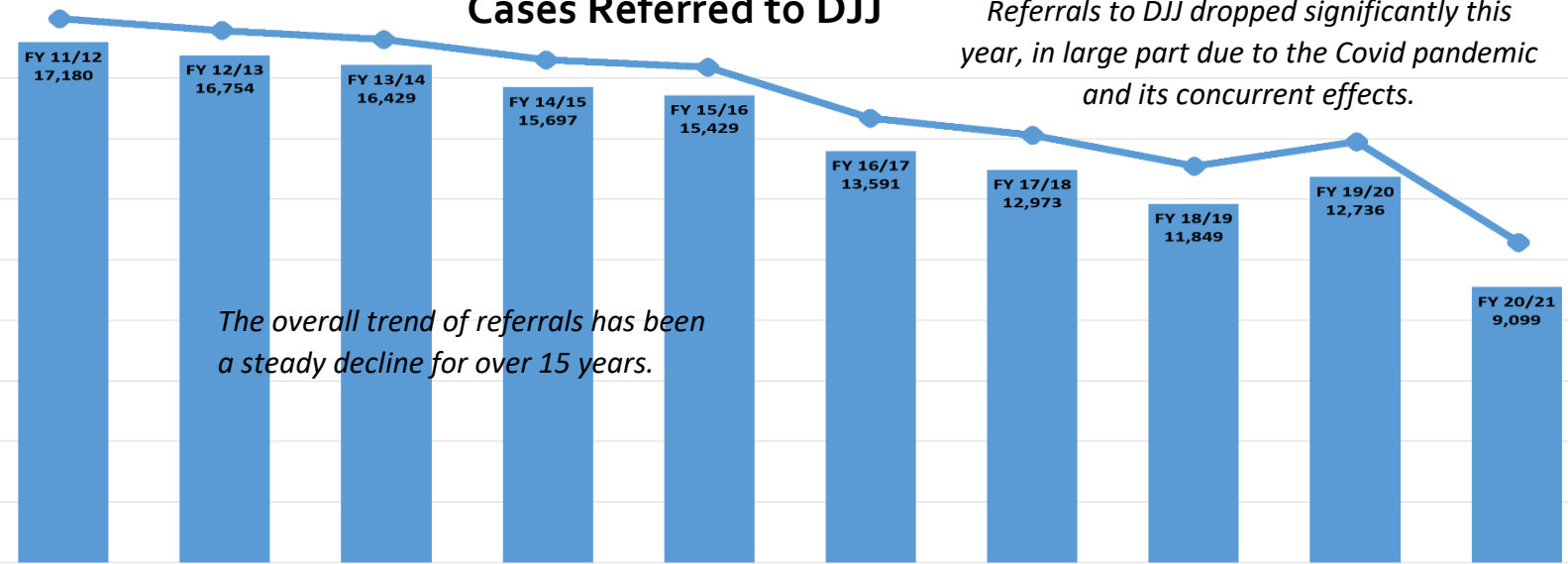
\* Based on the most serious disposition offense committed on each case



## Cases Referred to DJJ

Referrals to DJJ dropped significantly this year, in large part due to the Covid pandemic and its concurrent effects.

The overall trend of referrals has been a steady decline for over 15 years.



# Trends

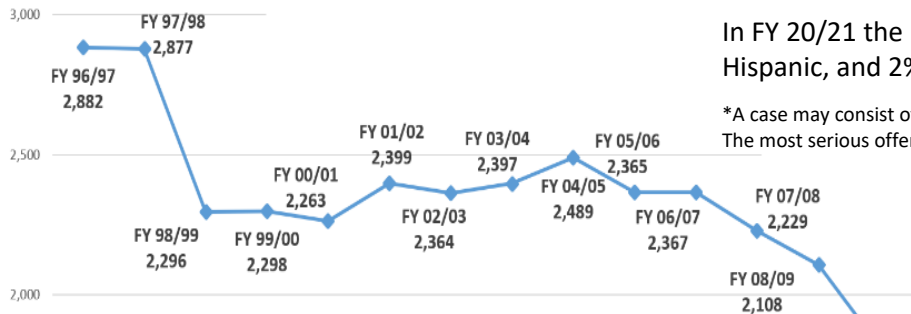
Over the last 5 years, youth cases\* referred to DJJ decreased 41%. The number of violent/serious cases\*\* have fluctuated somewhat. However, these cases comprised less than 14% of Family Court youth cases in FY 20/21.

In FY 20/21, the age breakdown for referrals was 16% for youth age 13 or younger, 33% for youth ages 14 or 15, and 50% for youth 16 years of age or older.

The gender breakdown in FY 20/21 was 70% male and 30% female.

In FY 20/21 the racial breakdown was 55% Black, 39% White, 4% Hispanic, and 2% other race/ethnicity.

\*A case may consist of one or more offenses charged to a youth and processed together. The most serious offense is used to categorize a case when multiple offenses are involved.



## Violent and Serious Cases (20+ years)

There was a decline in violent and serious cases for this year, after an uptick last year (due in large part to the fact that 24% of all violent and serious cases referred to the agency last year involved youth who would have been considered adults in previous years).

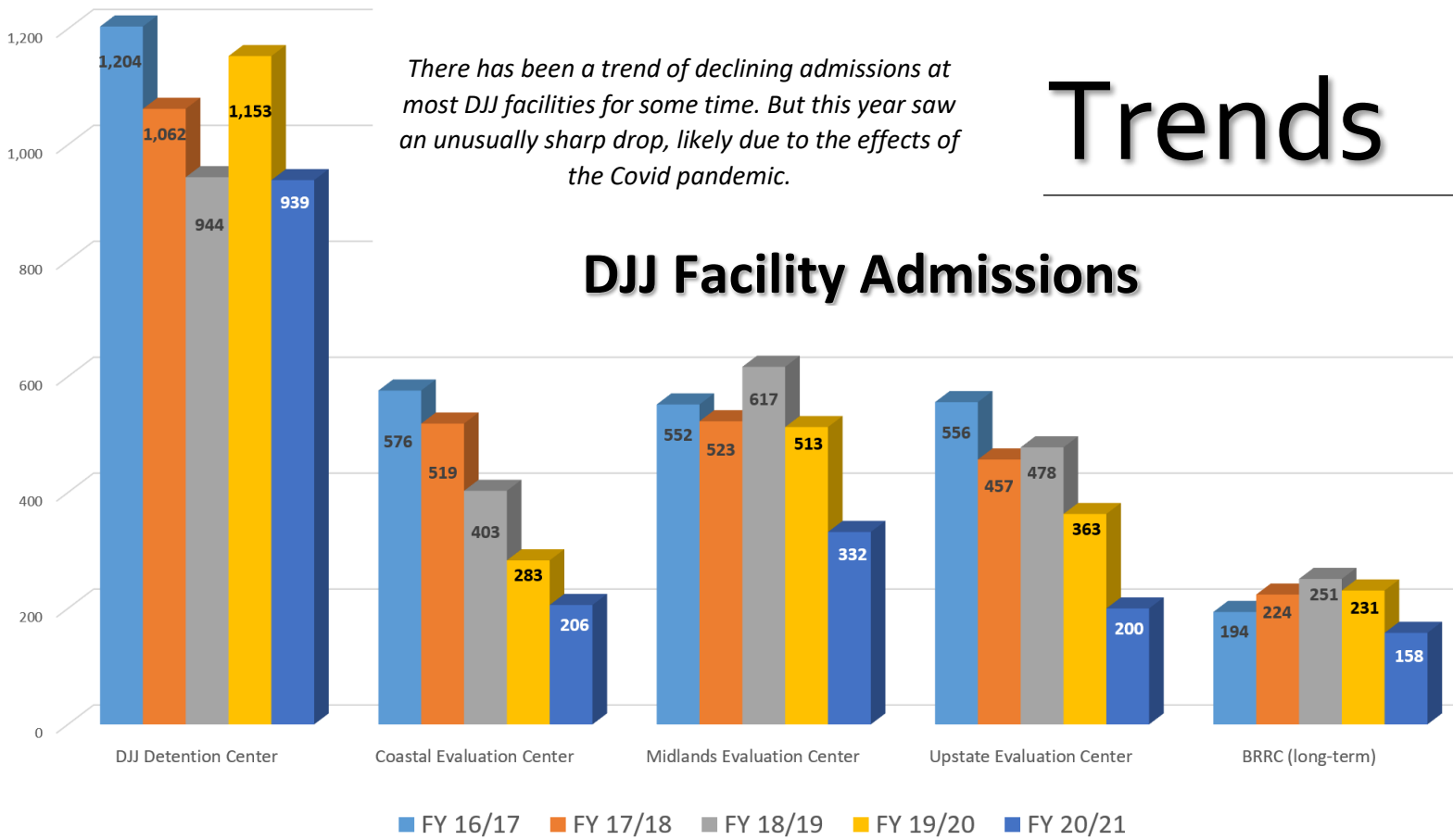
The overall trend for over 20 years has been a fairly consistent and steady drop in violent and serious youth crime.

\*\*Violent/serious cases include murder, criminal sexual conduct 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup> degree, assault & battery with intent to kill, kidnapping, voluntary manslaughter, armed robbery, arson 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup> degree, burglary 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup> degree, drug trafficking, and all offenses categorized in the South Carolina Code of Laws as acts against persons, except for non-aggravated assaults such as assault and battery 3<sup>rd</sup> degree.

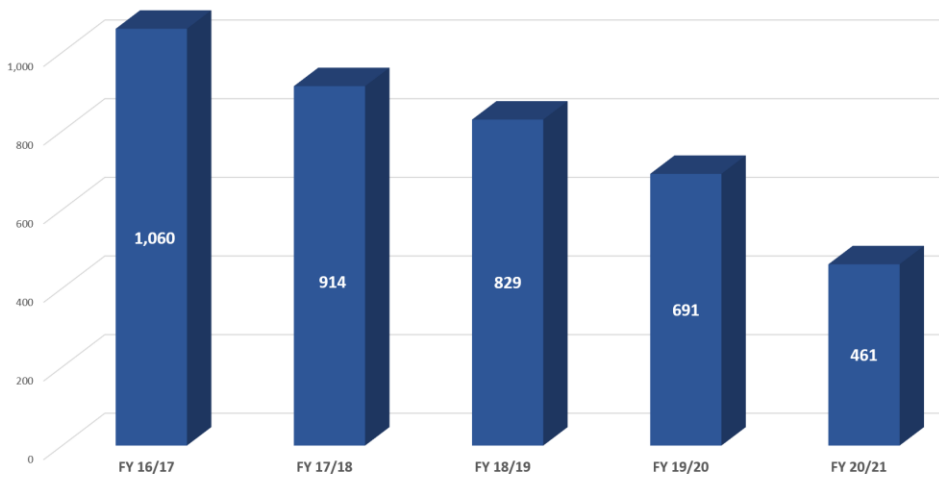
# Trends

*There has been a trend of declining admissions at most DJJ facilities for some time. But this year saw an unusually sharp drop, likely due to the effects of the Covid pandemic.*

## DJJ Facility Admissions



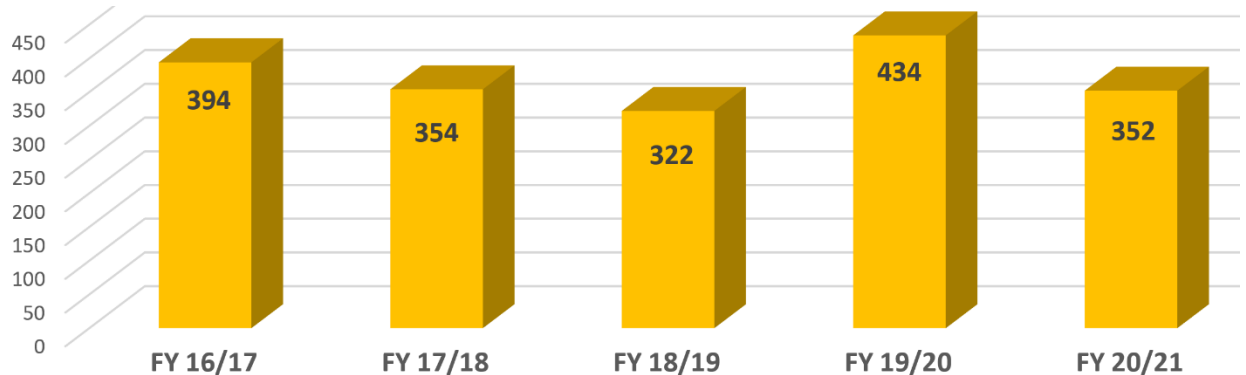
## Commitments



*These graphs compare suspended/final commitments to DJJ custody and average daily population in FY 20/21 to the levels that existed five years ago. The number of commitments declined sharply in FY 20/21, likely due the effects of the Covid pandemic.*

*The average daily population of final commitments has also seen a significant decrease this year, indicating shorter stays in commitment.*

## Average Daily Final Commitment Population



# DJJ Recidivism Rates

## FY 2017/2018 through FY 2019/2020 (Latest Year)

SCDJJ defines its Annual Recidivism Rate as: *Youth who are adjudicated for a new offense within one year of completing Arbitration, Probation, or Commitment.* This rate includes only those youths who were subsequently adjudicated (convicted) in the juvenile justice system. It does not include those who were subsequently convicted in the adult system.

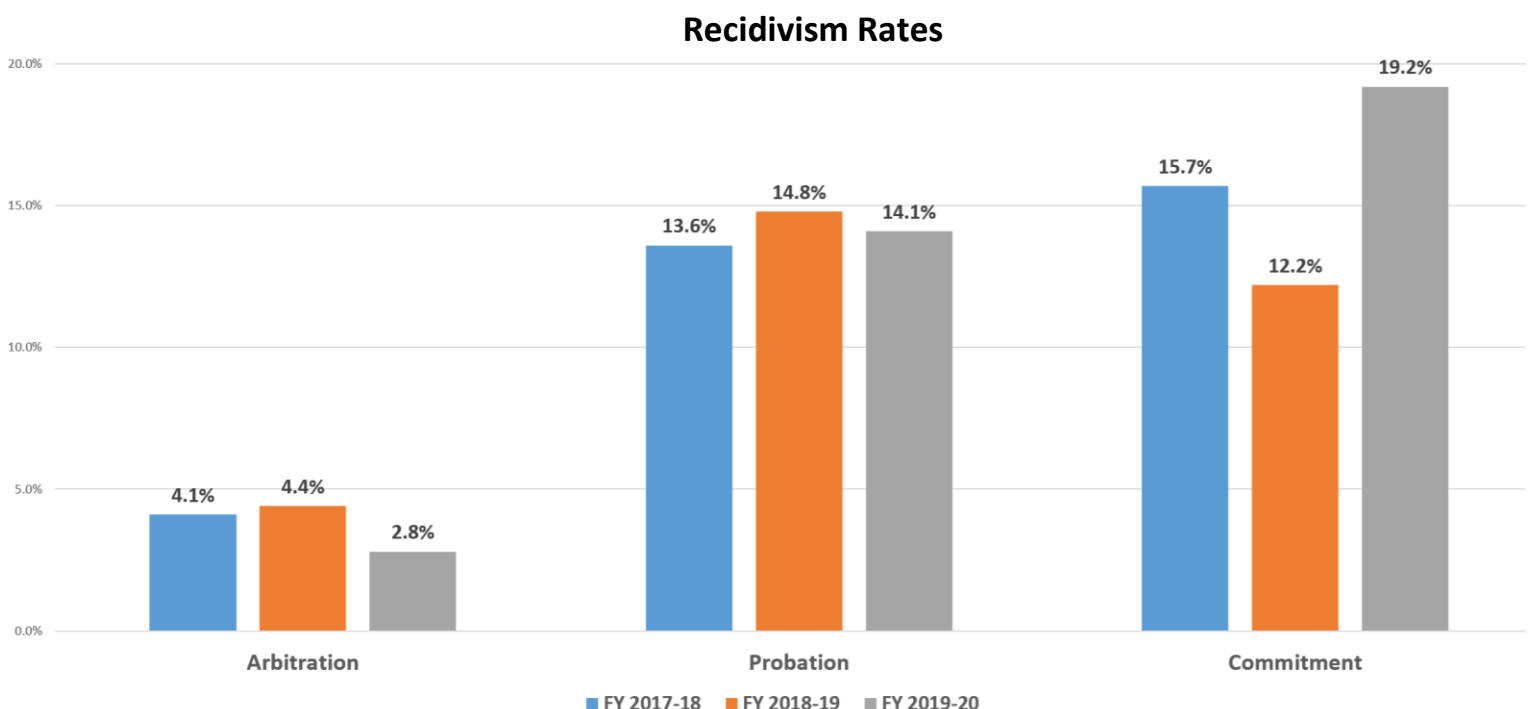
To calculate these values, youth records are queried in a given Fiscal Year (July 1, 2019 – June 30, 2020, for example) that contain:

1. Case Closure from showing successful completion of Arbitration, or
2. Probation Requirement Ended, or
3. Determinate Sentence Complete\*, or
4. Conditional Release Granted\*, or
5. Unconditional Release Granted\*

\*These dispositions represent a Commitment status.

Once members of each group are identified, youth records are queried to see if the identified youth have an adjudication for a new youth offense, excluding violations, within one year of the arbitration, probation, or commitment completion date.

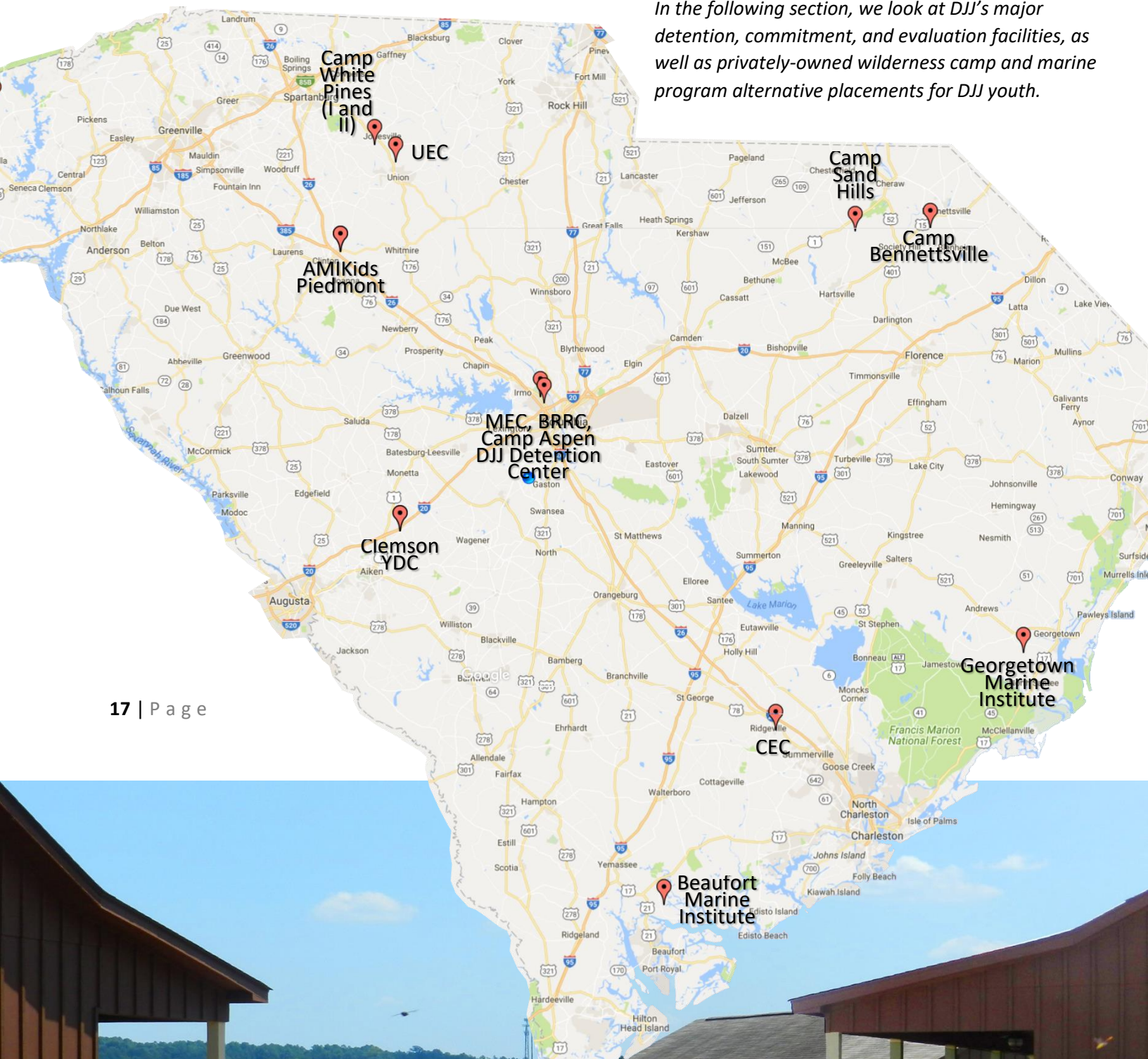
	Recidivism Rates		
	FY 2017-18	FY 2018-19	FY 2019-20
Arbitration	4.1%	4.4%	2.8%
Probation	13.6%	14.8%	14.1%
Commitment	15.7%	12.2%	19.2%





# Facilities

*In the following section, we look at DJJ's major detention, commitment, and evaluation facilities, as well as privately-owned wilderness camp and marine program alternative placements for DJJ youth.*





DJJ Youth admitted FY 20/21: 158  
 Facility capacity (beds): 200  
 Average length of stay: 198 days  
 Average Daily Population (ADP): 83

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Admission**

- 1) Poss./Sale of Unlawful Weapon
- 2) Larceny: Motor Vehicle
- 3) Probation: Violation for Cat. II - Felony
- 4) Armed Robbery
- 5) Petty Larceny, <\$2,000

**Admission Demographics**

72% Black	2% age 13 or less
22% White	23% age 14-15
5% Hispanic	75% age 16 or older
2% Other	
68% Male	32% Female



The Broad River Road Complex in Columbia, South Carolina is the agency's long-term commitment facility. The more than 200-acre complex is paramount in DJJ's mission of protecting the public and reclaiming youths in the least restrictive environment. The secure facility offers programs for boys and girls of all backgrounds and needs, including programs for kids with special needs, youth sex offenders, and those struggling with substance abuse. This campus also houses the DJJ Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps (JROTC) program, a cooperative effort between the DJJ school district and the U.S. Army.

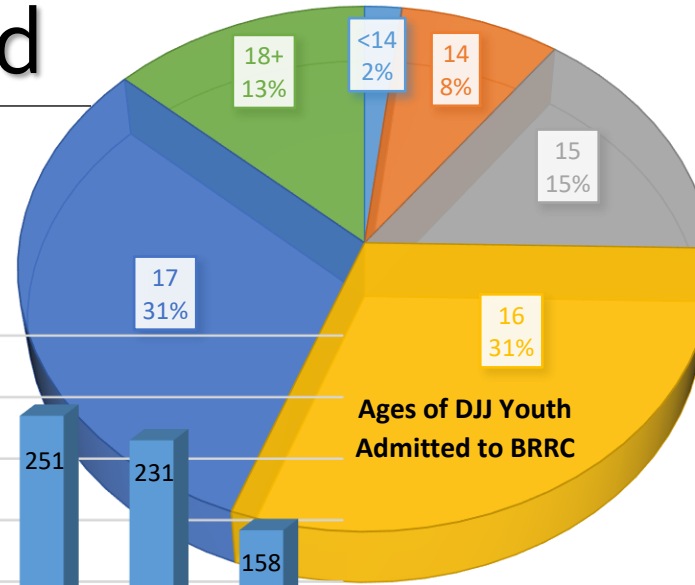
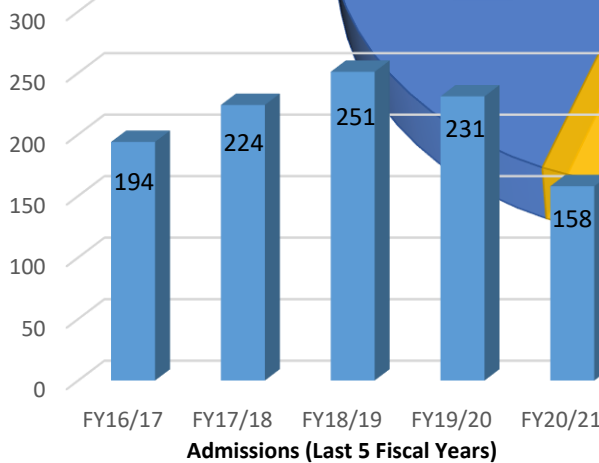
In FY 20/21, BRRC admitted 158 DJJ youth in total. Of these youths, 72% were black, 22% were white, 5% were Hispanic, and 2% were other. 2% were at or under age 13, 23% were between 14 and 15, and 75% were 16 or older. The average age of DJJ youths admitted to BRRC was 16. 68% were male and 32% were female.

# The Broad River Road Complex (BRRC)

The average length of stay for youths at BRRC was 198 days. The average daily population is 83 youths.

**Trends**

Overall admissions to BRRC are down 36% over the previous fiscal year. However, admissions of black youth have declined from 119% of total admissions in FY19/20 to 72% in FY20/21 and Hispanic admissions have risen from 3% to 5%, while admissions of white youth have declined from 34% in FY19/20 to 22% in FY20/21. Average age of admitted youths has also risen from 15 years to 16.



4900 Broad River Road  
 Columbia, SC 29212  
 803-896-9749

Over a five-year period, admissions to Broad River Road Complex (BRRC) have dropped, from 159 youths admitted in FY 2015/2016 to 158 youths in admitted in 2020/2021. The admission numbers ten years ago, in FY 2010/2011, were 264 Broad River Road Complex (BRRC) youths admitted.

The average length of stay at BRRC has increased from 168 days in FY19/20 to 198 days in FY20/21.

DJJ Youth admitted FY 20/21: 939  
 Facility capacity (beds): 100  
 Average length of stay: 21 days  
 Average Daily Population (ADP): 69



**Top Five Offenses Associated With Admission**

- 1) Larceny: Motor Vehicle
- 2) Murder: Attempted Murder
- 3) Assault/Battery, 3rd degree
- 4) Status: Runaway
- 5) Poss./Sale of Unlawful Weapon

**Admission Demographics**

66% Black	8% age 13 or less
27% White	39% age 14-15
5% Hispanic	53% age 16 or older
3% Other	
78% Male	22% Female

The DJJ Detention Center (DTC) is a centralized pretrial detention facility, serving youths from most of the 46 counties in South Carolina (several counties, including Richland and Charleston, operate their own long-term and short-term detention facilities). The Detention Center is a secure, short-term facility providing custodial care and treatment to male and female youths ages 11 to 17 detained by law enforcement agencies and the family courts prior to disposition. Youths awaiting trial on serious and violent charges reside at the DJJ Detention Center to ensure public safety and the immediate availability for court proceedings. A new, expanded Detention Center opened in 2001, replacing a historically overcrowded facility.

In FY 20/21, DTC admitted 939 DJJ youth in total. Of these youths, 66% were black, 27% were white, 5% were Hispanic, and 3% were other. 8% were at or under age 13, 39%

# The DJJ Detention Center

were between 14 and 15, and 53% were 16 or older. The average age of DJJ youths admitted to DTC was 15. 78% were male and 22% were female.

The average length of stay for youths at DTC was 21 days. The average daily population is 69 youths.

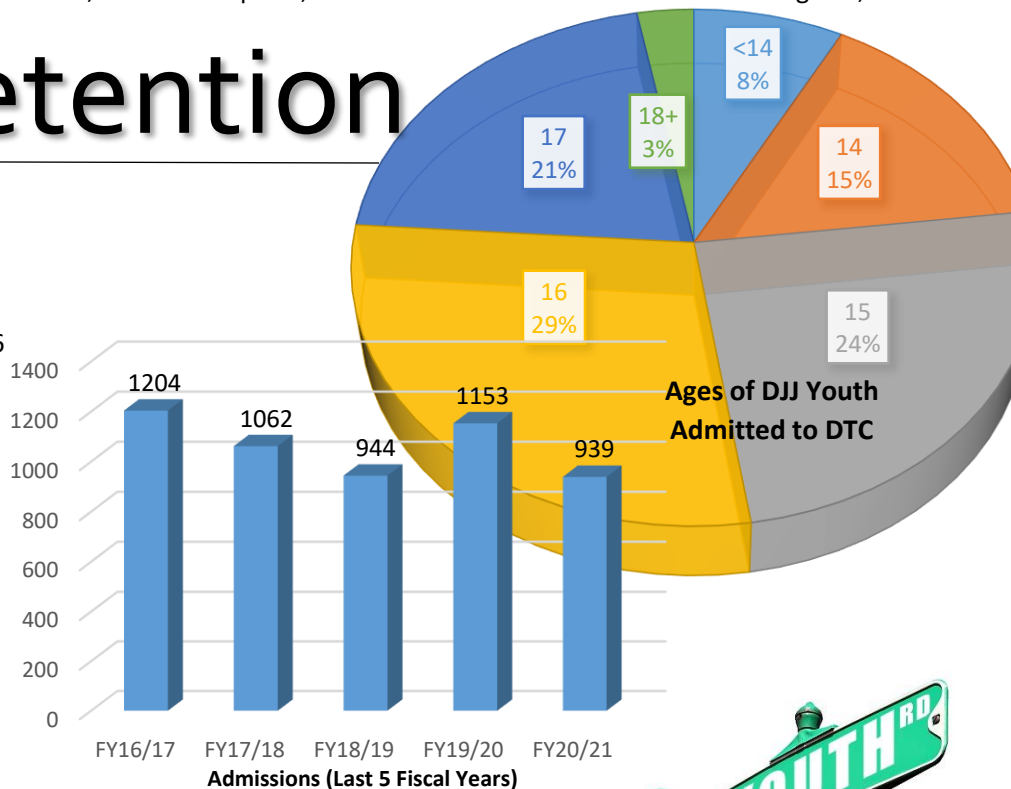
**Trends**

Overall admissions to DTC are down 18% over the previous fiscal year. However, admissions of black youth have declined

from 75% of total admissions in FY19/20 to 66% in FY20/21 and Hispanic admissions have risen from 4% to 5%, while admissions of white youth have declined from 41% in FY19/20 to 27% in FY20/21. Average age of admitted youths has also remained unchanged from 15 years to 15.

Over a five-year period, admissions to DJJ Detention Center have dropped, from 1,183 youths admitted in FY 2015/2016 to 939 youths in admitted in 2020/2021. The admission numbers ten years ago, in FY 2010/2011, were 1,387 DJJ Detention Center youths admitted.

The average length of stay at DTC has increased from 16 days in FY19/20 to 21 days in FY20/21.



1725 Shivers Road  
 Columbia, SC 29212  
 803-896-9440

DJJ Youth admitted FY 20/21: 206  
 Facility capacity (beds): 100  
 Average length of stay: 41 days  
 Average Daily Population (ADP): 30

- Top Five Offenses Associated With Admission
- 1) Larceny: Motor Vehicle
  - 2) Assault/Battery, 3rd degree
  - 3) Poss./Sale of Unlawful Weapon
  - 4) Weapons: Poss. weapon during violent crime
  - 5) Probation: Violation for Cat. V - Misd.

Admission Demographics	
73% Black	6% age 13 or less
21% White	29% age 14-15
5% Hispanic	65% age 16 or older
0% Other	
89% Male	11% Female



The DJJ Coastal Regional Evaluation Center (CEC) provides residential court-ordered evaluations for adjudicated youths from the coastal area prior to final disposition of their cases, and orientation and admissions for post-adjudication youths. The facility provides comprehensive psychological, social, and educational assessments to guide court disposition of cases. The facility serves male and female youths ages 11 to 17 from 16 lowcountry counties and is one of three regionalized evaluation centers around the state. The center opened in 2002. In addition to the main facility in Ridgeville, CEC also has a temporary facility in Columbia that houses juveniles when CEC needs to be evacuated for hurricanes and other contingencies.

In FY 20/21, CEC admitted 206 DJJ youth in total. Of these youths, 73% were black, 21% were white, and 5% were Hispanic. 6% were at or under age 13, 29% were between 14

# Coastal Evaluation Center (CEC)

and 15, and 65% were 16 or older. The average age of DJJ youths admitted to CEC was 15.82. 89% were male and 11% were female.

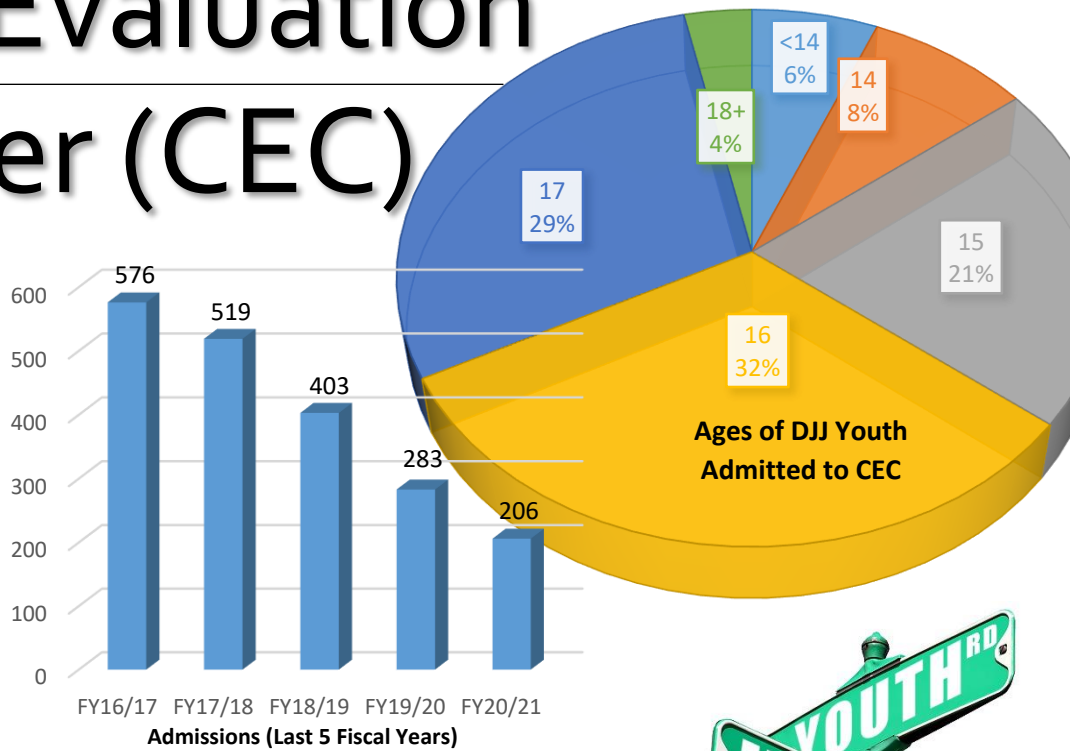
The average length of stay for youths at CEC was 41 days. The average daily population is 30 youths.

### Trends

Overall admissions to CEC are down 27% over the previous fiscal year. However, admissions of black youth have risen from 71% of total admissions in FY19/20 to 73% in FY20/21 and Hispanic admissions have risen from 3% to 5%, while admissions of white youth have declined from 24% in FY19/20 to 21% in FY20/21. Average age of admitted youths has also risen from 15.66 years to 15.82.

Over a five-year period, admissions to Coastal Evaluation Center have dropped, from 614 youths admitted in FY 2015/2016 to 206 youths in admitted in 2020/2021. The admission numbers ten years ago, in FY 2010/2011, were 877 Coastal Evaluation Center youths admitted.

The average length of stay at CEC has increased from 28 days in FY19/20 to 41 days in FY20/21.



331 Campbell Thickett Road  
 Ridgeville, SC 29472  
 843-821-3073



DJJ Youth admitted FY 20/21: 332  
 Facility capacity (beds): 100  
 Average length of stay: 32 days  
 Average Daily Population (ADP): 43

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Admission**

- 1) Larceny: Motor Vehicle
- 2) Poss./Sale of Unlwf Weapon
- 3) Assault/Battery, 3rd degree
- 4) Weapons:Unlawful carrying of pistol
- 5) Petty Larceny, <\$2,000

**Admission Demographics**

71% Black	4% age 13 or less
22% White	32% age 14-15
5% Hispanic	64% age 16 or older
2% Other	
82% Male	18% Female



The DJJ Midlands Regional Evaluation Center (MEC) provides residential court-ordered evaluations for adjudicated youths from the midlands area prior to final disposition of their cases, and orientation and admissions for post-adjudication youths. The facility provides comprehensive psychological, social, and educational assessments to guide the court disposition of cases. The facility serves male youths ages 11 to 17 from 19 midlands counties and is one of three regionalized evaluation centers around the state. By law, the length of stay for adjudicated youths cannot exceed 45 days. The center opened in 1997.

In FY 20/21, MEC admitted 332 DJJ youth in total. Of these youths, 71% were black, 22% were white, 5% were Hispanic, and 2% were other. 4% were at or under age 13, 32% were white, 5% were Hispanic, and 2% were other. 4% were at or under age 13, 32%

# Midlands Evaluation Center (MEC)

were between 14 and 15, and 64% were 16 or older. The average age of DJJ youths admitted to MEC was 15.84. 82% were male and 18% were female.

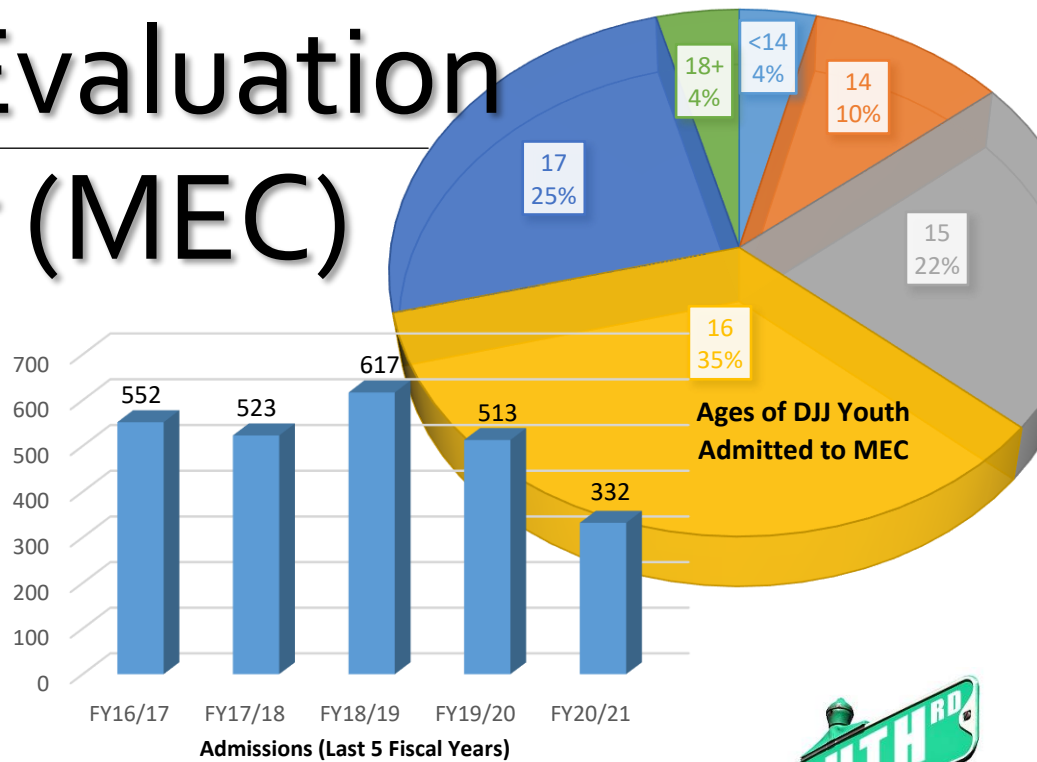
The average length of stay for youths at MEC was 32 days. The average daily population is 43 youths.

**Trends**

Overall admissions to MEC are down 35% over the previous fiscal year. However, admissions of black youth have risen from 67% of total admissions in FY19/20 to 71% in FY20/21 and Hispanic admissions have risen from 2% to 5%, while admissions of white youth have declined from 28% in FY19/20 to 22% in FY20/21. Average age of admitted youths has also risen from 15.48 years to 15.84.

Over a five-year period, admissions to Midlands Evaluation Center have dropped, from 608 youths admitted in FY 2015/2016 to 332 youths in admitted in 2020/2021. The admission numbers ten years ago, in FY 2010/2011, were 1,001 Midlands Evaluation Center youths admitted.

The average length of stay at MEC has increased from 25 days in FY19/20 to 32 days in FY20/21.



1721 Shivers Road  
 Columbia, SC 29210  
 803-896-7455



DJJ Youth admitted FY 20/21: 200  
 Facility capacity (beds): 100  
 Average length of stay: 42 days  
 Average Daily Population (ADP): 34



**Top Five Offenses Associated With Admission**

- 1) Larceny: Motor Vehicle
- 2) Petty Larceny, <\$2,000
- 3) Contempt of Court (Criminal)
- 4) Poss./Sale of Unlawful Weapon
- 5) Probation: Violation for Cat. V - Misd.

**Admission Demographics**

55% Black	6% age 13 or less
35% White	34% age 14-15
6% Hispanic	61% age 16 or older
5% Other	
83% Male	17% Female

The DJJ Upstate Regional Evaluation Center (UEC) provides residential court-ordered evaluations for adjudicated youths from the upstate area prior to final disposition of their cases, and orientation and admissions for post-adjudication youths. The facility provides comprehensive psychological, social, and educational assessments to guide the court disposition of cases. The facility serves male and female youths ages 11 to 17 from 15 upstate counties and is one of three regionalized evaluation centers around the state. By law, the length of stay for adjudicated youths cannot exceed 45 days. The center opened in 1997.

In FY 20/21, UEC admitted 200 DJJ youth in total. Of these youths, 55% were black, 35% were white, 6% were Hispanic, and 5% were other. 6% were at or under age 13, 34% were between 14 and 15, and 61% were 16 or older. The average age of DJJ youths admitted to UEC was 15.8. 83% were male and 17% were female.

# Upstate Evaluation Center (UEC)

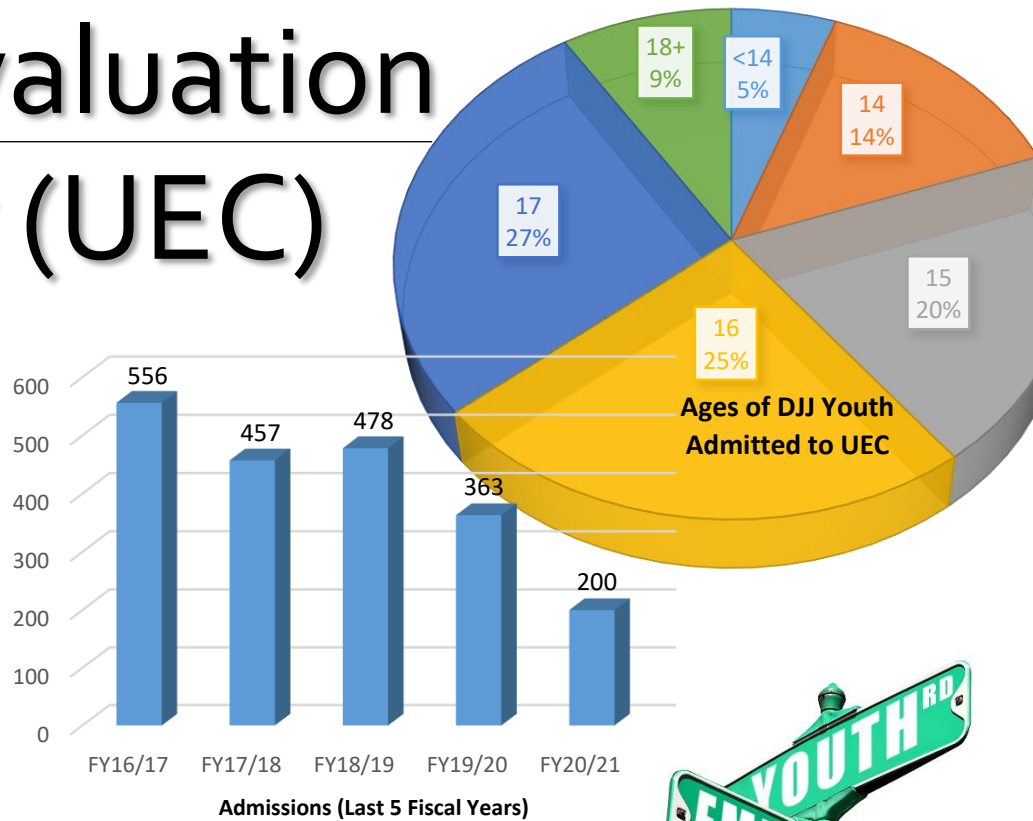
The average length of stay for youths at UEC was 42 days. The average daily population is 34 youths.

**Trends**

Overall admissions to UEC are down 45% over the previous fiscal year. However, admissions of black youth have risen from 47% of total admissions in FY19/20 to 55% in FY20/21 and Hispanic admissions have declined from 8% to 6%, while admissions of white youth have declined from 43% in FY19/20 to 35% in FY20/21. Average age of admitted youths has also risen from 15.55 years to 15.8.

Over a five-year period, admissions to Upstate Evaluation Center have dropped, from 592 youths admitted in FY 2015/2016 to 200 youths in admitted in 2020/2021. The admission numbers ten years ago, in FY 2010/2011, were 799 Upstate Evaluation Center youths admitted.

The average length of stay at UEC has increased from 32 days in FY19/20 to 42 days in FY20/21.



1585 Jonesville Highway  
 Union, SC 29379  
 864-429-3610

DJJ Youth admitted FY 20/21: 74  
 Facility capacity (beds): 36  
 Average length of stay: 99 days  
 Average Daily Population (ADP): 18



**Top Five Offenses Associated With Admission**

- 1) Poss./Sale of Unlawful Weapon
- 2) Probation: Violation for Cat. V - Misd.
- 3) Assault/Battery, 3rd degree
- 4) Marijuana, Simple Possession
- 5) Contempt of Court (Criminal)

**Admission Demographics**

64% Black	3% age 13 or less
28% White	27% age 14-15
4% Hispanic	70% age 16 or older
4% Other	

100% Male      0% Female

Camp Aspen is a privately-operated Therapeutic Wilderness Program located in Columbia, South Carolina. The facility serves male youth offenders who have been referred by the South Carolina Department of Juvenile Justice based on their individual needs. The primary mission of Camp Aspen is to provide youth offenders with an experience that addresses criminal behavior, personal accountability, and substance abuse. Camp Aspen is dedicated to returning students to their families and the community with a heightened awareness of personal integrity, diminished defiant behavior, improved social functioning and enhanced life skills.

In FY 20/21, Camp Aspen admitted 74 DJJ youth in total. Of these youths, 64% were black, 28% were white, 4% were Hispanic, and 4% were other. 3% were at or under age 13, 27% were between 14 and 15, and 70% were 16 or older. The average age of DJJ youths admitted to Camp Aspen was 15.97. 100% were male.

# Camp Aspen

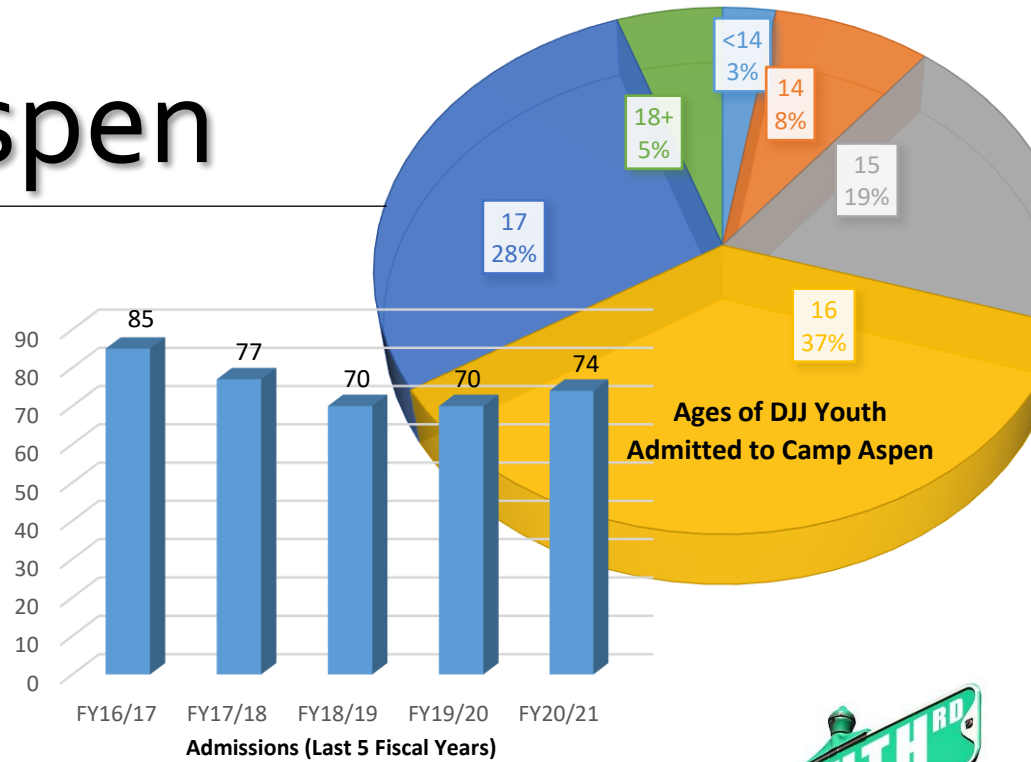
The average length of stay for youths at Camp Aspen was 99 days. This compares to a statewide average of 101 days for all Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs serving DJJ youth. The average daily population is 18 youths.

**Trends**

Overall admissions to Camp Aspen are down 6% over the previous fiscal year. However, admissions of black youth have risen from 46% of total admissions in FY19/20 to 64% in FY20/21 and Hispanic admissions have risen from 3% to 4%, while admissions of white youth have declined from 47% in FY19/20 to 28% in FY20/21. Average age of admitted youths has also risen from 15.84 years to 15.97.

Over a five-year period, admissions to Camp Aspen have dropped, from 106 youths admitted in FY 2015/2016 to 74 youths in admitted in 2020/2021. The admission numbers ten years ago, in FY 2010/2011, were 119 Camp Aspen youths admitted.

The average length of stay at Camp Aspen has decreased from 125 days in FY19/20 to 99 days in FY20/21.



5300 Broad River Road  
 Columbia, SC 29212  
 803-551-1100

DJJ Youth admitted FY 20/21: 38  
 Facility capacity (beds): 45  
 Average length of stay: 74 days  
 Average Daily Population (ADP): 12



**Top Five Offenses Associated With Admission**

- 1) Assault/Battery, 3rd degree
- 2) Status:Runaway
- 3) Probation:Violation for Cat. VI - Status
- 4) Probation:Violation for Cat. VI - Status
- 5) Contempt of Court (Status)

**Admission Demographics**

68% Black	11% age 13 or less
26% White	42% age 14-15
3% Hispanic	47% age 16 or older
3% Other	

3% Male                      97% Female

The Clemson Youth Development Center (YDC) is a collaboration between The Youth Learning Institute of Clemson University and the South Carolina Department of Juvenile Justice that provides behavioral, emotional, educational, and vocational interventions and specialized programming designed for females ages 12-18 years that is gender specific. The approach to treatment includes theme-based programming, positive redirection, and adult role-modeling to realize social changes in the females' rehabilitation process. The program provides education, individual and group therapies, life skills/independent living skills and self-esteem development.

In FY 20/21, YDC admitted 38 DJJ youth in total. Of these youths, 68% were black, 26% were white, 3% were Hispanic, and 3% were other. 11% were at or under age 13, 42%

# Clemson Youth Development Center (YDC)

were between 14 and 15, and 47% were 16 or older. The average age of DJJ youths admitted to YDC was 15.24. 3% were male and 97% were female.

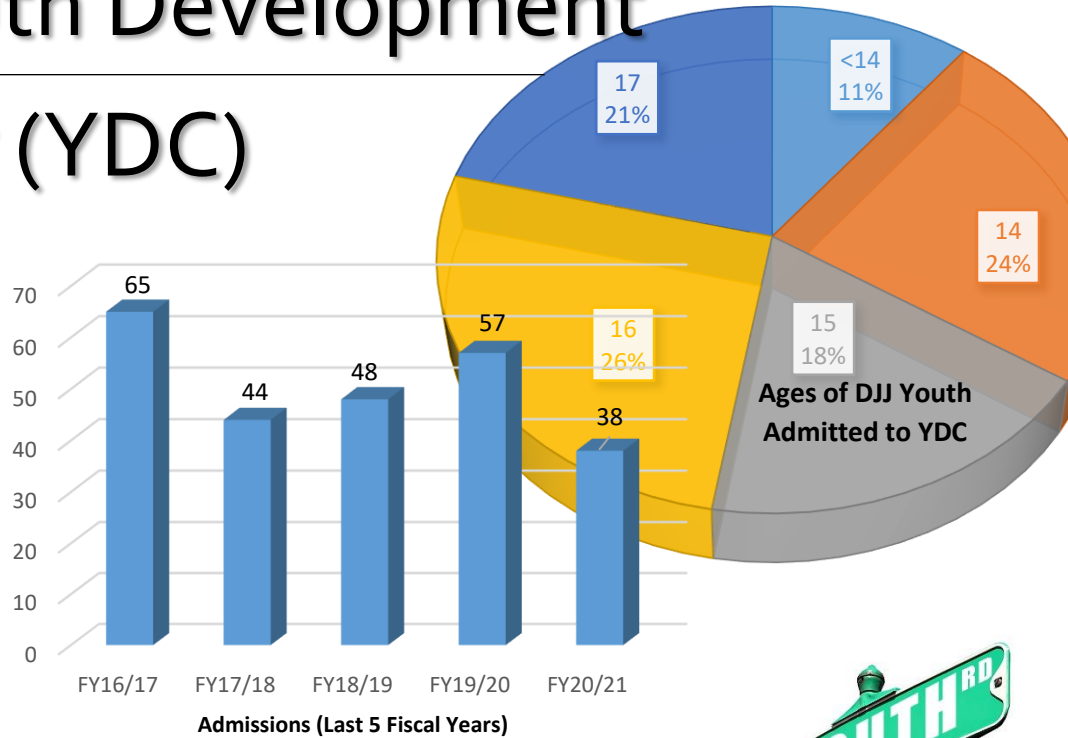
The average length of stay for youths at YDC was 74 days. This compares to a statewide average of 101 days for all Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs serving DJJ youth. The average daily population is 12 youths.

**Trends**

Overall admissions to YDC are down 33% over the previous fiscal year. However, admissions of black youth have risen from 46% of total admissions in FY19/20 to 68% in FY20/21 and Hispanic admissions have declined from 5% to 3%, while admissions of white youth have declined from 47% in FY19/20 to 26% in FY20/21. Average age of admitted youths has also risen from 15.23 years to 15.24.

Over a five-year period, admissions to The Clemson Youth Development Center have dropped, from 67 youths admitted in FY 2015/2016 to 38 youths in admitted in 2020/2021. The admission numbers ten years ago, in FY 2010/2011, were 146 The Clemson Youth Development Center youths admitted.

The average length of stay at YDC has decreased from 109 days in FY19/20 to 74 days in FY20/21.



84 Camp Long Road  
 Aiken, SC 29805  
 803-502-1683



DJJ Youth admitted FY 20/21: 23  
 Facility capacity (beds): 34  
 Average length of stay: 77 days  
 Average Daily Population (ADP): 5



- Top Five Offenses Associated With Admission
- 1) Status:Runaway
  - 2) Probation:Violation for Cat. V - Misd.
  - 3) Probation:Violation for Cat. III - Felony
  - 4) Assault/Battery, 2nd degree
  - 5) Contempt of Court (Criminal)

Admission Demographics

61% Black	9% age 13 or less
30% White	30% age 14-15
9% Hispanic	61% age 16 or older
0% Other	

0% Male                      100% Female

AMIKids Piedmont is a privately-operated wilderness camp where clients receive educational, vocational, outdoors, and Restorative Independent Living Skills classes which are conducted with a behavioral modification component. Clients receive a positive reward approach for good behavior and disciplinary work detail for unacceptable behaviors. Also, a ranking system is in place providing a reward system and graduation requirements of approximately five to six months.

In FY 20/21, Piedmont admitted 23 DJJ youth in total. Of these youths, 61% were black, 30% were white, and 9% were Hispanic. 9% were at or under age 13, 30% were between 14 and 15, and 61% were 16 or older. The average age of DJJ youths admitted to Piedmont was 15.43. 100% were female.

# AMIKids Piedmont

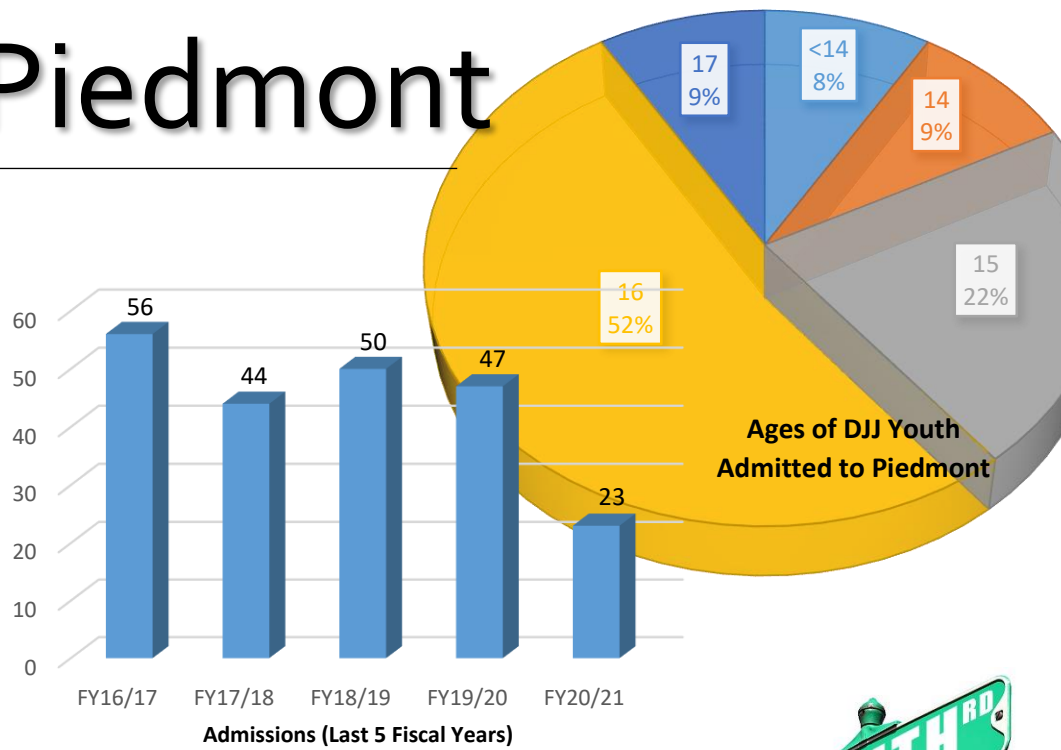
The average length of stay for youths at Piedmont was 77 days. This compares to a statewide average of 101 days for all Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs serving DJJ youth. The average daily population is 5 youths.

## Trends

Overall admissions to Piedmont are down 51% over the previous fiscal year. However, admissions of black youth have declined from 68% of total admissions in FY19/20 to 61% in FY20/21 and Hispanic admissions have risen from 4% to 9%, while admissions of white youth have risen from 23% in FY19/20 to 30% in FY20/21. Average age of admitted youths has also risen from 15.17 years to 15.43.

Over a five-year period, admissions to AMIKids Piedmont have dropped, from 76 youths admitted in FY 2015/2016 to 23 youths in admitted in 2020/2021. The admission numbers ten years ago, in FY 2010/2011, were 110 AMIKids Piedmont youths admitted.

The average length of stay at Piedmont has decreased from 117 days in FY19/20 to 77 days in FY20/21.



20238 Highway 72 East  
 Clinton, SC 29325  
 864-833-4505



DJJ Youth admitted FY 20/21: 40  
 Facility capacity (beds): 40  
 Average length of stay: 79 days  
 Average Daily Population (ADP): 7



**Top Five Offenses Associated With Admission**

- 1) Probation: Violation for Cat. II - Felony
- 2) Probation: Violation for Cat. V - Misd.
- 3) Assault/Battery, 3rd degree
- 4) Probation: Violation for Cat. II - Misd.
- 5) Probation: Violation for Cat. I - Felony

**Admission Demographics**

70% Black	5% age 13 or less
25% White	50% age 14-15
5% Hispanic	45% age 16 or older
0% Other	

100% Male	0% Female
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Camp White Pines I is a privately-operated wilderness camp for males whose programs are behavioral, psychological, and psychosocial in orientation. The treatment and therapeutic components are to provide a secure atmosphere, where students' basic or survival needs are met, thus enabling them to respond to motivational interventions and make efforts to form positive attachment with peers and improve their self-esteem. Camp White Pines continues to utilize the primary principles of the reality theories and concepts and has developed proactive interventions, which are based on trusting relationships and are implemented by skilled and experienced staff via role modeling and advocacy. The programs nurture the relationships with the students through long and short-term goal setting, progressive educational, vocational, wilderness and marine curricula.

In FY 20/21, White Pines I admitted 40 DJJ youth in total. Of these youths, 70% were black, 25% were white, 5% were Hispanic, and 0% were other. 5% were at or under age

# Camp White Pines I

13, 50% were between 14 and 15, and 45% were 16 or older. The average age of DJJ youths admitted to White Pines I was 15.56. 100% were male.

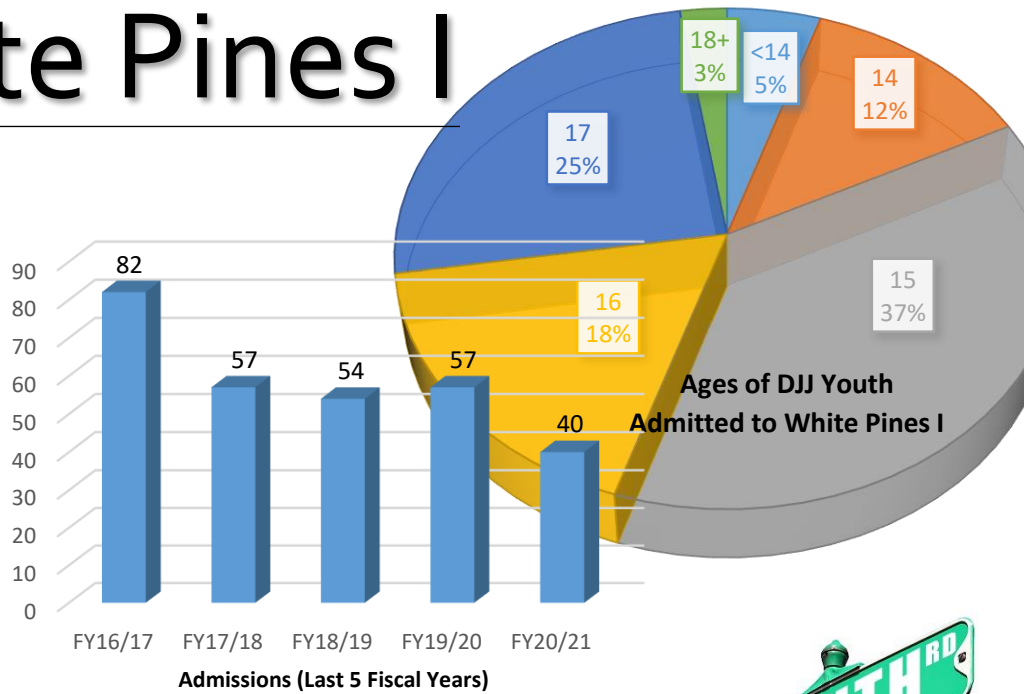
The average length of stay for youths at White Pines I was 79 days. This compares to a statewide average of 101 days for all Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs serving DJJ youth. The average daily population is 7 youths.

**Trends**

Overall admissions to White Pines I are down 31% over the previous fiscal year. However, admissions of black youth have declined from 74% of total admissions in FY19/20 to 70% in FY20/21 and Hispanic admissions have risen from 3% to 5%, while admissions of white youth have risen from 19% in FY19/20 to 25% in FY20/21. Average age of admitted youths has also risen from 15.52 years to 15.56.

Over a five-year period, admissions to Camp White Pines I have dropped, from 90 youths admitted in FY 2015/2016 to 40 youths in admitted in 2020/2021. The admission numbers ten years ago, in FY 2010/2011, were 107 Camp White Pines I youths admitted.

The average length of stay at White Pines I has decreased from 145 days in FY19/20 to 79 days in FY20/21.



742 T. Bishop Road  
 Jonesville, SC 29353  
 864-674-0458

DJJ Youth admitted FY 20/21: 50  
 Facility capacity (beds): 40  
 Average length of stay: 88 days  
 Average Daily Population (ADP): 11



**Top Five Offenses Associated With Admission**

- 1) Larceny: Motor Vehicle
- 2) Assault/Battery, 3rd degree
- 3) Petty Larceny, <\$2,000
- 4) Probation: Violation for Cat. III - Felony
- 5) Poss./Sale of Unlawful Weapon

**Admission Demographics**

64% Black	4% age 13 or less
28% White	30% age 14-15
6% Hispanic	66% age 16 or older
2% Other	

100% Male      0% Female

Camp White Pines II is a privately-operated wilderness camp for males where programs are behavioral, psychological, and psychosocial in orientation. The treatment and therapeutic components are to provide a secure atmosphere, where students' basic or survival needs are met, thus enabling them to respond to motivational interventions and make efforts to form positive attachment with peers and improve their self-esteem. Camp White Pines continues to utilize the primary principles of the reality theories and concepts and has developed proactive interventions, which are based on trusting relationships and are implemented by skilled and experienced staff via role modeling and advocacy. The programs nurture the relationships with the students through long and short-term goal setting, progressive educational, vocational, wilderness and marine curricula.

In FY 20/21, White Pines II admitted 50 DJJ youth in total. Of these youths, 64% were black, 28% were white, 6% were Hispanic, and 2% were other. 4% were at or under age

# Camp White Pines II

13, 30% were between 14 and 15, and 66% were 16 or older. The average age of DJJ youths admitted to White Pines II was 15.9. 100% were male.

The average length of stay for youths at White Pines II was 88 days. This compares to a statewide average of 101 days for all Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs serving DJJ youth. The average daily population is 11 youths.

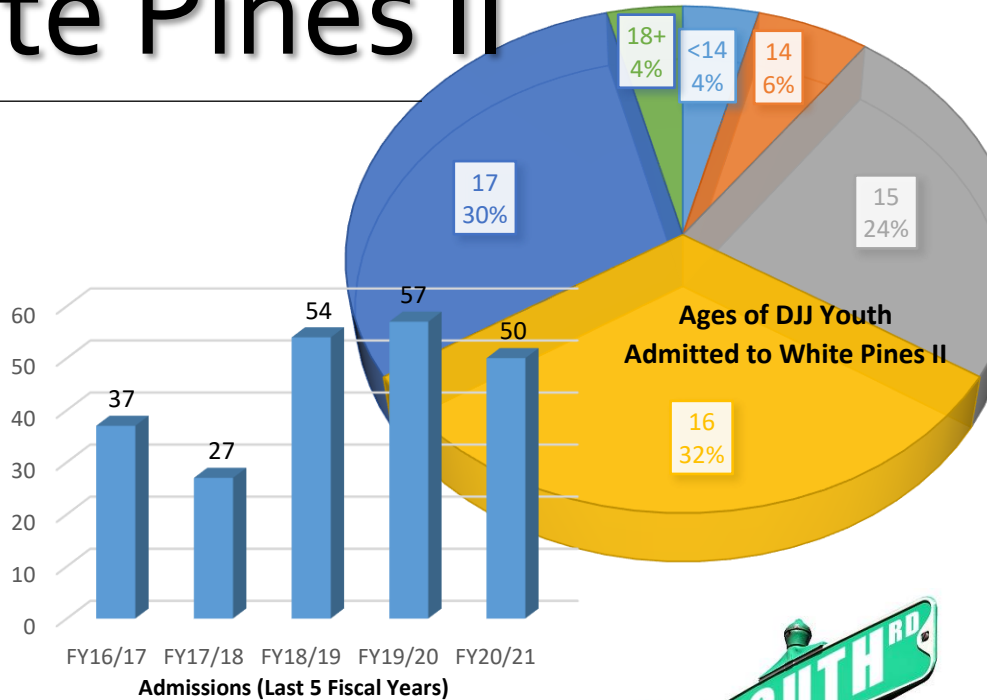
**Trends**

Overall admissions to White Pines II are down 12% over the previous fiscal year. However, admissions of black youth

have risen from 63% of total admissions in FY19/20 to 64% in FY20/21 and Hispanic admissions have risen from 4% to 6%, while admissions of white youth have declined from 32% in FY19/20 to 28% in FY20/21. Average age of admitted youths has also risen from 15.16 years to 15.9.

Over a five-year period, admissions to Camp White Pines II have increased, from 38 youths admitted in FY 2015/2016 to 50 youths in admitted in 2020/2021. The admission numbers ten years ago, in FY 2010/2011, were 0 Camp White Pines II youths admitted.

The average length of stay at White Pines II has increased from 86 days in FY19/20 to 88 days in FY20/21.



742 T. Bishop Road  
 Jonesville, SC 29353  
 864-674-0458

DJJ Youth admitted FY 20/21: 64  
 Facility capacity (beds): 40  
 Average length of stay: 94 days  
 Average Daily Population (ADP): 16



- Top Five Offenses Associated With Admission
- 1) Assault/Battery, 3rd degree
  - 2) Poss./Sale of Unlawful Weapon
  - 3) Probation: Violation for Cat. V - Misd.
  - 4) Larceny: Motor Vehicle
  - 5) Malicious Injury to animals, personal property

Admission Demographics

73% Black	0% age 13 or less
22% White	41% age 14-15
2% Hispanic	59% age 16 or older
3% Other	

100% Male      0% Female

Camp Sand Hills is a privately-operated wilderness camp for males dedicated to assisting students in a therapeutic setting by developing individualized treatment plans. These plans are specifically designed to address adolescents who are a part of the juvenile justice system. Staff strongly believe in addressing such issues as mental health and legal concerns in a variety of ways, such as making necessary referrals to appropriate agencies, in order to provide comprehension services to their students. Staff also strive to set clear objectives to channel efforts into specific changes that will lead to long-term goal of problem resolution. They strive to maintain a high level of motivation, participation and cooperation towards the treatment process by addressing the greatest needs of students.

In FY 20/21, Sand Hills admitted 64 DJJ youth in total. Of these youths, 73% were black, 22% were white, 2% were Hispanic, and 3% were other. 0% were at or under age 13,

# Camp Sand Hills

41% were between 14 and 15, and 59% were 16 or older. The average age of DJJ youths admitted to Sand Hills was 15.73. 100% were male.

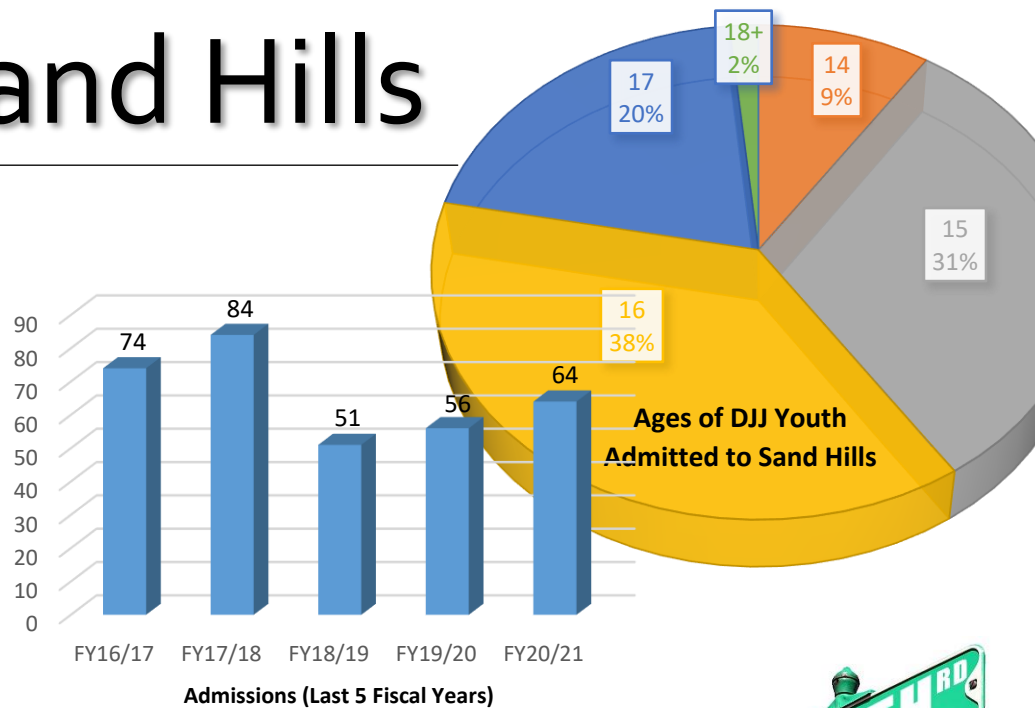
The average length of stay for youths at Sand Hills was 94 days. This compares to a statewide average of 101 days for all Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs serving DJJ youth. The average daily population is 16 youths.

## Trends

Overall admissions to Sand Hills are down 14% over the previous fiscal year. However, admissions of black youth have risen from 71% of total admissions in FY19/20 to 73% in FY20/21 and Hispanic admissions have declined from 5% to 2%, while admissions of white youth have risen from 20% in FY19/20 to 22% in FY20/21. Average age of admitted youths has also dropped from 16.07 years to 15.73.

Over a five-year period, admissions to AMIKids Sand Hills have dropped, from 90 youths admitted in FY 2015/2016 to 64 youths in admitted in 2020/2021. The admission numbers ten years ago, in FY 2010/2011, were 119 AMIKids Sand Hills youths admitted.

The average length of stay at Sand Hills has decreased from 110 days in FY19/20 to 94 days in FY20/21.



2381 Campbell Lake Road  
 Patrick, SC 29584  
 843-921-3000



DJJ Youth admitted FY 20/21: 46  
 Facility capacity (beds): 40  
 Average length of stay: 127 days  
 Average Daily Population (ADP): 15



**Top Five Offenses Associated With Admission**

- 1) Probation: Violation for Cat. V - Misd.
- 2) Probation: Violation for Cat. II - Felony
- 3) Assault/Battery, 3rd degree
- 4) Petty Larceny, <\$2,000
- 5) Armed Robbery

**Admission Demographics**

74% Black	0% age 13 or less
24% White	46% age 14-15
2% Hispanic	54% age 16 or older
0% Other	

100% Male	0% Female
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Camp Bennettsville is a privately-operated wilderness camp for males where programs are behavioral, psychological, and psychosocial in orientation. The treatment and therapeutic components are to provide a secure atmosphere, where students' basic or survival needs are met, thus enabling them to respond to motivational interventions and make efforts to form positive attachment with peers and improve their self-esteem. Camp Bennettsville programs nurture the relationships with the students through long and short-term goal setting, progressive educational, vocational, wilderness and marine curricula.

In FY 20/21, Bennettsville admitted 46 DJJ youth in total. Of these youths, 74% were black, 24% were white, 2% were Hispanic, and 0% were other. 0% were at or under age 13, 46% were between 14 and 15, and 54% were 16 or older. The average age of DJJ youths admitted to Bennettsville was 15.67. 100% were male.

# Camp Bennettsville

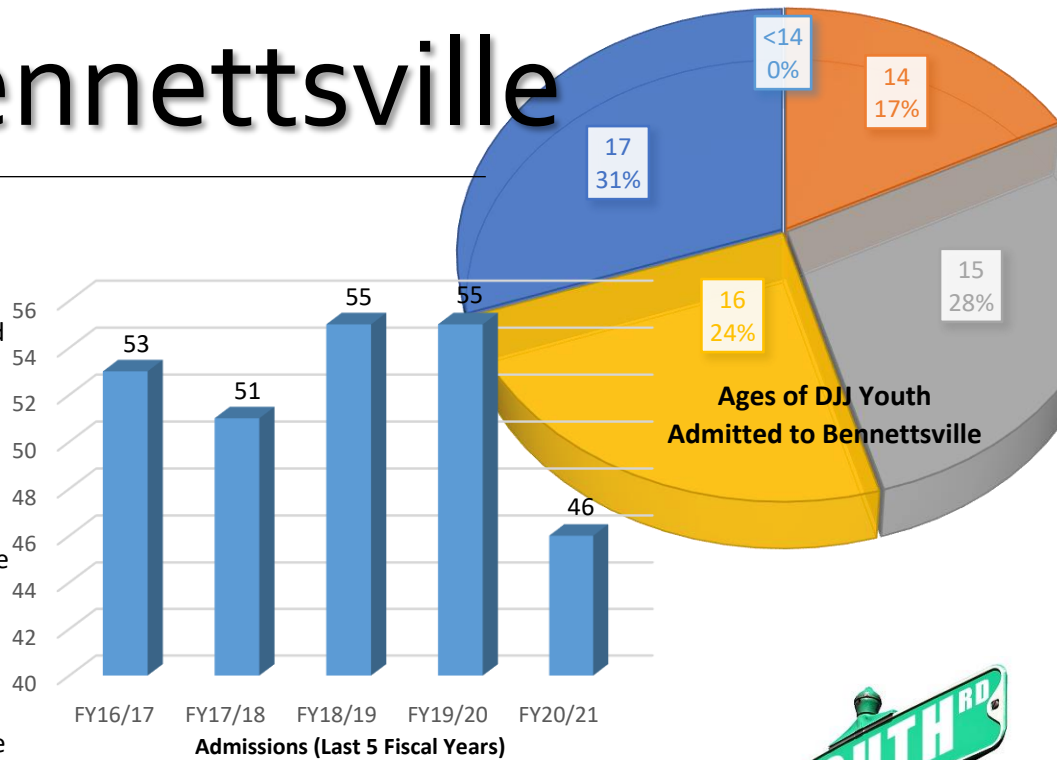
The average length of stay for youths at Bennettsville was 127 days. This compares to a statewide average of 101 days for all Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs serving DJJ youth. The average daily population is 15 youths.

**Trends**

Overall admissions to Bennettsville are down 16% over the previous fiscal year. However, admissions of black youth have risen from 71% of total admissions in FY19/20 to 74% in FY20/21 and Hispanic admissions have declined from 5% to 2%, while admissions of white youth have risen from 22% in FY19/20 to 24% in FY20/21. Average age of admitted youths has also risen from 15.64 years to 15.67.

Over a five-year period, admissions to AMIKids Bennettsville have dropped, from 76 youths admitted in FY 2015/2016 to 46 youths in admitted in 2020/2021. The admission numbers ten years ago, in FY 2010/2011, were 106 AMIKids Bennettsville youths admitted.

The average length of stay at Bennettsville has increased from 86 days in FY19/20 to 127 days in FY20/21.



620 Marlboro Road  
 Bennettsville, SC 29512  
 843-470-0420



DJJ Youth admitted FY 20/21: 52  
 Facility capacity (beds): 32  
 Average length of stay: 154 days  
 Average Daily Population (ADP): 26



**Top Five Offenses Associated With Admission**

- 1) Probation: Violation for Cat. II - Felony
- 2) Armed Robbery
- 3) Poss., conceal, sell, or dispose of stolen vehicle
- 4) Probation: Violation for Cat. II - Misd.
- 5) Assault/Battery, 2nd degree

**Admission Demographics**

83% Black	0% age 13 or less
13% White	31% age 14-15
0% Hispanic	69% age 16 or older
4% Other	

100% Male      0% Female

Beaufort Marine Institute is a privately-operated marine program for males located on the South Carolina Coast. Each student at BMI is assigned to a staff member who keeps in touch with their probation officer and family, and who monitors their progress in the program. BMI also provides youths with swimming lessons, annual white water rafting events and scuba dive challenges, along with anger management classes, skill streaming, alcohol and drug abuse groups and a grief counseling group.

In FY 20/21, BMI admitted 52 DJJ youth in total. Of these youths, 83% were black, 13% were white, 0% were Hispanic, and 4% were other. 0% were at or under age 13, 31% were between 14 and 15, and 69% were 16 or older. The average age of DJJ youths admitted to BMI was 16.02. 100% were male.

# Beaufort Marine Institute (BMI)

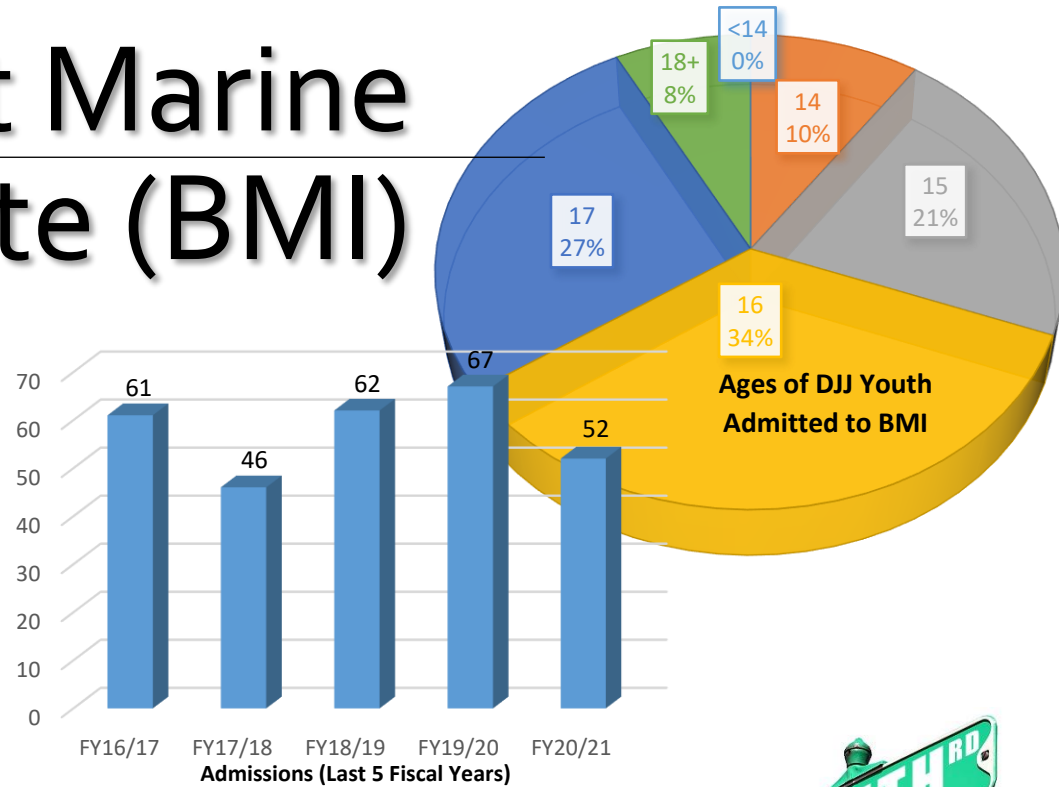
The average length of stay for youths at BMI was 154 days. This compares to a statewide average of 101 days for all Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs serving DJJ youth. The average daily population is 26 youths.

**Trends**

Overall admissions to BMI are down 22% over the previous fiscal year. However, admissions of black youth have risen from 72% of total admissions in FY19/20 to 83% in FY20/21 and Hispanic admissions have declined from 6% to 0%, while admissions of white youth have declined from 19% in FY19/20 to 13% in FY20/21. Average age of admitted youths has also risen from 15.52 years to 16.02.

Over a five-year period, admissions to Beaufort Marine Institute have dropped, from 80 youths admitted in FY 2015/2016 to 52 youths in admitted in 2020/2021. The admission numbers ten years ago, in FY 2010/2011, were 98 Beaufort Marine Institute youths admitted.

The average length of stay at BMI has increased from 109 days in FY19/20 to 154 days in FY20/21.



60 Honeybee Island Road  
 Seabrook, SC 29940  
 843-846-2128

DJJ Youth admitted FY 20/21: 52  
 Facility capacity (beds): 34  
 Average length of stay: 94 days  
 Average Daily Population (ADP): 14

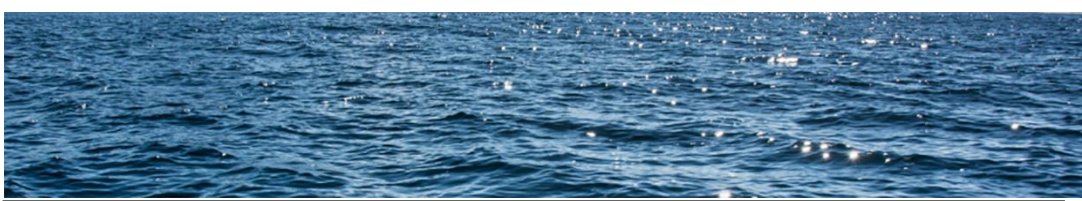
**Top Five Offenses Associated With Admission**

- 1) Assault/Battery, 3rd degree
- 2) Status:Runaway
- 3) Assault:Assault & Battery 1st degree
- 4) Contempt of Court (Criminal)
- 5) Contempt of Court (Status)

**Admission Demographics**

67% Black	21% age 13 or less
27% White	71% age 14-15
6% Hispanic	8% age 16 or older
0% Other	

100% Male	0% Female
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Georgetown Marine Institute is a privately-operated marine program for males. Treatment at Georgetown Marine Institute is provided on a daily basis and students take part in rehabilitative psychosocial therapy – recreational activities (including swimming lessons and an annual white water rafting event); restorative independent living skills – chores; hygiene; group counseling – exploring issues; coping skills; one-on-one counseling sessions – learning to express their thoughts; family reunification visits – spending time with family; anger management counseling; and alcohol and drug counseling.

In FY 20/21, GMI admitted 52 DJJ youth in total. Of these youths, 67% were black, 27% were white, and 6% were Hispanic. 21% were at or under age 13, 71% were between 14 and 15, and 8% were 16 or older. The average age of DJJ youths admitted to GMI was 14.31. 100% were male.

# Georgetown Marine Institute (GMI)

The average length of stay for youths at GMI was 94 days. This compares to a statewide average of 101 days for all Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs serving DJJ youth. The average daily population is 14 youths.

**Trends**

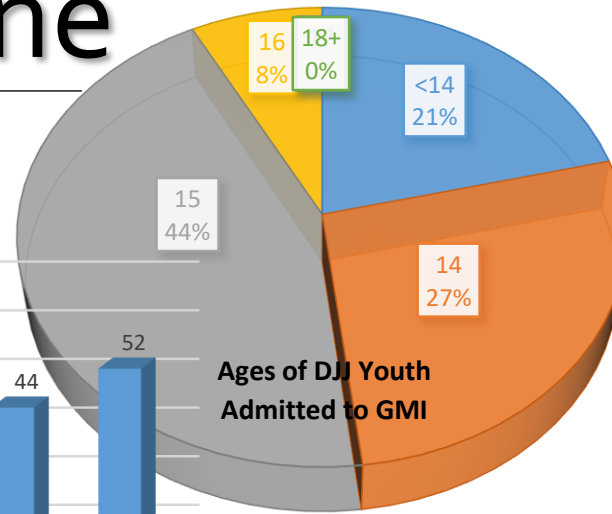
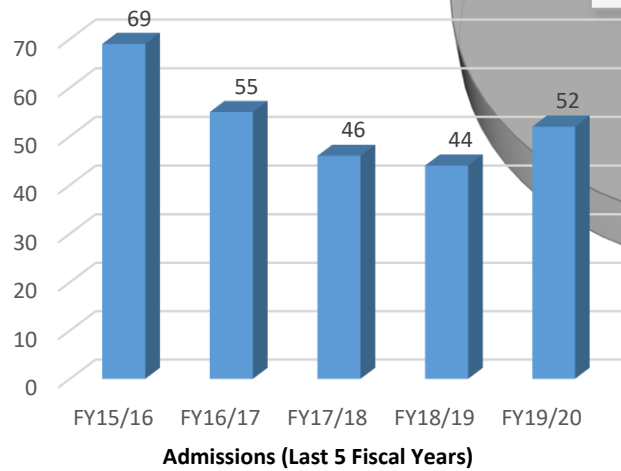
Overall admissions to GMI are down 0% over the previous fiscal year.

However, admissions of black youth have declined from 69% of total

admissions in FY19/20 to 67% in FY20/21 and Hispanic admissions have risen from 2% to 6%, while admissions of white youth have risen from 23% in FY19/20 to 27% in FY20/21. Average age of admitted youths has also risen from 13.71 years to 14.31.

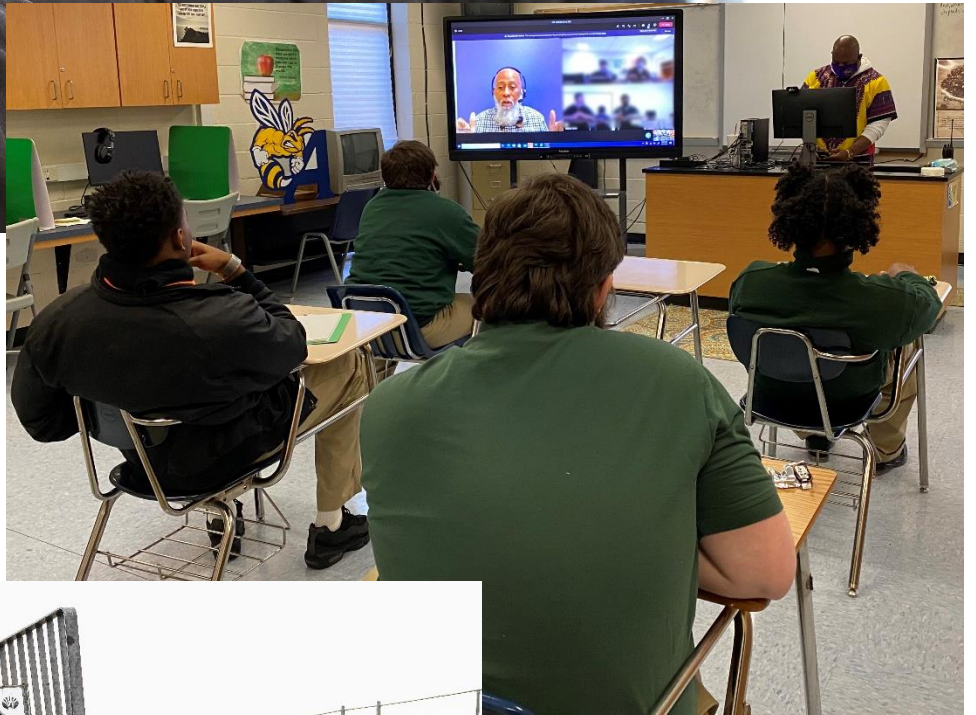
Over a five-year period, admissions to Georgetown Marine Institute have dropped, from 69 youths admitted in FY 2015/2016 to 52 youths in admitted in 2020/2021. The admission numbers ten years ago, in FY 2010/2011, were 97 Georgetown Marine Institute youths admitted.

The average length of stay at GMI has decreased from 105 days in FY19/20 to 94 days in FY20/21.



5826 East CCC Road  
 Georgetown, SC 29440  
 843-546-5478







# Counties

*In the following section, we look at data for each county in South Carolina, including some basic information about each county and the statistics that make each county unique.*

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Youth population (2010 Census): 2310  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 16  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 17

#### Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral

Assault:Assault & Battery 3rd degree (3 cases)  
Burglary Third degree - 1st offense (2 cases)  
Malicious injury; trespass upon real property (2 cases)  
Incorrigible (status) (2 cases)  
Petty Larceny - \$2,000 or less (1 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

37.5% black	68.8% male	31.3% age 13 or less
56.3% white	31.3% female	12.5% age 14-15
6.3% Hispanic		56.3% age 16 or older
0% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 6  
Average length of stay in detention: 4 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 4  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 0  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 0 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -33%  
Number of juvenile cases: -32%  
Violent or serious cases: +50%  
Status offense cases: +100%  
Youth detained: +50%  
Youth incarcerated: none  
Youth sent to alternative placement: -100%

### Office Contact Information

102 Court Square  
Courthouse Room 202  
Greenwood SC 29646  
864-229-6648

# Abbeville County

Founded in 1785, Abbeville County has a population of 25,417, is 508 square miles, and encompasses the natural resources of Calhoun Falls State Park and Marina, Richard Russell Dam, and Sumter National Forest. Historically Abbeville County includes the Abbeville Opera House and historic district, the Burk-Stark Mansion circa 1841, and Erskine College located in the town of Due West.

#### DJJ Referrals

Abbeville County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 2310 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 16 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 17 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 37.5% were black, 56.3% were white, 6.3% were Hispanic. Referred youth were 68.8% male and 31.3% female. 31.3% were at or under age 13, 12.5% were between 14 and 15, and 56.3% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault:Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 0% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 89% resulted in probation, 11% resulted in commitment, 0% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

#### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 6 youth were detained in Abbeville County. This represents a 0.26% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Abbeville County was Assault:Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Additionally, 4 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 4 were given a community evaluation exclusively and none were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (0%) compares favorably to the state average of 38%.

#### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, no youth from Abbeville County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia.

In addition, no youth from Abbeville County were sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration.

#### Trends

Abbeville County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 33%, cases are down 32%, violent and serious cases are up 50%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are up 100%. Youth detained are up 50%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are unchanged. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 100% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 14419  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 213  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 273

#### Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral

Assault:Assault & Battery 3rd degree (49 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (22 cases)  
Status:Truancy (19 cases)  
Disorderly:Public disorderly conduct (16 cases)  
Shoplifting:Shoplifting, value \$2,000 or less (15 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

54.5% black	64.8% male	17.8% age 13 or less
42.7% white	35.2% female	41.8% age 14-15
2.8% Hispanic		39.4% age 16 or older
0% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 28  
Average length of stay in detention: 7 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 23  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 13  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 25 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRRC in FY 20/21: 6  
Average length of stay: 156 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 12  
Average length of stay: 128 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -37%  
Number of juvenile cases: --38%  
Violent or serious cases: -33%  
Status offense cases: -50%  
Youth detained: -40%  
Youth incarcerated: -45%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: -40%

### Office Contact Information

211 York Street Suite 3  
Aiken SC 29801  
803-641-7735

# Aiken County

Aiken County is the only county in the United States named "Aiken." Formed in 1871 by combining portions of Edgefield, Lexington, Orangeburg, and Barnwell counties, Aiken County was named for William Aiken, who was the first president of the South Carolina Railroad and Canal Company. Mr. Aiken reportedly never visited the County. Aiken County Government History. The 2010 Census counted 160,099 persons living in the County, an increase of about 18,000 from 2000. Aiken is the fourth largest South Carolina county by land area.

#### DJJ Referrals

Aiken County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 14419 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 213 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 273 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 54.5% were black, 42.7% were white, 2.8% were Hispanic. Referred youth were 64.8% male and 35.2% female. 17.8% were at or under age 13, 41.8% were between 14 and 15, and 39.4% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault:Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 56% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 59% resulted in probation, 18% resulted in commitment, 16% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

#### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 28 youth were detained in Aiken County. This represents a 0.194% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Aiken County was Larceny:Breaking into motor vehicle or tanks, pumps, where fuel, lubricants stored.

Additionally, 36 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 23 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 13 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (31%) compares favorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Aiken County was 25 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

#### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 6 youth from Aiken County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.042% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 66% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 33% were white. Incarcerated youth were 50% male and 50% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 66% were between 14 and 15, and 33% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Aiken County was Burglary:Burglary (Non-Violent) - Second degree. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRRC in FY20/21 was 156 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 12 youth from Aiken County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Aiken County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 128 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

#### Trends

Aiken County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 37%, cases are down 38%, violent and serious cases are down 33%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 50%. Youth detained are down 40%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 45%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 40% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 908  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 9  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 9

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Grand Larceny (4 cases)  
Traffic: Failure to stop for a blue light (4 cases)  
Assault: Assault & Battery 3rd degree (2 cases)  
Runaway (status) (2 cases)  
Malicious Injury to animals, property (1 case)

**Referral Demographics**

88.9% black    55.6% male    22.2% age 13 or less  
11.1% white    44.4% female    55.6% age 14-15  
0% Hispanic                    22.2% age 16 or older  
0% Other

**Detentions**

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 2  
Average length of stay in detention: 14 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

**Evaluations**

Youth given a community evaluation: 0  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 0  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 0 days

**Incarcerations and Placements**

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 0  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs: 0

**Trends (compared to FY 19/20)**

Youth referred: -64%  
Number of juvenile cases: -68%  
Violent or serious cases: -93%  
Status offense cases: -200%  
Youth detained: -88%  
Youth incarcerated: none  
Youth sent to alternative placement: none

**Office Contact Information**

603 Barnwell Highway  
Allendale SC 29810  
803-584-4751

# Allendale County

Allendale County was formed in 1919 from southwestern portions of Barnwell County, along the Savannah River. It is the location of the Topper Site, an archeological excavation providing possible evidence of a pre-Clovis culture dating back 50,000 years. As of the 2010 census, the population was 10,419, making it the second-least populous county in South Carolina. Its county seat is Allendale. The county has a total area of 412 square miles.

**DJJ Referrals**

Allendale County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 908 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 9 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 9 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 88.9% were black, 11.1% were white, 0% were Hispanic. Referred youth were 55.6% male and 44.4% female. 22.2% were at or under age 13, 55.6% were between 14 and 15, and 22.2% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Larceny: Grand Larceny, value more than \$2,000 but less than \$10,000.

Of these referrals, 92% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 0% resulted in probation, 18% resulted in commitment, 16% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

**Detentions and Evaluations**

During FY 2020/2021, 2 youth were detained in Allendale County. This represents a 0.22% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Allendale County was Runaway (status).

Additionally, no youth were given an evaluation in FY20/21.

**Incarcerations and Placements**

During FY 2020/2021, no youth from Allendale County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia.

In addition, no youth from Allendale County were sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs.

**Trends**

Allendale County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 64%, cases are down 68%, violent and serious cases are down 93%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are up 200%. Youth detained are down 88%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are unchanged. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are unchanged over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 17967  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 252  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 330

#### Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral

Assault & Battery 3rd degree (66 cases)  
Runaway (status) (37 cases)  
Public disorderly conduct (32 cases)  
Incorrigible (status)(26 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (21 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

39.3% black    68.7% male    19.8% age 13 or less  
56.3% white    31.3% female    41.3% age 14-15  
2.4% Hispanic    38.1% age 16 or older  
2% Other

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 42  
Average length of stay in detention: 11 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 9  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 6  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 33 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 0  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 9  
Average length of stay: 65 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -24%  
Number of juvenile cases: -19%  
Violent or serious cases: -34%  
Status offense cases: +5%  
Youth detained: -31%  
Youth incarcerated: -100%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: +29%

### Office Contact Information

100 South Main Street (2nd floor)  
P.O. Box 8002  
Anderson SC 29624  
864-260-4041

# Anderson County

Named for Revolutionary War leader Robert Anderson, Anderson County is located along Interstate 85, midway between Atlanta and Charlotte. As of the 2010 census, its population was 187,126. Anderson County contains 55,950-acre (226 km<sup>2</sup>) Lake Hartwell, a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers lake with nearly 1,000 miles (2,000 km) of shoreline for residential and recreational use. The area is a growing industrial, commercial and tourist center.

#### DJJ Referrals

Anderson County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 17967 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 252 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 330 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 39.3% were black, 56.3% were white, 2.4% were Hispanic, and 2% were other. Referred youth were 68.7% male and 31.3% female. 19.8% were at or under age 13, 41.3% were between 14 and 15, and 38.1% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault: Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 64% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 30% resulted in probation, 6% resulted in commitment, 62% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 1% had other outcomes.

#### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 42 youth were detained in Anderson County. This represents a 0.234% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Anderson County was Assault: Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Additionally, 16 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 9 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 6 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (27%) compares favorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Anderson County was 33 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

#### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, no youth from Anderson County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia.

In addition, 9 youth from Anderson County were sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Anderson County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 65 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

#### Trends

Anderson County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 24%, cases are down 19%, violent and serious cases are down 34%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are up 5%. Youth detained are down 31%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 100%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are up 29% over FY19/20.



# Bamberg County

Youth population (2010 Census): 1460  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 6  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 10

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (2 cases)  
Murder: Attempted Murder (2 cases)  
Discharging firearms into a dwelling (2 cases)  
Malicious Injury, \$2,000 -- \$10,000 (1 cases)

## Referral Demographics

100% black	100% male	16.7% age 13 or less
0% white	0% female	66.7% age 14-15
0% Hispanic		16.7% age 16 or older
0% Other		

## Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 2  
Average length of stay in detention: 10 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

## Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 0  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 2  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 0 days

## Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 0  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 0

## Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -40%  
Number of juvenile cases: -9%  
Violent or serious cases: +600%  
Status offense cases: -100%  
Youth detained: +100%  
Youth incarcerated: none  
Youth sent to alternative placement: -100%

## Office Contact Information

90 Red Raider Drive  
Bamberg SC 29003  
803-245-5184

Bamberg County was created from the eastern portion of Barnwell County after the South Carolina Constitution was adopted in 1895. The name Bamberg was selected to honor General Francis Marion Bamberg. As of the 2010 census, the population was 15,987, making it the fourth-least populous county in South Carolina. Its county seat is Bamberg.

## DJJ Referrals

Bamberg County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 1460 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 6 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 10 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 100% were black, 0% were white, 0% were Hispanic. Referred youth were 100% male and 0% female. 16.7% were at or under age 13, 66.7% were between 14 and 15, and 16.7% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Drugs:Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana or 10g or less of hash - 1st offense.

Of these referrals, 38% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 67% resulted in probation, 0% resulted in commitment, 0% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 33% had other outcomes.

## Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 2 youth were detained in Bamberg County. This represents a 0.137% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Bamberg County was Attempted Murder.

Additionally, no youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21.

## Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, no youth from Bamberg County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia.

In addition, no youth from Bamberg County were sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs.

## Trends

Bamberg County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 40%, cases are down 9%, violent and serious cases are up 600%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 100%. Youth detained are up 100%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are unchanged. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 100% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 2348  
 Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 38  
 Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 53

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
 Burglary- First degree (6 cases)  
 Arson:Willfully burning lands of another (3 cases)  
 Petty Larceny, <\$2000 (3 cases)  
 Malicious Injury, <\$2000 (3 cases)  
 Shoplifting, <\$2,000 (3 cases)

**Referral Demographics**

89.5% black	68.4% male	21.1% age 13 or less
10.5% white	31.6% female	31.6% age 14-15
0% Hispanic		47.4% age 16 or older
0% Other		

**Detentions**

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 6  
 Average length of stay in detention: 34 days  
 State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

**Evaluations**

Youth given a community evaluation: 1  
 Youth given a residential evaluation: 3  
 Average stay in residential evaluation: 41 days

**Incarcerations and Placements**

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRRC in FY 20/21: 3  
 Average length of stay: 97 days  
 State average length of stay: 171 days  
 Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 2  
 Average length of stay: 13 days  
 State average length of stay: 29 days

**Trends (compared to FY 19/20)**

Youth referred: -44%  
 Number of juvenile cases: -38%  
 Violent or serious cases: -11%  
 Status offense cases: +25%  
 Youth detained: -40%  
 Youth incarcerated: +50%  
 Youth sent to alternative placement: -50%

**Office Contact Information**

599 Joey Zorn Blvd.  
 Barnwell SC 29812  
 803-259-7114

The Barnwell District was created in 1797 (effective in 1800) from the southwestern portion of the Orangeburg District, along the Savannah River. It was named after John Barnwell, a local figure in the Revolutionary War. As of the 2010 census, its population was 22,621. Its county seat is Barnwell. The county has a total area of 557 square miles.

**DJJ Referrals**

Barnwell County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 2348 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 38 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 53 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 89.5% were black, 10.5% were white, 0% were Hispanic. Referred youth were 68.4% male and 31.6% female. 21.1% were at or under age 13, 31.6% were between 14 and 15, and 47.4% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Burglary - First degree.

Of these referrals, 42% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 55% resulted in probation, 20% resulted in commitment, 25% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

**Detentions and Evaluations**

During FY 2020/2021, 6 youth were detained in Barnwell County. This represents a 0.256% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Barnwell County was Probation:Violation for Cat. II - Felony.

Additionally, 6 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 1 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 3 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (43%) compares unfavorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Barnwell County was 41 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

**Incarcerations and Placements**

During FY 2020/2021, 3 youth from Barnwell County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.128% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 100% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 0% were white. Incarcerated youth were 100% male and 0% female. And 33% were 13 or under, 33% were between 14 and 15, and 33% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Barnwell County was Larceny:Breaking into motor vehicle or tanks, pumps, where fuel, lubricants stored. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRRC in FY20/21 was 97 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 2 youth from Barnwell County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Barnwell County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 13 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

**Trends**

Barnwell County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 44%, cases are down 38%, violent and serious cases are down 11%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are up 25%. Youth detained are down 40%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are up 50%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 50% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 11979  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 248  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 353

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Runaway (status) (77 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (53 cases)  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (36 cases)  
Incorrigible (status)(22 cases)  
Shoplifting, <\$2,000 (19 cases)

**Referral Demographics**

50% black	64.5% male	15.7% age 13 or less
31% white	35.5% female	34.3% age 14-15
15.7% Hispanic		49.6% age 16 or older
3.2% Other		

**Detentions**

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 36  
Average length of stay in detention: 30 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

**Evaluations**

Youth given a community evaluation: 6  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 6  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 29 days

**Incarcerations and Placements**

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 1  
Average length of stay: 11 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 11  
Average length of stay: 108 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

**Trends (compared to FY 19/20)**

Youth referred: -22%  
Number of juvenile cases: -20%  
Violent or serious cases: unchanged  
Status offense cases: +29%  
Youth detained: +24%  
Youth incarcerated: -50%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: -21%

**Office Contact Information**

1905 Duke Street-Room 220  
Beaufort SC 29902  
843-525-1351

# Beaufort County

Founded in 1769, Beaufort County is a growing county with a population of 179,589. Growth is due primarily to development south of the Broad River clustered along the U.S. Highway 278 corridor. The northern portions have also grown steadily, due in part to the strong federal military presence around the city of Beaufort. The two portions of the county are connected by the Broad River Bridge, which carries South Carolina Highway 170. The county has a total area of 923 square miles

**DJJ Referrals**

Beaufort County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 11979 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 248 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 353 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 50% were black, 31% were white, 15.7% were Hispanic, and 3.2% were other. Referred youth were 64.5% male and 35.5% female. 15.7% were at or under age 13, 34.3% were between 14 and 15, and 49.6% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Runaway (status).

Of these referrals, 77% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 17% resulted in probation, 56% resulted in commitment, 11% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 17% had other outcomes.

**Detentions and Evaluations**

During FY 2020/2021, 36 youth were detained in Beaufort County. This represents a 0.301% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Beaufort County was Runaway (status).

Additionally, 11 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 6 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 6 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (40%) compares unfavorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Beaufort County was 29 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

**Incarcerations and Placements**

During FY 2020/2021, 1 youth from Beaufort County was admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.008% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 0% were black, 100% were Hispanic, 0% were white. Incarcerated youth were 100% male and 0% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 0% were between 14 and 15, and 100% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Beaufort County was Weapons:Unlawful carrying of pistol. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRC in FY20/21 was 11 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 11 youth from Beaufort County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Beaufort County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 108 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

**Trends**

Beaufort County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 22%, cases are down 20%, violent and serious cases are unchanged, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are up 29%. Youth detained are up 24%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 50%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 21% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 16883  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 375  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 449

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Status:Truancy (88 cases)  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (45 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (40 cases)  
Public disorderly conduct (31 cases)  
Runaway (status) (28 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

48% black	66.9% male	17.6% age 13 or less
44.5% white	33.1% female	36.3% age 14-15
6.4% Hispanic		45.9% age 16 or older
1.1% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 82  
Average length of stay in detention: 28 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 19  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 20  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 43 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRRC in FY 20/21: 7  
Average length of stay: 312 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 17  
Average length of stay: 89 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -20%  
Number of juvenile cases: -24%  
Violent or serious cases: -12%  
Status offense cases: +11%  
Youth detained: +8%  
Youth incarcerated: -59%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: -37%

### Office Contact Information

109 West Main Street  
Moncks Corner SC 29461  
843-761-8194

# Berkeley County

Berkeley County was established in 1682. It was named after John and William Berkeley, co-owners of the Province of Carolina. It became part of the Charleston District in 1769. After two previous incarnations of Berkeley County, the current county was created in 1882. As of the 2010 census, its population was 177,843. Its county seat is Moncks Corner. The county has a total area of 1,229 square miles.

### DJJ Referrals

Berkeley County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 16883 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 375 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 449 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 48% were black, 44.5% were white, 6.4% were Hispanic, and 1.1% were other. Referred youth were 66.9% male and 33.1% female. 17.6% were at or under age 13, 36.3% were between 14 and 15, and 45.9% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Status:Truancy.

Of these referrals, 44% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 71% resulted in probation, 11% resulted in commitment, 4% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 3% had other outcomes.

### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 82 youth were detained in Berkeley County. This represents a 0.486% detention rate for total youth population, which is above the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Berkeley County was Runaway (status).

Additionally, 41 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 19 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 20 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (40%) compares unfavorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Berkeley County was 43 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 7 youth from Berkeley County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.041% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 57% were black, 14% were Hispanic, 28% were white. Incarcerated youth were 85% male and 14% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 28% were between 14 and 15, and 71% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Berkeley County was Weapons:Unlawful carrying of pistol. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRRC in FY20/21 was 312 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 17 youth from Berkeley County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Berkeley County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 89 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

### Trends

Berkeley County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 20%, cases are down 24%, violent and serious cases are down 12%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are up 11%. Youth detained are up 8%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 59%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 37% over FY19/20.



Youth population (2010 Census): 1305  
 Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 69  
 Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 75

## Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral

Status:Truancy (44 cases)  
 Malicious injury; trespass (6 cases)  
 Assault & Battery 3rd degree (5 cases)  
 Weapons:Unlawful carrying of pistol (5 cases)  
 Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (4 cases)

## Referral Demographics

60.9% black	66.7% male	53.6% age 13 or less
39.1% white	33.3% female	20.3% age 14-15
0% Hispanic		26.1% age 16 or older
0% Other		

## Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 2  
 Average length of stay in detention: 5 days  
 State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

## Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 3  
 Youth given a residential evaluation: 0  
 Average stay in residential evaluation: 0 days

## Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 1  
 Average length of stay: 110 days  
 State average length of stay: 171 days  
 Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 0

## Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: +77%  
 Number of juvenile cases: +70%  
 Violent or serious cases: -33%  
 Status offense cases: +158%  
 Youth detained: -50%  
 Youth incarcerated: unchanged  
 Youth sent to alternative placement: unchanged

## Office Contact Information

303 Summers Avenue  
 Orangeburg, SC 29116-0929  
 803-533-6270

Calhoun county was formed in 1908 from portions of Lexington and Orangeburg counties. It is named for John C. Calhoun, the former U.S. Vice-President, Senator, Representative and cabinet member from South Carolina. As of the 2010 census, its population was 15,175, making it the third-least populous county in the state. Its county seat is St. Matthews. The county has a total area of 392 square miles.

## DJJ Referrals

Calhoun County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 1305 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 69 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 75 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 60.9% were black, 39.1% were white, 0% were Hispanic. Referred youth were 66.7% male and 33.3% female. 53.6% were at or under age 13, 20.3% were between 14 and 15, and 26.1% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Status:Truancy.

Of these referrals, 16% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 27% resulted in probation, 0% resulted in commitment, 11% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 3% had other outcomes.

## Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 2 youth were detained in Calhoun County. This represents a 0.153% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Calhoun County was Burglary:Burglary (Non-Violent) - Second degree.

Additionally, 3 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 3 were given a community evaluation exclusively and none were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (0%) compares favorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Calhoun County was 0 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

## Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 1 youth from Calhoun County was admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.077% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 100% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 0% were white. Incarcerated youth were 100% male and 0% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 0% were between 14 and 15, and 100% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Calhoun County was Larceny:Petit or Simple Larceny - \$2,000 or less. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRC in FY20/21 was 110 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, no youth from Calhoun County were sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs.

## Trends

Calhoun County saw a increase in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is up 77%, cases are up 70%, violent and serious cases are down 33%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are up 158%. Youth detained are down 50%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are unchanged. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are unchanged over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 25784  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 576  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 862

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (95 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (69 cases)  
Sale, delivery, possession of stolen pistol (59 cases)  
Weapons: Unlawful carrying of pistol (56 cases)  
Contempt of Court (Criminal) (50 cases)

**Referral Demographics**  
67.7% black 72.2% male 10.9% age 13 or less  
27.8% white 27.8% female 33.3% age 14-15  
3.6% Hispanic 55.6% age 16 or older  
0.9% Other

**Detentions**  
Youth detained in FY 20/21: 242  
Average length of stay in detention: 36 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

**Evaluations**  
Youth given a community evaluation: 32  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 41  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 27 days

**Incarcerations and Placements**  
Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 15  
Average length of stay: 273 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 40  
Average length of stay: 115 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

**Trends (compared to FY 19/20)**  
Youth referred: -29%  
Number of juvenile cases: -24%  
Violent or serious cases: +25%  
Status offense cases: +11%  
Youth detained: -21%  
Youth incarcerated: -48%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: -5%

## Office Contact Information

3346 Rivers Avenue-Suite B  
Charleston SC 29405  
843-740-1649

# Charleston County

Charleston County, located on the coast of the state, was created in 1901 by an act of the South Carolina State Legislature. As of the 2010 census, its population was 350,209, making it the third most populous county in South Carolina (behind Greenville and Richland counties). Its county seat is the historic city of Charleston. The county has a total area of 1,358 square miles

## DJJ Referrals

Charleston County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 25784 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 576 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 862 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 67.7% were black, 27.8% were white, 3.6% were Hispanic, and 0.9% were other. Referred youth were 72.2% male and 27.8% female. 10.9% were at or under age 13, 33.3% were between 14 and 15, and 55.6% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault: Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 42% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 70% resulted in probation, 22% resulted in commitment, 8% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

## Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 242 youth were detained in Charleston County. This represents a 0.939% detention rate for total youth population, which is above the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Charleston County was Contempt: Contempt of Court by Child (Criminal).

Additionally, 75 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 32 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 41 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (53%) compares unfavorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Charleston County was 27 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

## Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 15 youth from Charleston County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.058% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 93% were black, 6% were Hispanic, 0% were white. Incarcerated youth were 53% male and 46% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 6% were between 14 and 15, and 93% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Charleston County was Assault: Assault & Battery 3rd degree. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRC in FY20/21 was 273 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 40 youth from Charleston County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Charleston County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 115 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

## Trends

Charleston County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 29%, cases are down 24%, violent and serious cases are up 25%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are up 11%. Youth detained are down 21%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 48%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 5% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 5389  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 112  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 145

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Runaway (status) (22 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (18 cases)  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (16 cases)  
Incorrigible (status)(14 cases)  
Status:Truancy (11 cases)

**Referral Demographics**  
42% black 58.9% male 21.4% age 13 or less  
52.7% white 41.1% female 21.4% age 14-15  
3.6% Hispanic 57.1% age 16 or older  
1.8% Other

**Detentions**  
Youth detained in FY 20/21: 36  
Average length of stay in detention: 33 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

**Evaluations**  
Youth given a community evaluation: 6  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 3  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 51 days

**Incarcerations and Placements**  
Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 0  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 9  
Average length of stay: 78 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

**Trends (compared to FY 19/20)**  
Youth referred: -24%  
Number of juvenile cases: -26%  
Violent or serious cases: -7%  
Status offense cases: -43%  
Youth detained: -5%  
Youth incarcerated: unchanged  
Youth sent to alternative placement: +50%

## Office Contact Information

312 East Frederick Street  
Gaffney SC 29340  
864-487-2564

# Cherokee County

Cherokee County was formed in 1897 from parts of York, Union, and Spartanburg Counties. It was named for the Cherokee people who historically occupied this area prior to European encounter. As of the 2010 census, the population was 55,342. The county seat is Gaffney. The county has a total area of 397 square miles.

## DJJ Referrals

Cherokee County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 5389 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 112 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 145 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 42% were black, 52.7% were white, 3.6% were Hispanic, and 1.8% were other. Referred youth were 58.9% male and 41.1% female. 21.4% were at or under age 13, 21.4% were between 14 and 15, and 57.1% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Runaway (status).

Of these referrals, 52% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 76% resulted in probation, 14% resulted in commitment, 5% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

## Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 36 youth were detained in Cherokee County. This represents a 0.668% detention rate for total youth population, which is above the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Cherokee County was Runaway (status).

Additionally, 9 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 6 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 3 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (33%) compares favorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Cherokee County was 51 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

## Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, no youth from Cherokee County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia.

In addition, 9 youth from Cherokee County were sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Cherokee County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 78 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

## Trends

Cherokee County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 24%, cases are down 26%, violent and serious cases are down 7%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 43%. Youth detained are down 5%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are unchanged. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are up 50% over FY19/20.

# Chester County

Youth population (2010 Census): 3131  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 45  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 49

## Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral

Assault & Battery 3rd degree (12 cases)  
Public disorderly conduct (10 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (4 cases)  
Petty Larceny, <\$2000 (3 cases)  
Malicious Injury, \$10,000 or more (3 cases)

## Referral Demographics

64.4% black	77.8% male	22.2% age 13 or less
35.6% white	22.2% female	37.8% age 14-15
0% Hispanic		40% age 16 or older
0% Other		

## Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 9  
Average length of stay in detention: 172 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

## Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 3  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 0

## Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 0  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 0

## Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -46%  
Number of juvenile cases: -47%  
Violent or serious cases: -54%  
Status offense cases: unchanged  
Youth detained: -31%  
Youth incarcerated: -100%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: unchanged

## Office Contact Information

130 Wylie Street  
Chester SC 29706  
803-377-8104

Located just off modern Interstate 77 between Charlotte, NC and the state capital in Columbia, Chester County was founded in 1785. As of the 2010 census, its population was 33,140. Its county seat is Chester. The county has a total area of 581 square miles.

## DJJ Referrals

Chester County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 3131 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 45 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 49 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 64.4% were black, 35.6% were white, 0% were Hispanic. Referred youth were 77.8% male and 22.2% female. 22.2% were at or under age 13, 37.8% were between 14 and 15, and 40% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 69% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 80% resulted in probation, 0% resulted in commitment, 0% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 20% had other outcomes.

## Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 9 youth were detained in Chester County. This represents a 0.287% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Chester County was Attempted Murder.

Additionally, 3 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 3 were given a community evaluation exclusively and none were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (0%) compares favorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Chester County was 0 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

## Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, no youth from Chester County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia.

In addition, no youth from Chester County were sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs.

## Trends

Chester County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 46%, cases are down 47%, violent and serious cases are down 54%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are unchanged. Youth detained are down 31%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 100%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are unchanged over FY19/20.



Youth population (2010 Census): 4731  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 79  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 103

#### Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral

Assault & Battery 3rd degree (15 cases)  
Runaway (status) (14 cases)  
Burglary- First degree (10 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (8 cases)  
Malicious Injury, <\$2000 (8 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

57% black	77.2% male	12.7% age 13 or less
30.4% white	22.8% female	51.9% age 14-15
1.3% Hispanic		35.4% age 16 or older
11.4% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 37  
Average length of stay in detention: 12 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 6  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 8  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 27 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 1  
Average length of stay: 254 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 3  
Average length of stay: 169 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -14%  
Number of juvenile cases: -8%  
Violent or serious cases: +106%  
Status offense cases: +67%  
Youth detained: +68%  
Youth incarcerated: -50%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: unchanged

### Office Contact Information

101 Main Street  
Chesterfield SC 29709  
843-623-2378

# Chesterfield County

Chesterfield County was founded in 1785, but was part of what was then known as Cheraws District until 1800, at which time Chesterfield became a district itself. As of the 2015 census, its population was 46,017.[1] Its county seat is Chesterfield; and the largest town in the county is Cheraw. The county has a total area of 806 square miles.

#### DJJ Referrals

Chesterfield County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 4731 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 79 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 103 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 57% were black, 30.4% were white, 1.3% were Hispanic, and 11.4% were other. Referred youth were 77.2% male and 22.8% female. 12.7% were at or under age 13, 51.9% were between 14 and 15, and 35.4% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault: Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 37% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 73% resulted in probation, 10% resulted in commitment, 12% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 5% had other outcomes.

#### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 37 youth were detained in Chesterfield County. This represents a 0.782% detention rate for total youth population, which is above the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Chesterfield County was Burglary: Burglary (After June 20, 1985) - First degree.

Additionally, 13 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 6 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 8 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (50%) compares unfavorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Chesterfield County was 27 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

#### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 1 youth from Chesterfield County was admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.021% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 100% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 0% were white. Incarcerated youth were 100% male and 0% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 0% were between 14 and 15, and 100% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Chesterfield County was Probation: Violation for Cat. IV - Misd. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRC in FY20/21 was 254 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 3 youth from Chesterfield County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Chesterfield County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 169 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

#### Trends

Chesterfield County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 14%, cases are down 8%, violent and serious cases are up 106%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are up 67%. Youth detained are up 68%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 50%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are unchanged over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 3069  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 23  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 30

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (4 cases)  
Breaking into motor vehicle (3 cases)  
Purchase/possession of beer/wine by minor (3 cases)  
Public disorderly conduct (2 cases)  
Criminal sexual conduct with minor - First degree (2 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

60.9% black	78.3% male	4.3% age 13 or less
39.1% white	21.7% female	39.1% age 14-15
0% Hispanic		56.5% age 16 or older
0% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 2  
Average length of stay in detention: 53 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 0  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 1  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 54 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRRC in FY 20/21: 1  
Average length of stay: 51 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 0

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -34%  
Number of juvenile cases: -49%  
Violent or serious cases: -82%  
Status offense cases: unchanged  
Youth detained: -71%  
Youth incarcerated: unchanged  
Youth sent to alternative placement: -100%

### Office Contact Information

102 South Mill Street  
Manning SC 29102  
803-435-8587

# Clarendon County

Clarendon County was officially established in 1785, shortly after the American Revolutionary War, when the legislature divided Camden District into seven counties. As of the 2010 census, its population was 34,971. Its county seat is Manning. The county covers about 607 square miles. Clarendon County boasts one of the largest man-made lakes in the United States, Lake Marion, completed in 1941 as a New Deal project.

#### DJJ Referrals

Clarendon County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 3069 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 23 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 30 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 60.9% were black, 39.1% were white, 0% were Hispanic. Referred youth were 78.3% male and 21.7% female. 4.3% were at or under age 13, 39.1% were between 14 and 15, and 56.5% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Drugs:Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana or 10g or less of hash - 1st offense.

Of these referrals, 70% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 45% resulted in probation, 18% resulted in commitment, 36% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

#### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 2 youth were detained in Clarendon County. This represents a 0.065% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Clarendon County was Larceny:Breaking into motor vehicle or tanks, pumps, where fuel, lubricants stored.

Additionally, 1 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number none were given a community evaluation exclusively and 1 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (50%) compares unfavorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Clarendon County was 54 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

#### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 1 youth from Clarendon County was admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.033% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 100% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 0% were white. Incarcerated youth were 100% male and 0% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 100% were between 14 and 15, and 0% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Clarendon County was Larceny:Breaking into motor vehicle or tanks, pumps, where fuel, lubricants stored. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRRC in FY20/21 was 51 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, no youth from Clarendon County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs.

#### Trends

Clarendon County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 34%, cases are down 49%, violent and serious cases are down 82%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are unchanged. Youth detained are down 71%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are unchanged. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 100% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 3787  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 36  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 42

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Assault & Battery by Mob, 3rd degree (7 cases)  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (4 cases)  
Malicious Injury, \$2,000-\$10,000 (4 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (3 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

61.1% black	88.9% male	22.2% age 13 or less
36.1% white	11.1% female	41.7% age 14-15
0% Hispanic		36.1% age 16 or older
2.8% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 7  
Average length of stay in detention: 45 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 0  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 3  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 65 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRR in FY 20/21: 0  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 3  
Average length of stay: 32 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -52%  
Number of juvenile cases: -51%  
Violent or serious cases: -8%  
Status offense cases: -67%  
Youth detained: -13%  
Youth incarcerated: unchanged  
Youth sent to alternative placement: +300%

### Office Contact Information

219 South Lemacks St.  
Walterboro SC 29488  
843-549-1509

# Colleton County

In 1682, Colleton was created in the South Carolina lowcountry as one of the three original proprietary counties, located in the southwestern coastal portion of the new South Carolina Colony and bordering on the Combahee River. The county is named after Sir John Colleton, 1st Baronet, one of the eight Lords Proprietor of the Province of Carolina. After two previous incarnations, the current Colleton County was created in 1800. As of the 2010 census, its population was 38,892.

### DJJ Referrals

Colleton County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 3787 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 36 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 42 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 61.1% were black, 36.1% were white, 0% were Hispanic, and 2.8% were other. Referred youth were 88.9% male and 11.1% female. 22.2% were at or under age 13, 41.7% were between 14 and 15, and 36.1% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault: Assault & Battery by Mob, 3rd degree (Bodily injury results).

Of these referrals, 81% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 50% resulted in probation, 50% resulted in commitment, 0% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 7 youth were detained in Colleton County. This represents a 0.185% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Colleton County was Attempted Murder.

Additionally, 2 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number none were given a community evaluation exclusively and 3 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (100%) compares unfavorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Colleton County was 65 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, no youth from Colleton County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia.

In addition, 3 youth from Colleton County were sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Colleton County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 32 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

### Trends

Colleton County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 52%, cases are down 51%, violent and serious cases are down 8%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 67%. Youth detained are down 13%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are unchanged. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are up 300% over FY19/20.



Youth population (2010 Census): 6731  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 119  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 148

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (26 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (16 cases)  
Public disorderly conduct (13 cases)  
Contempt of Court (Status) (8 cases)  
Shoplifting, <\$2,000 (8 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

72.3% black	71.4% male	12.6% age 13 or less
23.5% white	28.6% female	33.6% age 14-15
0% Hispanic		53.8% age 16 or older
4.2% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 24  
Average length of stay in detention: 11 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 4  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 12  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 23 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRRC in FY 20/21: 3  
Average length of stay: 406 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 10  
Average length of stay: 85 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -34%  
Number of juvenile cases: -39%  
Violent or serious cases: -70%  
Status offense cases: -13%  
Youth detained: -29%  
Youth incarcerated: -57%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: -9%

### Office Contact Information

302 Russell Street, Room 15  
Darlington SC 29532  
843-393-5641

# Darlington County

Founded in 1785, Darlington County has an estimated population of 67,234. Its county seat is Darlington. Hartsville is the largest city in the county. The county has a total area of 567 square miles. Darlington County is home to the Darlington Raceway, which hosts the annual NASCAR Southern 500.

#### DJJ Referrals

Darlington County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 6731 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 119 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 148 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 72.3% were black, 23.5% were white, 0% were Hispanic, and 4.2% were other. Referred youth were 71.4% male and 28.6% female. 12.6% were at or under age 13, 33.6% were between 14 and 15, and 53.8% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault: Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 55% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 57% resulted in probation, 21% resulted in commitment, 6% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

#### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 24 youth were detained in Darlington County. This represents a 0.357% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Darlington County was Weapons: Pointing and presenting firearms at a person.

Additionally, 16 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 4 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 12 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (67%) compares unfavorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Darlington County was 23 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

#### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 3 youth from Darlington County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.045% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 100% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 0% were white. Incarcerated youth were 100% male and 0% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 33% were between 14 and 15, and 66% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Darlington County was Breaking into motor vehicle. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRRC in FY20/21 was 406 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 10 youth from Darlington County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Darlington County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 85 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

#### Trends

Darlington County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 34%, cases are down 39%, violent and serious cases are down 70%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 13%. Youth detained are down 29%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 57%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 9% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 3239  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 51  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 65

#### Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral

Contempt of Court (Status) (18 cases)  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (11 cases)  
Attempted Murder (7 cases)  
Malicious Injury, <\$2000 (5 cases)  
Criminal Conspiracy (4 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

72.5% black	68.6% male	17.6% age 13 or less
15.7% white	31.4% female	31.4% age 14-15
3.9% Hispanic		51% age 16 or older
7.8% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 13  
Average length of stay in detention: 33 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 5  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 7  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 21 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 7  
Average length of stay: 170 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 4  
Average length of stay: 45 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -43%  
Number of juvenile cases: -42%  
Violent or serious cases: +33%  
Status offense cases: -59%  
Youth detained: -13%  
Youth incarcerated: +40%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: +33%

### Office Contact Information

200 South 5th Avenue  
Dillon SC 29536  
843-774-4147

# Dillon County

Dillon County is a county located in the U.S. state of South Carolina. As of the 2010 census, the county population was 32,062. The county seat is Dillon. Founded in 1910 from a portion of Marion County, both Dillon County and the city of Dillon were named for prosperous local citizen James W. Dillon (1826-1913), an Irishman who settled there and led a campaign to bring the railroad into the community.

#### DJJ Referrals

Dillon County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 3239 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 51 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 65 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 72.5% were black, 15.7% were white, 3.9% were Hispanic, and 7.8% were other. Referred youth were 68.6% male and 31.4% female. 17.6% were at or under age 13, 31.4% were between 14 and 15, and 51% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Contempt:Contempt of Court by Child (Status).

Of these referrals, 38% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 50% resulted in probation, 39% resulted in commitment, 3% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 3% had other outcomes.

#### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 13 youth were detained in Dillon County. This represents a 0.401% detention rate for total youth population, which is above the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Dillon County was Attempted Murder.

Additionally, 15 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 5 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 7 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (50%) compares unfavorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Dillon County was 21 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

#### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 7 youth from Dillon County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.216% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 57% were black, 28% were Hispanic, 14% were white. Incarcerated youth were 57% male and 42% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 28% were between 14 and 15, and 71% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Dillon County was Robbery:Armed Robbery, robbery while armed or allegedly armed with a deadly weapon. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRC in FY20/21 was 170 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 4 youth from Dillon County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Dillon County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 45 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

#### Trends

Dillon County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 43%, cases are down 42%, violent and serious cases are up 33%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 59%. Youth detained are down 13%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are up 40%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are up 33% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 14817  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 217  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 259

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (48 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (22 cases)  
Public disorderly conduct (17 cases)  
Status:Truancy (14 cases)  
School: Student Threats (11 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

56.2% black	75.1% male	17.1% age 13 or less
39.2% white	24.9% female	32.7% age 14-15
3.2% Hispanic		48.8% age 16 or older
1.4% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 26  
Average length of stay in detention: 102 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 8  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 5  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 51 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRRC in FY 20/21: 1  
Average length of stay: 166 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 5  
Average length of stay: 46 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -45%  
Number of juvenile cases: -44%  
Violent or serious cases: -44%  
Status offense cases: -44%  
Youth detained: -58%  
Youth incarcerated: -50%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: -29%

### Office Contact Information

300 North Cedar Street-Suite D  
Summerville SC 29483  
843-832-4265

# Dorchester County

Dorchester County is named for its first settlement area, which was established by Congregationalists in 1696. These settlers applied the name "Dorchester" after their last residence in Dorchester, Massachusetts. Dorchester was established as a separate county in 1897, from parts of the neighboring Colleton and Berkeley counties. As of the 2010 census, the population was 136,555. Its county seat is St. George.

#### DJJ Referrals

Dorchester County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 14817 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 217 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 259 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 56.2% were black, 39.2% were white, 3.2% were Hispanic, and 1.4% were other. Referred youth were 75.1% male and 24.9% female. 17.1% were at or under age 13, 32.7% were between 14 and 15, and 48.8% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault: Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 71% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 55% resulted in probation, 12% resulted in commitment, 14% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 4% had other outcomes.

#### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 26 youth were detained in Dorchester County. This represents a 0.175% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Dorchester County was Breaking into motor vehicle.

Additionally, 13 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 8 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 5 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (26%) compares favorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Dorchester County was 51 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

#### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 1 youth from Dorchester County was admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.007% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 100% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 0% were white. Incarcerated youth were 100% male and 0% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 0% were between 14 and 15, and 100% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Dorchester County was Probation: Violation for Cat. IV - Misd.. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRRC in FY20/21 was 166 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 5 youth from Dorchester County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Dorchester County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 46 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

#### Trends

Dorchester County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 45%, cases are down 44%, violent and serious cases are down 44%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 44%. Youth detained are down 58%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 50%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 29% over FY19/20.



Youth population (2010 Census): 2423  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 26  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 31

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (7 cases)  
Runaway (status) (6 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (4 cases)  
Incorrigible (status)(3 cases)  
Burglary (Non-Violent) - Second degree (2 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

61.5% black	80.8% male	15.4% age 13 or less
30.8% white	19.2% female	30.8% age 14-15
0% Hispanic		53.8% age 16 or older
7.7% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 9  
Average length of stay in detention: 7 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 7  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 2  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 23 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRRC in FY 20/21: 2  
Average length of stay: 71 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 3  
Average length of stay: 81 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -56%  
Number of juvenile cases: -55%  
Violent or serious cases: -43%  
Status offense cases: -25%  
Youth detained: -40%  
Youth incarcerated: unchanged  
Youth sent to alternative placement: unchanged

### Office Contact Information

Tri-County DJJ Office  
120 South Main Street, Ste. D.  
Saluda SC 29138  
864-445-8138

# Edgefield County

Edgefield District was created in 1785, and it is bordered on the west by the Savannah River. It was formed from the southern section of the former Ninety-Six District when it was divided into smaller districts or counties by an act of the state legislature. Parts of the district were later used in the formation of other neighboring counties. As of the 2010 census, its population was 26,985. Its county seat is Edgefield.

#### DJJ Referrals

Edgefield County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 2423 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 26 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 31 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 61.5% were black, 30.8% were white, 0% were Hispanic, and 7.7% were other. Referred youth were 80.8% male and 19.2% female. 15.4% were at or under age 13, 30.8% were between 14 and 15, and 53.8% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault: Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 50% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 71% resulted in probation, 29% resulted in commitment, 0% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

#### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 9 youth were detained in Edgefield County. This represents a 0.371% detention rate for total youth population, which is above the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Edgefield County was Runaway (status).

Additionally, 12 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 7 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 2 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (22%) compares favorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Edgefield County was 23 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

#### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 2 youth from Edgefield County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.083% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 50% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 50% were white. Incarcerated youth were 100% male and 0% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 0% were between 14 and 15, and 100% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Edgefield County was Probation: Violation for Cat. II - Felony. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRRC in FY20/21 was 71 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 3 youth from Edgefield County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Edgefield County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 81 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

#### Trends

Edgefield County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 56%, cases are down 55%, violent and serious cases are down 43%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 25%. Youth detained are down 40%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are unchanged. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are unchanged over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 2156  
 Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 29  
 Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 42

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
 Assault & Battery 3rd degree (7 cases)  
 Burglary (Non-Violent) - Second degree (7 cases)  
 Petty Larceny, <\$2000 (4 cases)  
 Sale, delivery, possession of stolen pistol (4 cases)  
 Probation:Violation for Cat. III - Felony (3 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

89.7% black	89.7% male	3.4% age 13 or less
6.9% white	10.3% female	41.4% age 14-15
0% Hispanic		55.2% age 16 or older
3.4% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 13  
 Average length of stay in detention: 7 days  
 State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 6  
 Youth given a residential evaluation: 4  
 Average stay in residential evaluation: 18 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRRC in FY 20/21: 1  
 Average length of stay: 0 days  
 State average length of stay: 171 days  
 Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 3  
 Average length of stay: 157 days  
 State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -36%  
 Number of juvenile cases: -33%  
 Violent or serious cases: -38%  
 Status offense cases: +400%  
 Youth detained: -13%  
 Youth incarcerated: -67%  
 Youth sent to alternative placement: -70%

### Office Contact Information

115A S. Congress Street  
 Winnsboro SC 29180  
 803-712-6533

It is alleged that the name Fairfield originated from a statement made by General Cornwallis when he declared "How Fair These Fields" during the British occupation of the area in 1780-81. The house Cornwallis stayed in during the occupation is still standing. Winnsboro, the county seat, was laid out and chartered in 1785 upon petition of Richard Winn, John Winn and John Vanderhorst. John, Richard, and Minor Winn all served in the Revolutionary War. As of the 2010 census, its population was 23,956.

#### DJJ Referrals

Fairfield County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 2156 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 29 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 42 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 89.7% were black, 6.9% were white, 0% were Hispanic, and 3.4% were other. Referred youth were 89.7% male and 10.3% female. 3.4% were at or under age 13, 41.4% were between 14 and 15, and 55.2% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault: Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 38% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 78% resulted in probation, 17% resulted in commitment, 4% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

#### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 13 youth were detained in Fairfield County. This represents a 0.603% detention rate for total youth population, which is above the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Fairfield County was Weapons: Unlawful carrying of pistol.

Additionally, 8 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 6 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 4 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (36%) compares favorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Fairfield County was 18 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

#### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 1 youth from Fairfield County was admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.046% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 100% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 0% were white. Incarcerated youth were 100% male and 0% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 0% were between 14 and 15, and 100% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Fairfield County was Weapons: Sale or delivery of pistol to, and possession by, certain persons unlawful; stolen pistol. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRRC in FY20/21 was 0 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 3 youth from Fairfield County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Fairfield County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 157 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

#### Trends

Fairfield County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 36%, cases are down 33%, violent and serious cases are down 38%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are up 400%. Youth detained are down 13%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 67%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 70% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 13157  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 201  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 236

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (32 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (24 cases)  
Weapons:Unlawful carrying of pistol (15 cases)  
Assault:Assault & Battery 2nd degree (14 cases)  
Assault & Battery by Mob, 3rd degree (13 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

76.6% black	76.6% male	19.9% age 13 or less
22.4% white	23.4% female	32.8% age 14-15
0.5% Hispanic		46.8% age 16 or older
0.5% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 31  
Average length of stay in detention: 18 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 13  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 10  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 25 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRRC in FY 20/21: 6  
Average length of stay: 109 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 10  
Average length of stay: 110 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -49%  
Number of juvenile cases: -51%  
Violent or serious cases: -16%  
Status offense cases: -34%  
Youth detained: -37%  
Youth incarcerated: +500%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: +233%

### Office Contact Information

180 North Irby Street-Room 702  
City-County Complex MSC-J  
Florence SC 29501  
843-665-3080

# Florence County

Florence County was formed from main sections of Darlington and Marion Counties plus other townships from Williamsburg and Clarendon Counties, starting in 1888. The last section of Williamsburg County was not added until 1921. Florence County was named for the daughter of General W. W. Hardlee. As of the 2010 census, its population was 136,885, about 60% of which is urban. Its county seat is Florence.

#### DJJ Referrals

Florence County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 13157 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 201 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 236 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 76.6% were black, 22.4% were white, 0.5% were Hispanic, and 0.5% were other. Referred youth were 76.6% male and 23.4% female. 19.9% were at or under age 13, 32.8% were between 14 and 15, and 46.8% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault:Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 50% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 60% resulted in probation, 11% resulted in commitment, 20% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 9% had other outcomes.

#### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 31 youth were detained in Florence County. This represents a 0.236% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Florence County was Breaking into motor vehicle.

Additionally, 22 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 13 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 10 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (38%) compares comparably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Florence County was 25 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

#### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 6 youth from Florence County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.046% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 83% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 16% were white. Incarcerated youth were 100% male and 0% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 16% were between 14 and 15, and 83% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Florence County was Breaking into motor vehicle. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRRC in FY20/21 was 109 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 10 youth from Florence County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Florence County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 110 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

#### Trends

Florence County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 49%, cases are down 51%, violent and serious cases are down 16%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 34%. Youth detained are down 37%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are up 500%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are up 233% over FY19/20.



Youth population (2010 Census): 5386  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 114  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 130

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (20 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (19 cases)  
Assault: Assault & Battery 2nd degree (11 cases)  
Runaway (status) (10 cases)  
Public disorderly conduct (9 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

60.5% black	71.1% male	12.3% age 13 or less
37.7% white	28.9% female	28.1% age 14-15
1.8% Hispanic		58.8% age 16 or older
0% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 9  
Average length of stay in detention: 17 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 2  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 2  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 18 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRRC in FY 20/21: 1  
Average length of stay: 317 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 2  
Average length of stay: 67 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: unchanged  
Number of juvenile cases: +4%  
Violent or serious cases: +110%  
Status offense cases: +93%  
Youth detained: -40%  
Youth incarcerated: -67%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: -50%

### Office Contact Information

120 Screven Street-PO Box 64  
Georgetown SC 29442-0064  
843-546-8723

# Georgetown County

Georgetown County is a coastal county notable for having several rivers, including the Great Pee Dee River, the Waccamaw River, Black River, and Sampit River, all of which flow into Winyah Bay. The Santee River, which forms the southern boundary of the county, empties directly into the Atlantic. The Intracoastal Waterway crosses the county and Winyah Bay. The rivers and the bay have had a decisive effect on human development of the area. The county was founded in 1769, named for George III of the United Kingdom.

#### DJJ Referrals

Georgetown County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 5386 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 114 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 130 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 60.5% were black, 37.7% were white, 1.8% were Hispanic. Referred youth were 71.1% male and 28.9% female. 12.3% were at or under age 13, 28.1% were between 14 and 15, and 58.8% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault: Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 62% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 29% resulted in probation, 6% resulted in commitment, 66% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

#### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 9 youth were detained in Georgetown County. This represents a 0.167% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Georgetown County was Assault: Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Additionally, 5 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 2 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 2 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (50%) compares unfavorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Georgetown County was 18 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

#### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 1 youth from Georgetown County was admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.019% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 0% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 100% were white. Incarcerated youth were 0% male and 100% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 0% were between 14 and 15, and 100% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Georgetown County was Runaway (status). The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRRC in FY20/21 was 317 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 2 youth from Georgetown County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Georgetown County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 67 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

#### Trends

Georgetown County saw a stagnancy in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is unchanged, cases are up 4%, violent and serious cases are up 110%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are up 93%. Youth detained are down 40%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 67%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 50% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 42120  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 672  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 880

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (101 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (82 cases)  
Public disorderly conduct (67 cases)  
Contempt of Court (Criminal) (64 cases)  
Petty Larceny, <\$2000 (45 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

53.1% black	70.8% male	17% age 13 or less
35.6% white	29.2% female	30.8% age 14-15
9.7% Hispanic		51.6% age 16 or older
1.6% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 190  
Average length of stay in detention: 26 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 52  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 28  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 35 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRRC in FY 20/21: 9  
Average length of stay: 173 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 29  
Average length of stay: 87 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -37%  
Number of juvenile cases: -38%  
Violent or serious cases: -23%  
Status offense cases: -55%  
Youth detained: -32%  
Youth incarcerated: -47%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: -22%

### Office Contact Information

Family Court Building  
301 University Ridge, Suite 625  
Greenville SC 29602  
864-467-5875

# Greenville County

With more than 451,000 residents, Greenville County is South Carolina's most populous county and continues to grow at an average rate of 2.1 percent per year. Home to thriving, nationally ranked urban areas like Downtown Greenville, the County also features numerous communities rich with character and tradition all surrounded by the incredible scenic beauty of the rolling foothills of the Blue Ridge Mountains.

#### DJJ Referrals

Greenville County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 42120 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 672 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 880 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 53.1% were black, 35.6% were white, 9.7% were Hispanic, and 1.6% were other. Referred youth were 70.8% male and 29.2% female. 17% were at or under age 13, 30.8% were between 14 and 15, and 51.6% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault: Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 55% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 69% resulted in probation, 12% resulted in commitment, 10% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 5% had other outcomes.

#### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 190 youth were detained in Greenville County. This represents a 0.451% detention rate for total youth population, which is above the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Greenville County was Contempt: Contempt of Court by Child (Criminal).

Additionally, 81 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 52 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 28 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (28%) compares favorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Greenville County was 35 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

#### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 9 youth from Greenville County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.021% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 66% were black, 11% were Hispanic, 22% were white. Incarcerated youth were 66% male and 33% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 22% were between 14 and 15, and 77% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Greenville County was Probation: Violation for Cat. II - Felony. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRRC in FY20/21 was 173 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 29 youth from Greenville County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Greenville County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 87 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

#### Trends

Greenville County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 37%, cases are down 38%, violent and serious cases are down 23%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 55%. Youth detained are down 32%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 47%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 22% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 6509  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 187  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 250

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (26 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (23 cases)  
Incorrigible (status)(18 cases)  
Public disorderly conduct (13 cases)  
Weapons:Unlawful carrying of pistol (12 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

63.1% black	72.2% male	17.6% age 13 or less
28.3% white	27.8% female	37.4% age 14-15
7.5% Hispanic		44.4% age 16 or older
1.1% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 22  
Average length of stay in detention: 29 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 15  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 9  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 40 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 2  
Average length of stay: 38 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 5  
Average length of stay: 164 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -23%  
Number of juvenile cases: -17%  
Violent or serious cases: -11%  
Status offense cases: -27%  
Youth detained: +38%  
Youth incarcerated: unchanged  
Youth sent to alternative placement: +67%

### Office Contact Information

528 Monument Street  
Courthouse Room 202  
Greenwood SC 29646  
864-229-6648

# Greenwood County

Greenwood County was formed in 1897 from portions of Abbeville and Edgefield counties, which had originally been part of the old Ninety-Six District. It was named for its county seat, Greenwood. This had been named around 1824 after a plantation owned by John McGehee, an early resident. As of the 2010 census, its population was 69,661. Its county seat is Greenwood.

#### DJJ Referrals

Greenwood County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 6509 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 187 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 250 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 63.1% were black, 28.3% were white, 7.5% were Hispanic, and 1.1% were other. Referred youth were 72.2% male and 27.8% female. 17.6% were at or under age 13, 37.4% were between 14 and 15, and 44.4% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault:Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 61% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 72% resulted in probation, 22% resulted in commitment, 6% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

#### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 22 youth were detained in Greenwood County. This represents a 0.338% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Greenwood County was Attempted Murder.

Additionally, 25 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 15 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 9 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (33%) compares favorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Greenwood County was 40 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

#### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 2 youth from Greenwood County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.031% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 100% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 0% were white. Incarcerated youth were 50% male and 50% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 50% were between 14 and 15, and 50% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Greenwood County was Aftercare:Conditional Release Rules Violation Cat.II - Felony. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRC in FY20/21 was 38 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 5 youth from Greenwood County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Greenwood County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 164 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

#### Trends

Greenwood County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 23%, cases are down 17%, violent and serious cases are down 11%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 27%. Youth detained are up 38%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are unchanged. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are up 67% over FY19/20.

# Hampton County

Youth population (2010 Census): 2067  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 46  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 56

## Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral

Public disorderly conduct (13 cases)  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (12 cases)  
Attempted Murder (6 cases)  
Assault & Battery by Mob, 3rd degree (4 cases)  
Runaway (status) (4 cases)

## Referral Demographics

91.3% black	73.9% male	17.4% age 13 or less
8.7% white	26.1% female	34.8% age 14-15
0% Hispanic		47.8% age 16 or older
0% Other		

## Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 8  
Average length of stay in detention: 14 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

## Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 1  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 2  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 47 days

## Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 0  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 2  
Average length of stay: 82 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

## Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: +12%  
Number of juvenile cases: +14%  
Violent or serious cases: -24%  
Status offense cases: +40%  
Youth detained: -50%  
Youth incarcerated: -50%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: unchanged

## Office Contact Information

1 Courthouse Square Elm Street  
Hampton SC 29924  
803-943-4296

Hampton County is a rural county with a 2010 census population of 21,090. Its county seat is Hampton. It was named for Confederate Civil War general Wade Hampton, who in the late 1870s was elected as governor of South Carolina. The county includes two small urban clusters: Hampton (2000 pop.: 4,011) and Estill (3,637).

## DJJ Referrals

Hampton County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 2067 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 46 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 56 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 91.3% were black, 8.7% were white, 0% were Hispanic. Referred youth were 73.9% male and 26.1% female. 17.4% were at or under age 13, 34.8% were between 14 and 15, and 47.8% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Disorderly:Public disorderly conduct.

Of these referrals, 77% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 100% resulted in probation, 0% resulted in commitment, 0% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

## Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 8 youth were detained in Hampton County. This represents a 0.387% detention rate for total youth population, which is above the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Hampton County was Attempted Murder.

Additionally, 3 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 1 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 2 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (50%) compares unfavorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Hampton County was 47 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

## Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, no youth from Hampton County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia.

In addition, 2 youth from Hampton County were sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Hampton County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 82 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

## Trends

Hampton County saw a increase in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is up 12%, cases are up 14%, violent and serious cases are down 24%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are up 40%. Youth detained are down 50%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are unchanged. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are unchanged over FY19/20.



Youth population (2010 Census): 20665  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 720  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 927

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Status:Truancy (135 cases)  
Runaway (status) (93 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (80 cases)  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (75 cases)  
Contempt of Court (Status) (70 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

41.9% black	62.9% male	14.9% age 13 or less
51.4% white	37.1% female	33.6% age 14-15
5.4% Hispanic		51.1% age 16 or older
1.3% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 94  
Average length of stay in detention: 26 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 38  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 51  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 28 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRRC in FY 20/21: 11  
Average length of stay: 199 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 48  
Average length of stay: 105 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -20%  
Number of juvenile cases: -31%  
Violent or serious cases: -31%  
Status offense cases: unchanged  
Youth detained: -42%  
Youth incarcerated: -68%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: +19%

### Office Contact Information

1201 Third Avenue, Suite 107  
Conway SC 29526  
843-915-8969

# Horry County

Named after Revolutionary War hero Peter Horry, Horry County (pronounced ORee) was created from Georgetown District in 1801. As of the 2010 census, its population was 289,650, making it the fifth-most populous county in South Carolina. The county seat is Conway. Horry County is bordered by the Atlantic Ocean to the east, the Little Pee Dee River and Drowning Creek (also known as the Lumber River) on Horry's western side, and North Carolina to the north.

#### DJJ Referrals

Horry County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 20665 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 720 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 927 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 41.9% were black, 51.4% were white, 5.4% were Hispanic, and 1.3% were other. Referred youth were 62.9% male and 37.1% female. 14.9% were at or under age 13, 33.6% were between 14 and 15, and 51.1% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Status:Truancy.

Of these referrals, 57% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 48% resulted in probation, 15% resulted in commitment, 7% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 1% had other outcomes.

#### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 94 youth were detained in Horry County. This represents a 0.455% detention rate for total youth population, which is above the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Horry County was Attempted Murder.

Additionally, 92 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 38 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 51 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (53%) compares unfavorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Horry County was 28 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

#### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 11 youth from Horry County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.053% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 36% were black, 9% were Hispanic, 54% were white. Incarcerated youth were 36% male and 63% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 45% were between 14 and 15, and 54% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Horry County was Runaway (status). The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRRC in FY20/21 was 199 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 48 youth from Horry County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Horry County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 105 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

#### Trends

Horry County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 20%, cases are down 20%, violent and serious cases are down 31%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are unchanged. Youth detained are down 42%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 68%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 19% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 2244  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 43  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 48

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Malicious Injury, \$10,000+ (5 cases)  
Malicious Injury, \$2,000-\$10,000 (5 cases)  
Runaway (status) (5 cases)  
Status:Truancy (5 cases)  
Traffic: Failure to stop for a blue light (5 cases)

**Referral Demographics**

51.2% black	83.7% male	18.6% age 13 or less
27.9% white	16.3% female	44.2% age 14-15
18.6% Hispanic		37.2% age 16 or older
2.3% Other		

**Detentions**

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 9  
Average length of stay in detention: 30 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

**Evaluations**

Youth given a community evaluation: 3  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 0  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 18 days

**Incarcerations and Placements**

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 1  
Average length of stay: 312 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 1  
Average length of stay: 120 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

**Trends (compared to FY 19/20)**

Youth referred: -12%  
Number of juvenile cases: -26%  
Violent or serious cases: -38%  
Status offense cases: -7%  
Youth detained: -25%  
Youth incarcerated: -50%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: +100%

**Office Contact Information**

1504 Grays Highway  
Ridgeland SC 29936  
843-726-5666

# Jasper County

Jasper County is the southernmost county in the U.S. state of South Carolina. The county was formed in 1912 from portions of Hampton County and Beaufort County. As of the 2010 census, the population was 24,777. Since 2010, Jasper County is the second-fastest-growing county by population in South Carolina, behind Horry County. Its county seat is Ridgeland.

**DJJ Referrals**

Jasper County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 2244 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 43 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 48 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 51.2% were black, 27.9% were white, 18.6% were Hispanic, and 2.3% were other. Referred youth were 83.7% male and 16.3% female. 18.6% were at or under age 13, 44.2% were between 14 and 15, and 37.2% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Malicious:Malicious Injury to animals, personal property, injury value \$10,000 or more.

Of these referrals, 79% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 71% resulted in probation, 29% resulted in commitment, 0% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

**Detentions and Evaluations**

During FY 2020/2021, 9 youth were detained in Jasper County. This represents a 0.401% detention rate for total youth population, which is above the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Jasper County was Traffic:Failure to stop for a blue light, no injury or death - 1st offense.

Additionally, 4 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 3 were given a community evaluation exclusively and none were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (0%) compares favorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Jasper County was 18 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

**Incarcerations and Placements**

During FY 2020/2021, 1 youth from Jasper County was admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.045% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 100% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 0% were white. Incarcerated youth were 0% male and 100% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 0% were between 14 and 15, and 100% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Jasper County was Aftercare:Conditional Release Rules Violation Cat.II - Felony. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRC in FY20/21 was 312 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 1 youth from Jasper County was also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Jasper County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 120 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

**Trends**

Jasper County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 12%, cases are down 26%, violent and serious cases are down 38%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 7%. Youth detained are down 25%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 50%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are up 100% over FY19/20.

# Kershaw County

Youth population (2010 Census): 6040  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 54  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 66

## Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral

Assault & Battery 3rd degree (12 cases)  
Incorrigible (status)(8 cases)  
Municipal or Local Jurisdiction Misdemeanor (7 cases)  
Petty Larceny, <\$2000 (6 cases)  
Breaking into motor vehicle (5 cases)

## Referral Demographics

33.3% black	64.8% male	11.1% age 13 or less
61.1% white	35.2% female	38.9% age 14-15
0% Hispanic		50% age 16 or older
5.6% Other		

## Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 10  
Average length of stay in detention: 19 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

## Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 4  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 3  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 24 days

## Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRRC in FY 20/21: 2  
Average length of stay: 170 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 3  
Average length of stay: 107 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

## Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -21%  
Number of juvenile cases: -22%  
Violent or serious cases: -29%  
Status offense cases: -21%  
Youth detained: -29%  
Youth incarcerated: -50%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: -25%

## Office Contact Information

1121 Church Street  
Mailing: 515 Walnut Street  
Camden SC 29020  
803-432-9171

Kershaw County is a county located in the U.S. state of South Carolina. It is named for Joseph Brevard Kershaw (1727-1791), an early settler and American Revolutionary War patriot. The county was created in 1791 from parts of Clarendon, Lancaster, Fairfield, and Richland counties. As of the 2016 census, its population was 64,097. The county seat and largest city is Camden.

## DJJ Referrals

Kershaw County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 6040 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 54 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 66 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 33.3% were black, 61.1% were white, 0% were Hispanic, and 5.6% were other. Referred youth were 64.8% male and 35.2% female. 11.1% were at or under age 13, 38.9% were between 14 and 15, and 50% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault: Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 58% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 76% resulted in probation, 19% resulted in commitment, 0% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

## Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 10 youth were detained in Kershaw County. This represents a 0.166% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Kershaw County was Attempted Murder.

Additionally, 8 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 4 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 3 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (43%) compares unfavorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Kershaw County was 24 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

## Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 2 youth from Kershaw County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.033% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 50% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 0% were white, and 50% were other. Incarcerated youth were 100% male and 0% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 0% were between 14 and 15, and 100% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Kershaw County was Weapons: Pointing and presenting firearms at a person. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRRC in FY20/21 was 170 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 3 youth from Kershaw County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Kershaw County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 107 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

## Trends

Kershaw County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 21%, cases are down 22%, violent and serious cases are down 29%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 21%. Youth detained are down 29%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 50%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 25% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 6799  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 108  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 128

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (29 cases)  
Shoplifting, <\$2,000 (11 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (10 cases)  
Sale, delivery, possession of stolen pistol (10 cases)  
Drugs: Unlawful to advertise for sale, manufacture, possess, sell, etc. paraphernalia (civil fine) (8 cases)

**Referral Demographics**  
45.4% black 74.1% male 15.7% age 13 or less  
45.4% white 25.9% female 26.9% age 14-15  
6.5% Hispanic 57.4% age 16 or older  
2.8% Other

**Detentions**  
Youth detained in FY 20/21: 14  
Average length of stay in detention: 11 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

**Evaluations**  
Youth given a community evaluation: 6  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 3  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 58 days

**Incarcerations and Placements**  
Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRRC in FY 20/21: 2  
Average length of stay: 135 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 1  
Average length of stay: 60 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

**Trends (compared to FY 19/20)**  
Youth referred: -33%  
Number of juvenile cases: -33%  
Violent or serious cases: -31%  
Status offense cases: -100%  
Youth detained: -7%  
Youth incarcerated: -67%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: -86%

## Office Contact Information

104 North Main Street  
Lancaster SC 29720  
803-285-9447

# Lancaster County

Lancaster County and its county seat were named for Lancaster County, Pennsylvania. The county was formed in 1785, and it was originally part of the Camden District. A part of Lancaster County was removed in 1791 to form Kershaw County. As of the 2016 census estimate, its population was 89,594. Its county seat is Lancaster, which has an urban population of 23,979.

## DJJ Referrals

Lancaster County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 6799 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 108 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 128 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 45.4% were black, 45.4% were white, 6.5% were Hispanic, and 2.8% were other. Referred youth were 74.1% male and 25.9% female. 15.7% were at or under age 13, 26.9% were between 14 and 15, and 57.4% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault: Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 62% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 50% resulted in probation, 14% resulted in commitment, 5% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 23% had other outcomes.

## Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 14 youth were detained in Lancaster County. This represents a 0.206% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Lancaster County was Weapons: Poss. weapon during violent crime, if not also sentenced to life without parole or death.

Additionally, 9 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 6 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 3 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (23%) compares favorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Lancaster County was 58 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

## Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 2 youth from Lancaster County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.029% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 0% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 50% were white, and 50% were other. Incarcerated youth were 100% male and 0% female. And 50% were 13 or under, 0% were between 14 and 15, and 50% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Lancaster County was Probation: Violation for Cat. III - Felony. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRRC in FY20/21 was 135 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 1 youth from Lancaster County was also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Lancaster County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 60 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

## Trends

Lancaster County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 33%, cases are down 33%, violent and serious cases are down 31%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 100%. Youth detained are down 7%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 67%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 86% over FY19/20.



Youth population (2010 Census): 6074  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 88  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 122

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (16 cases)  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (14 cases)  
Breaking into motor vehicle (13 cases)  
Runaway (status) (13 cases)  
Petty Larceny, <\$2000 (11 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

37.5% black	70.5% male	13.6% age 13 or less
56.8% white	29.5% female	37.5% age 14-15
4.5% Hispanic		48.9% age 16 or older
1.1% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 24  
Average length of stay in detention: 4 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 6  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 0  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 0 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 0  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 3  
Average length of stay: 110 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -23%  
Number of juvenile cases: -18%  
Violent or serious cases: -28%  
Status offense cases: -37%  
Youth detained: -44%  
Youth incarcerated: -100%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: -25%

### Office Contact Information

100 Hillcrest Square, Suite J  
P.O. Box 686  
Laurens SC 29360

# Laurens County

Laurens County was formed in 1785. It was named after Henry Laurens, the fifth president of the Continental Congress. The county is famous for several Revolutionary War battles, including The Battle of Musgrove Mill, which represented the first time during the American Revolution that regular soldiers of Great Britain were defeated in battle by militia. As of the 2010 census, its population was 66,537. Its county seat is Laurens.

### DJJ Referrals

Laurens County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 6074 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 88 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 122 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 37.5% were black, 56.8% were white, 4.5% were Hispanic, and 1.1% were other. Referred youth were 70.5% male and 29.5% female. 13.6% were at or under age 13, 37.5% were between 14 and 15, and 48.9% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Drugs:Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana or 10g or less of hash - 1st offense.

Of these referrals, 50% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 73% resulted in probation, 27% resulted in commitment, 0% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 24 youth were detained in Laurens County. This represents a 0.395% detention rate for total youth population, which is above the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Laurens County was Breaking into motor vehicle.

Additionally, 6 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 6 were given a community evaluation exclusively and none were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (0%) compares favorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Laurens County was 0 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, no youth from Laurens County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia.

In addition, 3 youth from Laurens County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Laurens County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 110 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

### Trends

Laurens County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 23%, cases are down 18%, violent and serious cases are down 28%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 37%. Youth detained are down 44%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 100%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 25% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 1673  
 Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 8  
 Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 10

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
 Assault & Battery 3rd degree (2 cases)  
 Malicious Injury, <\$2000 (2 cases)  
 Pointing and presenting firearms at a person (2 cases)  
 Malicious injury; trespass (1 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

100% black	62.5% male	0% age 13 or less
0% white	37.5% female	37.5% age 14-15
0% Hispanic		62.5% age 16 or older
0% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 1  
 Average length of stay in detention: 35 days  
 State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 0  
 Youth given a residential evaluation: 0  
 Average stay in residential evaluation: 3 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 2  
 Average length of stay: 78 days  
 State average length of stay: 171 days  
 Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 1  
 Average length of stay: 42 days  
 State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -47%  
 Number of juvenile cases: -41%  
 Violent or serious cases: -75%  
 Status offense cases: +100%  
 Youth detained: unchanged  
 Youth incarcerated: +200%  
 Youth sent to alternative placement:  
 unchanged

### Office Contact Information

5 Courthouse Square  
 Bishopville SC 29010  
 803-484-4550

Lee county is named for Confederate General Robert E. Lee. A previous incarnation of Lee County was established in 1898 and was disestablished the next year. The current Lee County was formed in 1902. As of the 2016 census, its population was 17,635, making it the fifth-least populous county in South Carolina. Its county seat is Bishopville.

#### DJJ Referrals

Lee County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 1673 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 8 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 10 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 100% were black, 0% were white, 0% were Hispanic. Referred youth were 62.5% male and 37.5% female. 0% were at or under age 13, 37.5% were between 14 and 15, and 62.5% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault: Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 71% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 50% resulted in probation, 17% resulted in commitment, 17% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 17% had other outcomes.

#### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 1 youth were detained in Lee County. This represents a 0.06% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Lee County was Probation: Violation for Cat. III - Felony.

Additionally, 1 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number none were given a community evaluation exclusively and none were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (0%) compares favorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Lee County was 3 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

#### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 2 youth from Lee County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.12% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 100% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 0% were white. Incarcerated youth were 50% male and 50% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 50% were between 14 and 15, and 50% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Lee County was Probation: Violation for Cat. III - Felony. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRC in FY20/21 was 78 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 1 youth from Lee County was also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Lee County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 42 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

#### Trends

Lee County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 47%, cases are down 41%, violent and serious cases are down 75%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are up 100%. Youth detained are unchanged. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are up 200%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are unchanged over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 25206  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 326  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 356

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (48 cases)  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (45 cases)  
Purchase/poss. of beer/wine by minor (23 cases)  
Drugs:Unlawful to advertise for sale, manufacture, possess, sell, etc. (civil fine) (20 cases)  
Petty Larceny, <\$2000 (20 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

39.6% black	71.2% male	9.8% age 13 or less
56.7% white	28.8% female	26.1% age 14-15
2.5% Hispanic		63.5% age 16 or older
1.2% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 35  
Average length of stay in detention: 33 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 12  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 20  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 24 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRRC in FY 20/21: 8  
Average length of stay: 111 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 15  
Average length of stay: 100 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -38%  
Number of juvenile cases: -39%  
Violent or serious cases: unchanged  
Status offense cases: -34%  
Youth detained: -20%  
Youth incarcerated: +33%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: +15%

### Office Contact Information

605 West Main Street  
Lexington SC 29072  
803-359-5526

# Lexington County

Named for the Battle of Lexington and Concord, Lexington County was founded in 1785. As of the 2010 census, the population was 262,391, and the 2016 population estimate was 286,186. Its county seat and largest town is Lexington. The county is well-known for its waterways, including Lake Murray, the Broad River, the Saluda River and the Congaree River.

#### DJJ Referrals

Lexington County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 25206 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 326 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 356 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 39.6% were black, 56.7% were white, 2.5% were Hispanic, and 1.2% were other. Referred youth were 71.2% male and 28.8% female. 9.8% were at or under age 13, 26.1% were between 14 and 15, and 63.5% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Drugs:Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana or 10g or less of hash - 1st offense.

Of these referrals, 62% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 66% resulted in probation, 31% resulted in commitment, 1% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 2% had other outcomes.

#### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 35 youth were detained in Lexington County. This represents a 0.139% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Lexington County was Probation:Violation for Cat. V – Misd.

Additionally, 30 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 12 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 20 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (54%) compares unfavorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Lexington County was 24 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

#### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 8 youth from Lexington County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.032% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 62% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 37% were white. Incarcerated youth were 87% male and 12% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 12% were between 14 and 15, and 87% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Lexington County was Probation:Violation for Cat. II - Felony. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRRC in FY20/21 was 111 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 15 youth from Lexington County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Lexington County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 100 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

#### Trends

Lexington County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 38%, cases are down 39%, violent and serious cases are unchanged, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 34%. Youth detained are down 20%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are up 33%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are up 15% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 607  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 4  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 4

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Assault & Battery 2nd degree (1 case)  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (1 case)  
Probation:Violation for Cat. VI (Status) (1 case)  
Carrying weapons on school property (1 case)

**Referral Demographics**

25% black	75% male	25% age 13 or less
75% white	25% female	25% age 14-15
0% Hispanic		50% age 16 or older
0% Other		

**Trends (compared to FY 19/20)**

Youth referred: -50%  
Number of juvenile cases: -50%  
Violent or serious cases: +100%  
Status offense cases: -67%  
Youth detained: -100%  
Youth incarcerated: unchanged  
Youth sent to alternative placement:  
unchanged

**Office Contact Information**

Tri-County DJJ Office  
120 South Main Street, Ste. D.  
Saluda SC 29138  
864-445-8138

# McCormick County

McCormick County was formed in 1916 from parts of Edgefield, Abbeville, and Greenwood Counties. It was named after inventor Cyrus Hall McCormick (1809-1884). As of the 2010 census, its population was 10,233, making it the least-populous county in South Carolina. Its county seat is McCormick.

**DJJ Referrals**

McCormick County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 607 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 4 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 4 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 25% were black, 75% were white, 0% were Hispanic. Referred youth were 75% male and 25% female. 25% were at or under age 13, 25% were between 14 and 15, and 50% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault:Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 67% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 50% resulted in probation, 50% resulted in commitment, 0% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

**Detentions and Evaluations**

During FY 2020/2021, no youth were detained in McCormick County.

Additionally, no youth were given an evaluation in FY20/21.

**Incarcerations and Placements**

During FY 2020/2021, no youth from McCormick County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia.

In addition, no youth from McCormick County were sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs.

**Trends**

McCormick County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 50%, cases are down 50%, violent and serious cases are up 100%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 67%. Youth detained are down 100%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are unchanged. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are unchanged over FY19/20.



Youth population (2010 Census): 3169  
 Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 56  
 Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 64

## Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral

Assault & Battery 3rd degree (19 cases)  
 Runaway (status) (7 cases)  
 Contempt of Court (Status) (3 cases)  
 Contempt of Court (Status) (3 cases)  
 Malicious Injury, <\$2000 (3 cases)

## Referral Demographics

83.9% black	64.3% male	16.1% age 13 or less
14.3% white	35.7% female	28.6% age 14-15
1.8% Hispanic		55.4% age 16 or older
0% Other		

## Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 8  
 Average length of stay in detention: 10 days  
 State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

## Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 3  
 Youth given a residential evaluation: 5  
 Average stay in residential evaluation: 32 days

## Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRRC in FY 20/21: 3  
 Average length of stay: 21 days  
 State average length of stay: 171 days  
 Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 5  
 Average length of stay: 56 days  
 State average length of stay: 29 days

## Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -58%  
 Number of juvenile cases: -65%  
 Violent or serious cases: -85%  
 Status offense cases: -57%  
 Youth detained: -47%  
 Youth incarcerated: +200%  
 Youth sent to alternative placement: -17%

## Office Contact Information

1305 North Main Street-PO Box  
 1094  
 Marion SC 29571  
 843-431-1110

Marion County was created in 1785 and was originally known as Liberty County. However, four years later it was renamed Marion County, in honor of Brigadier General Francis Marion, the famous "Swamp Fox" and a hero of the American Revolutionary War. In 1910, a separated portion of the county was founded as adjacent Dillon County. As of the 2010 census, its population was 33,062. Its county seat is Marion.

## DJJ Referrals

Marion County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 3169 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 56 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 64 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 83.9% were black, 14.3% were white, 1.8% were Hispanic. Referred youth were 64.3% male and 35.7% female. 16.1% were at or under age 13, 28.6% were between 14 and 15, and 55.4% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault: Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 60% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 56% resulted in probation, 10% resulted in commitment, 24% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 5% had other outcomes.

## Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 8 youth were detained in Marion County. This represents a 0.252% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Marion County was Probation: Violation for Cat. X - Felony.

Additionally, 8 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 3 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 5 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (50%) compares unfavorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Marion County was 32 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

## Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 3 youth from Marion County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.095% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 100% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 0% were white. Incarcerated youth were 66% male and 33% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 33% were between 14 and 15, and 66% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Marion County was Probation: Violation for Cat. I - Felony. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRRC in FY20/21 was 21 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 5 youth from Marion County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Marion County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 56 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

## Trends

Marion County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 58%, cases are down 65%, violent and serious cases are down 85%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 57%. Youth detained are down 47%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are up 200%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 17% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 2590  
 Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 60  
 Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 81

## Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral

Assault & Battery 3rd degree (22 cases)  
 Status:Truancy (14 cases)  
 Incurable (status)(9 cases)  
 Runaway (status) (8 cases)  
 Malicious Injury, <\$2000 (6 cases)

## Referral Demographics

70% black	76.7% male	25% age 13 or less
26.7% white	23.3% female	43.3% age 14-15
1.7% Hispanic		28.3% age 16 or older
1.7% Other		

## Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 14  
 Average length of stay in detention: 36 days  
 State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

## Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 5  
 Youth given a residential evaluation: 4  
 Average stay in residential evaluation: 45 days

## Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 1  
 Average length of stay: 11 days  
 State average length of stay: 171 days  
 Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 5  
 Average length of stay: 42 days  
 State average length of stay: 29 days

## Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -35%  
 Number of juvenile cases: -28%  
 Violent or serious cases: -17%  
 Status offense cases: -43%  
 Youth detained: -26%  
 Youth incarcerated: unchanged  
 Youth sent to alternative placement: unchanged

## Office Contact Information

205 East Market Street-PO Box 453  
 Bennettsville SC 29512  
 843-479-2961

Formed in 1785 Marlboro County was named for John Churchill, 1st Duke of Marlborough. Marlboro County is home to the Pee Dee Indian Tribe, a relatively small American Indian tribe that has occupied the Pee Dee region for several centuries. As of the 2016 census its population was 26,945. Its county seat is Bennettsville.

## DJJ Referrals

Marlboro County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 2590 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 60 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 81 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 70% were black, 26.7% were white, 1.7% were Hispanic, and 1.7% were other. Referred youth were 76.7% male and 23.3% female. 25% were at or under age 13, 43.3% were between 14 and 15, and 28.3% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault:Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 47% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 31% resulted in probation, 5% resulted in commitment, 8% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

## Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 14 youth were detained in Marlboro County. This represents a 0.541% detention rate for total youth population, which is above the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Marlboro County was Breaking into motor vehicle.

Additionally, 9 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 5 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 4 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (36%) compares favorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Marlboro County was 45 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

## Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 1 youth from Marlboro County was admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.039% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 100% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 0% were white. Incarcerated youth were 100% male and 0% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 0% were between 14 and 15, and 100% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Marlboro County was Assault:Assault & Battery 3rd degree. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRC in FY20/21 was 11 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 5 youth from Marlboro County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Marlboro County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 42 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

## Trends

Marlboro County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 35%, cases are down 28%, violent and serious cases are down 17%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 43%. Youth detained are down 26%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are unchanged. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are unchanged over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 3274  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 58  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 72

#### Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral

Public disorderly conduct (9 cases)  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (8 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (8 cases)  
Malicious injury; trespass (6 cases)  
Trespassing - 1st offense (6 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

65.5% black	70.7% male	8.6% age 13 or less
27.6% white	29.3% female	24.1% age 14-15
6.9% Hispanic		65.5% age 16 or older
0% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 10  
Average length of stay in detention: 4 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 6  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 1  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 42 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRRC in FY 20/21: 1  
Average length of stay: 9 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 2  
Average length of stay: 108 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -44%  
Number of juvenile cases: -42%  
Violent or serious cases: +40%  
Status offense cases: +50%  
Youth detained: +25%  
Youth incarcerated: +100%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: -60%

### Office Contact Information

1224 College Street  
Newberry SC 29108  
803-276-8243

# Newberry County

Newberry County was formed from Ninety-Six District in 1785. Prior to its formal founding, the area was the site of several American Revolutionary War battles: Williams Plantation, Dec. 31, 1780; Mud Lick, March 2, 1781; and Bush River, May 1781. The town of Newberry was founded in 1789 as the county seat and was sometimes called Newberry Courthouse for that reason. As of the 2010 census, its population was 37,508. Its county seat is Newberry.

### DJJ Referrals

Newberry County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 3274 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 58 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 72 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 65.5% were black, 27.6% were white, 6.9% were Hispanic. Referred youth were 70.7% male and 29.3% female. 8.6% were at or under age 13, 24.1% were between 14 and 15, and 65.5% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Disorderly:Public disorderly conduct.

Of these referrals, 61% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 73% resulted in probation, 14% resulted in commitment, 14% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 10 youth were detained in Newberry County. This represents a 0.305% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Newberry County was Attempted Murder.

Additionally, 8 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 6 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 1 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (13%) compares favorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Newberry County was 42 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 1 youth from Newberry County was admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.031% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 100% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 0% were white. Incarcerated youth were 100% male and 0% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 0% were between 14 and 15, and 100% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Newberry County was Breaking into motor vehicle. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRRC in FY20/21 was 9 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 2 youth from Newberry County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Newberry County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 108 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

### Trends

Newberry County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 44%, cases are down 42%, violent and serious cases are up 40%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are up 50%. Youth detained are up 25%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are up 100%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 60% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 6270  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 111  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 138

#### Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral

Assault & Battery 3rd degree (26 cases)  
Petty Larceny, <\$2000 (17 cases)  
Runaway (status) (10 cases)  
Malicious Injury, <\$2000 (9 cases)  
Burglary - Second degree (8 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

14.4% black	64.9% male	14.4% age 13 or less
79.3% white	35.1% female	42.3% age 14-15
5.4% Hispanic		43.2% age 16 or older
0.9% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 19  
Average length of stay in detention: 17 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 7  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 7  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 42 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 2  
Average length of stay: 6 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 2  
Average length of stay: 76 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: +29%  
Number of juvenile cases: +34%  
Violent or serious cases: +31%  
Status offense cases: +100%  
Youth detained: +27%  
Youth incarcerated: unchanged  
Youth sent to alternative placement: -33%

### Office Contact Information

203 Booker Drive-Suite B  
Walhalla SC 29691  
864-638-9537

# Oconee County

The westernmost county in the state, Oconee County takes its name from the Cherokee word "Ae-quo-nee" meaning "land beside the water." Oconee was a local Cherokee town that was situated on the main British/Cherokee trading path between Charleston and the Mississippi River in the early 18th century. The modern county was founded in 1868 out of the Pickens District, named for Oconee Town. As of the 2010 census, the population was 74,273. Its county seat is Walhalla.

#### DJJ Referrals

Oconee County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 6270 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 111 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 138 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 14.4% were black, 79.3% were white, 5.4% were Hispanic, and 0.9% were other. Referred youth were 64.9% male and 35.1% female. 14.4% were at or under age 13, 42.3% were between 14 and 15, and 43.2% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault: Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 39% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 67% resulted in probation, 12% resulted in commitment, 13% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

#### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 19 youth were detained in Oconee County. This represents a 0.303% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Oconee County was Probation: Violation for Cat. II - Felony.

Additionally, 14 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 7 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 7 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (37%) compares favorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Oconee County was 42 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

#### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 2 youth from Oconee County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.032% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 50% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 50% were white. Incarcerated youth were 50% male and 50% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 50% were between 14 and 15, and 50% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Oconee County was Contempt: Contempt of Court by Child (Criminal). The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRC in FY20/21 was 6 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 2 youth from Oconee County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Oconee County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 76 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

#### Trends

Oconee County saw an increase in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is up 29%, cases are up 34%, violent and serious cases are up 31%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are up 100%. Youth detained are up 27%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are unchanged. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 33% over FY19/20.



Youth population (2010 Census): 8242  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 160  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 199

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Status:Truancy (44 cases)  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (15 cases)  
Weapons:Unlawful carrying of pistol (11 cases)  
Petty Larceny, <\$2000 (10 cases)  
Probation:Violation for Cat. VI - Status (10 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

76.9% black	78.1% male	30% age 13 or less
20% white	21.9% female	27.5% age 14-15
1.3% Hispanic		41.3% age 16 or older
1.9% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 45  
Average length of stay in detention: 59 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 6  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 20  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 29 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 9  
Average length of stay: 171 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 11  
Average length of stay: 125 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -31%  
Number of juvenile cases: -34%  
Violent or serious cases: -33%  
Status offense cases: -34%  
Youth detained: -18%  
Youth incarcerated: +50%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: -31%

### Office Contact Information

303 Summers Avenue  
Orangeburg, SC 29115  
803-533-6270

# Orangeburg County

The Orangeburg Judicial District was chartered in 1769 from a mostly unorganized upland area between the Congaree and Savannah rivers. A county, initially of the same name but later called Orange, was organized within the district but deorganized in 1791, after the American Revolutionary War. The county was named for William III of England ("William of Orange"). As of the 2010 census, the population was 92,501. Its county seat is Orangeburg.

### DJJ Referrals

Orangeburg County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 8242 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 160 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 199 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 76.9% were black, 20% were white, 1.3% were Hispanic, and 1.9% were other. Referred youth were 78.1% male and 21.9% female. 30% were at or under age 13, 27.5% were between 14 and 15, and 41.3% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Status:Truancy.

Of these referrals, 27% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 48% resulted in probation, 10% resulted in commitment, 13% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 4% had other outcomes.

### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 45 youth were detained in Orangeburg County. This represents a 0.546% detention rate for total youth population, which is above the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Orangeburg County was Attempted Murder.

Additionally, 26 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 6 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 20 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (74%) compares unfavorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Orangeburg County was 29 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 9 youth from Orangeburg County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.109% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 77% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 22% were white. Incarcerated youth were 66% male and 33% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 11% were between 14 and 15, and 88% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Orangeburg County was Petty Larceny, <\$2,000. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRC in FY20/21 was 171 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 11 youth from Orangeburg County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Orangeburg County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 125 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

### Trends

Orangeburg County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 31%, cases are down 34%, violent and serious cases are down 33%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 34%. Youth detained are down 18%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are up 50%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 31% over FY19/20.

# Pickens County

Youth population (2010 Census): 9716  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 135  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 151

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (29 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (16 cases)  
Shoplifting, <\$2,000 (10 cases)  
Incorrigible (status)(9 cases)  
Runaway (status) (9 cases)

## Referral Demographics

13.3% black	58.5% male	15.6% age 13 or less
80.7% white	41.5% female	28.1% age 14-15
1.5% Hispanic		55.6% age 16 or older
4.4% Other		

## Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 26  
Average length of stay in detention: 12 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

## Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 21  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 3  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 36 days

## Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 1  
Average length of stay: 236 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 13  
Average length of stay: 80 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

## Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -25%  
Number of juvenile cases: -28%  
Violent or serious cases: -29%  
Status offense cases: unchanged  
Youth detained: -10%  
Youth incarcerated: -75%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: +8%

## Office Contact Information

214 East Main Street-Room A130  
Pickens SC 29691  
864-878-7560

Named in honor of the Revolutionary soldier, Brigadier General Andrew Pickens, Pickens County was formed in 1826 from the larger Pendleton District of South Carolina. A courthouse was established on the west bank of the Keowee River, and a small town called Pickens Court House soon developed. As of the 2010 census, its population was 119,224. Its county seat is Pickens.

## DJJ Referrals

Pickens County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 9716 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 135 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 151 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 13.3% were black, 80.7% were white, 1.5% were Hispanic, and 4.4% were other. Referred youth were 58.5% male and 41.5% female. 15.6% were at or under age 13, 28.1% were between 14 and 15, and 55.6% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault: Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 49% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 85% resulted in probation, 5% resulted in commitment, 7% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 2% had other outcomes.

## Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 26 youth were detained in Pickens County. This represents a 0.268% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Pickens County was Runaway (status).

Additionally, 25 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 21 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 3 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (11%) compares favorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Pickens County was 36 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

## Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 1 youth from Pickens County was admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.01% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 100% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 0% were white. Incarcerated youth were 0% male and 100% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 0% were between 14 and 15, and 100% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Pickens County was Runaway (status). The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRC in FY20/21 was 236 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 13 youth from Pickens County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Pickens County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 80 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

## Trends

Pickens County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 25%, cases are down 28%, violent and serious cases are down 29%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are unchanged. Youth detained are down 10%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 75%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are up 8% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 33714  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 460  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 600

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (76 cases)  
Sale, delivery, possession of stolen pistol (71 cases)  
Weapons:Unlawful carrying of pistol (64 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (42 cases)  
Petty Larceny, <\$2000 (42 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

85% black	75.9% male	8.3% age 13 or less
11.7% white	24.1% female	29.8% age 14-15
1.7% Hispanic		61.5% age 16 or older
1.5% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 174  
Average length of stay in detention: 33 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 17  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 32  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 17 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 16  
Average length of stay: 200 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 25  
Average length of stay: 107 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -16%  
Number of juvenile cases: -15%  
Violent or serious cases: +27%  
Status offense cases: -2%  
Youth detained: +87%  
Youth incarcerated: -48%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: -24%

### Office Contact Information

Richland County Judicial Center  
1701 Main Street-PO Box 192  
Columbia SC 29201  
803-253-4050

# Richland County

Richland County is part of the Columbia, SC Metropolitan Statistical Area. As of the 2016 census, the population was 409,549 making it the second-most populous county in South Carolina, behind only Greenville County. The county seat and largest city is Columbia, the state capital. The county was founded in 1785.

#### DJJ Referrals

Richland County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 33714 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 460 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 600 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 85% were black, 11.7% were white, 1.7% were Hispanic, and 1.5% were other. Referred youth were 75.9% male and 24.1% female. 8.3% were at or under age 13, 29.8% were between 14 and 15, and 61.5% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault:Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 38% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 75% resulted in probation, 19% resulted in commitment, 5% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 1% had other outcomes.

#### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 174 youth were detained in Richland County. This represents a 0.516% detention rate for total youth population, which is above the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Richland County was Weapons:Sale or delivery of pistol to, and possession by, certain persons unlawful; stolen pistol.

Additionally, 52 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 17 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 32 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (56%) compares unfavorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Richland County was 17 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

#### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 16 youth from Richland County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.047% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 93% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 6% were white. Incarcerated youth were 75% male and 25% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 31% were between 14 and 15, and 68% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Richland County was Robbery:Armed Robbery, robbery while armed or allegedly armed with a deadly weapon. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRC in FY20/21 was 200 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 25 youth from Richland County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Richland County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 107 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

#### Trends

Richland County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 16%, cases are down 15%, violent and serious cases are up 27%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 2%. Youth detained are up 87%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 48%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 24% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 1691  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 22  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 28

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**

- Petty Larceny, <\$2000 (7 cases)
- Assault & Battery 3rd degree (5 cases)
- Runaway (status) (4 cases)
- Shoplifting, <\$2,000 (3 cases)
- Incorrigible (status)(3 cases)

**Referral Demographics**

63.6% black	77.3% male	27.3% age 13 or less
22.7% white	22.7% female	27.3% age 14-15
9.1% Hispanic		45.5% age 16 or older
4.5% Other		

**Detentions**

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 6  
Average length of stay in detention: 85 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

**Evaluations**

Youth given a community evaluation: 5  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 4  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 23 days

**Incarcerations and Placements**

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRRC in FY 20/21: 3  
Average length of stay: 15 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 2  
Average length of stay: 29 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

**Trends (compared to FY 19/20)**

- Youth referred: -50%
- Number of juvenile cases: -43%
- Violent or serious cases: -40%
- Status offense cases: -53%
- Youth detained: +20%
- Youth incarcerated: +300%
- Youth sent to alternative placement: +200%

**Office Contact Information**

Tri-County DJJ Office  
120 South Main Street, Ste. D.  
Saluda SC 29138  
864-445-8138

Named for the Saluda River, Saluda County was formed from northern and eastern portions of Edgefield County in 1896. The county is largely in the Saluda River basin with a small portion of western Saluda in the Savannah River basin, and is home to a portion of Lake Murray which has approximately 500 miles of shoreline and covers 50,000 acres. Saluda County's portion includes Big River and Little Saluda River. As of the 2010 census, the population was 19,875. Its county seat is Saluda.

**DJJ Referrals**

Saluda County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 1691 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 22 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 28 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 63.6% were black, 22.7% were white, 9.1% were Hispanic, and 4.5% were other. Referred youth were 77.3% male and 22.7% female. 27.3% were at or under age 13, 27.3% were between 14 and 15, and 45.5% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Petty Larceny, <\$2,000.

Of these referrals, 46% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 58% resulted in probation, 33% resulted in commitment, 8% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

**Detentions and Evaluations**

During FY 2020/2021, 6 youth were detained in Saluda County. This represents a 0.355% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Saluda County was Runaway (status).

Additionally, 9 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 5 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 4 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (44%) compares unfavorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Saluda County was 23 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

**Incarcerations and Placements**

During FY 2020/2021, 3 youth from Saluda County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.177% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 0% were black, 33% were Hispanic, 66% were white. Incarcerated youth were 33% male and 66% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 33% were between 14 and 15, and 66% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Saluda County was Carjacking:Take or attempt a vehicle from person by force without great bodily harm. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRRC in FY20/21 was 15 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 2 youth from Saluda County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Saluda County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 29 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

**Trends**

Saluda County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 50%, cases are down 43%, violent and serious cases are down 40%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 53%. Youth detained are up 20%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are up 300%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are up 200% over FY19/20.



Youth population (2010 Census): 27340  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 175  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 225

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (30 cases)  
Weapons:Unlawful carrying of pistol (19 cases)  
Sale, delivery, possession of stolen pistol (17 cases)  
Malicious Injury, <\$2000 (16 cases)  
Public disorderly conduct (12 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

62.3% black	72.6% male	6.9% age 13 or less
29.7% white	27.4% female	40% age 14-15
7.4% Hispanic		52% age 16 or older
0.6% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 115  
Average length of stay in detention: 37 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 14  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 11  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 30 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 2  
Average length of stay: 250 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 11  
Average length of stay: 59 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -45%  
Number of juvenile cases: -41%  
Violent or serious cases: -32%  
Status offense cases: -66%  
Youth detained: +13%  
Youth incarcerated: -71%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: -31%

### Office Contact Information

200 Library St.  
Spartanburg SC 29306  
864-594-0004

# Spartanburg County

Spartanburg County is a county located on the northwestern border of the state. The 2016 population estimate is 301,463, making it the fifth-most populous county in South Carolina. Its county seat is Spartanburg. According to the U.S. Census Bureau, the county has a total area of 819 square miles, of which 808 square miles is land and 11 square miles (1.4%) is water.

### DJJ Referrals

Spartanburg County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 27340 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 175 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 225 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 62.3% were black, 29.7% were white, 7.4% were Hispanic, and 0.6% were other. Referred youth were 72.6% male and 27.4% female. 6.9% were at or under age 13, 40% were between 14 and 15, and 52% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault:Assault & Battery 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 36% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 69% resulted in probation, 11% resulted in commitment, 17% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 3% had other outcomes.

### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 115 youth were detained in Spartanburg County. This represents a 0.421% detention rate for total youth population, which is above the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Spartanburg County was Malicious:Malicious Injury to animals, personal property, injury value \$2,000 or less.

Additionally, 27 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 14 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 11 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (39%) compares unfavorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Spartanburg County was 30 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 2 youth from Spartanburg County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.007% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 50% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 50% were white. Incarcerated youth were 50% male and 50% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 50% were between 14 and 15, and 50% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Spartanburg County was Aftercare:Conditional Release Rules Violation Cat.III - Felony. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRC in FY20/21 was 250 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 11 youth from Spartanburg County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Spartanburg County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 59 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

### Trends

Spartanburg County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 45%, cases are down 41%, violent and serious cases are down 32%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 66%. Youth detained are up 13%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 71%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 31% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 10503  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 170  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 233

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Incorrigible (status)(50 cases)  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (31 cases)  
Malicious Injury, <\$2000 (26 cases)  
Runaway (status) (21 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (20 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

77.1% black	72.4% male	14.7% age 13 or less
20.6% white	27.6% female	40.6% age 14-15
1.8% Hispanic		44.7% age 16 or older
0.6% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 34  
Average length of stay in detention: 56 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 16  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 5  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 20 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRRC in FY 20/21: 6  
Average length of stay: 359 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 4  
Average length of stay: 138 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -34%  
Number of juvenile cases: -29%  
Violent or serious cases: -43%  
Status offense cases: +4%  
Youth detained: -8%  
Youth incarcerated: -14%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: -43%

### Office Contact Information

115 North Harvin Street, 6th Floor  
Sumter SC 29150  
803-778-2368

# Sumter County

Founded in 1800 and named for Revolutionary War hero Thomas Sumter, Sumter County is located in the central part of the state. The county is the home of Shaw Air Force Base, one of largest bases in the USAF Air Combat. As of the 2010 census, the population was 107,456; in a 2013 census estimate, the population was at 108,123. Its county seat is Sumter.

#### DJJ Referrals

Sumter County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 10503 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 170 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 233 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 77.1% were black, 20.6% were white, 1.8% were Hispanic, and 0.6% were other. Referred youth were 72.4% male and 27.6% female. 14.7% were at or under age 13, 40.6% were between 14 and 15, and 44.7% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Status:Incorrigible, Ungovernable, Beyond the Control of Parents.

Of these referrals, 61% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 71% resulted in probation, 18% resulted in commitment, 6% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 5% had other outcomes.

#### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 34 youth were detained in Sumter County. This represents a 0.324% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Sumter County was Robbery:Armed Robbery, robbery while armed or allegedly armed with a deadly weapon.

Additionally, 22 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 16 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 5 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (21%) compares favorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Sumter County was 20 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

#### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 6 youth from Sumter County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.057% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 83% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 16% were white. Incarcerated youth were 83% male and 16% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 16% were between 14 and 15, and 83% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Sumter County was Probation:Violation for Cat. II - Felony. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRRC in FY20/21 was 359 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 4 youth from Sumter County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Sumter County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 138 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

#### Trends

Sumter County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 34%, cases are down 29%, violent and serious cases are down 43%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are up 4%. Youth detained are down 8%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 14%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 43% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 2760  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 171  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 209

## Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral

Status:Truancy (78 cases)  
Contempt of Court (Status) (31 cases)  
Runaway (status) (16 cases)  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (10 cases)

## Referral Demographics

40.9% black	54.4% male	31% age 13 or less
52.6% white	45.6% female	40.9% age 14-15
0% Hispanic		27.5% age 16 or older
6.4% Other		

## Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 32  
Average length of stay in detention: 18 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

## Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 41  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 7  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 24 days

## Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 1  
Average length of stay: 342 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 8  
Average length of stay: 131 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

## Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: +32%  
Number of juvenile cases: +35%  
Violent or serious cases: -80%  
Status offense cases: +163%  
Youth detained: +28%  
Youth incarcerated: -80%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: +100%

## Office Contact Information

200 South Mountain Street-Suite 3  
Union SC 29379  
864-429-1640

Union County was named for the old Union Church, which served both the Presbyterian and Episcopal congregations in the area. The church was erected in 1765 near the present day town of Union, the county seat. Union County was created as a part of the overarching Ninety-Six District in 1785. It was then part of Pinckney District from 1791 to 1800 and became a separate county when the overarching Pinckney District was dissolved in 1800. As of the 2010 census, the population was 28,961. Its county seat is Union.

## DJJ Referrals

Union County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 2760 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 171 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 209 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 40.9% were black, 52.6% were white, 0% were Hispanic, and 6.4% were other. Referred youth were 54.4% male and 45.6% female. 31% were at or under age 13, 40.9% were between 14 and 15, and 27.5% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Status:Truancy.

Of these referrals, 20% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 36% resulted in probation, 11% resulted in commitment, 0% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 0% had other outcomes.

## Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 32 youth were detained in Union County. This represents a 1.159% detention rate for total youth population, which is above the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Union County was Runaway (status).

Additionally, 50 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 41 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 7 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (14%) compares favorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Union County was 24 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

## Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 1 youth from Union County was admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.036% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 100% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 0% were white. Incarcerated youth were 0% male and 100% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 0% were between 14 and 15, and 100% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from Union County was Probation:Violation for Cat. IV - Misd. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRC in FY20/21 was 342 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 8 youth from Union County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from Union County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 131 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

## Trends

Union County saw an increase in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is up 32%, cases are up 35%, violent and serious cases are down 80%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are up 163%. Youth detained are up 28%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 80%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are up 100% over FY19/20.

Youth population (2010 Census): 3276  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 38  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 51

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Assault & Battery by Mob, 3rd degree (5 cases)  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (5 cases)  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (5 cases)  
Petty Larceny, <\$2000 (5 cases)  
Breaking into motor vehicle (4 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

81.6% black	76.3% male	31.6% age 13 or less
13.2% white	23.7% female	21.1% age 14-15
0% Hispanic		47.4% age 16 or older
5.3% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 8  
Average length of stay in detention: 17 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 0  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 2  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 21 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRC in FY 20/21: 0  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 0

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -37%  
Number of juvenile cases: -25%  
Violent or serious cases: +67%  
Status offense cases: -33%  
Youth detained: +14%  
Youth incarcerated: unchanged  
Youth sent to alternative placement: -100%

### Office Contact Information

147 W. Main Street  
P.O. Box 697  
Kingstree, SC 29556  
843-355-2772

# Williamsburg County

Williamsburg, named after William of Orange, was one of eleven townships ordered by King George II in 1730 meant to develop the "back country" of the Carolina Province. The township was later divided and became a number of separate counties, including present Williamsburg County. As of the 2010 census its population was 34,423. The county seat is Kingstree.

#### DJJ Referrals

Williamsburg County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 3276 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 38 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 51 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 81.6% were black, 13.2% were white, 0% were Hispanic, and 5.3% were other. Referred youth were 76.3% male and 23.7% female. 31.6% were at or under age 13, 21.1% were between 14 and 15, and 47.4% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Assault & Battery by Mob, 3rd degree.

Of these referrals, 47% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 38% resulted in probation, 0% resulted in commitment, 54% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 8% had other outcomes.

#### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 8 youth were detained in Williamsburg County. This represents a 0.244% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in Williamsburg County was Weapons:Sale or delivery of pistol to, and possession by, certain persons unlawful; stolen pistol.

Additionally, 2 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number none were given a community evaluation exclusively and 2 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (67%) compares unfavorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from Williamsburg County was 21 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

#### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, no youth from Williamsburg County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia.

In addition, no youth from Williamsburg County were sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs.

#### Trends

Williamsburg County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 37%, cases are down 25%, violent and serious cases are up 67%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 33%. Youth detained are up 14%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are unchanged. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are down 100% over FY19/20.



Youth population (2010 Census): 22811  
Youth referred to DJJ in FY 20/21: 376  
Total juvenile cases in FY20/21: 490

**Top Five Offenses Associated With Referral**  
Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana (65 cases)  
Assault & Battery 3rd degree (39 cases)  
Public disorderly conduct (27 cases)  
Status:Truancy (27 cases)  
Breaking into motor vehicle (25 cases)

#### Referral Demographics

44.4% black	70.7% male	15.7% age 13 or less
50.5% white	29.3% female	34.3% age 14-15
2.7% Hispanic		49.7% age 16 or older
2.4% Other		

#### Detentions

Youth detained in FY 20/21: 72  
Average length of stay in detention: 21 days  
State average length of stay in detention: 31 days

#### Evaluations

Youth given a community evaluation: 71  
Youth given a residential evaluation: 21  
Average stay in residential evaluation: 28 days

#### Incarcerations and Placements

Youth incarcerated at DJJ's BRRRC in FY 20/21: 5  
Average length of stay: 243 days  
State average length of stay: 171 days  
Youth placed at Wilderness Camps or Marine Programs: 22  
Average length of stay: 107 days  
State average length of stay: 29 days

#### Trends (compared to FY 19/20)

Youth referred: -37%  
Number of juvenile cases: -37%  
Violent or serious cases: -20%  
Status offense cases: -23%  
Youth detained: -35%  
Youth incarcerated: -44%  
Youth sent to alternative placement: +144%

### Office Contact Information

1070 Heckle Boulevard, Suite #203  
Rock Hill SC 29732  
803-909-7500

# York County

Founded in 1785, York County is located in north central South Carolina, along the North Carolina border. Its natural boundaries are the Broad River on the west and the Catawba River on the east. As of the 2010 census, the population was 226,073. Its county seat is York and its largest city is Rock Hill. The county is served by one interstate highway, I-77, and a nearby airport, Charlotte/Douglas International Airport.

#### DJJ Referrals

York County has a youth (age 10-16) population of 22811 as of the 2010 census. During FY 2020/2021, the county referred 376 juveniles to DJJ and processed a total of 490 juvenile cases. Of these referred youths, 44.4% were black, 50.5% were white, 2.7% were Hispanic, and 2.4% were other. Referred youth were 70.7% male and 29.3% female. 15.7% were at or under age 13, 34.3% were between 14 and 15, and 49.7% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with referral was Poss. of 28g (1 oz) or less of marijuana.

Of these referrals, 39% were ultimately dismissed or diverted. Of the cases prosecuted, 57% resulted in probation, 19% resulted in commitment, 8% resulted in dismissal or acquittal and 10% had other outcomes.

#### Detentions and Evaluations

During FY 2020/2021, 72 youth were detained in York County. This represents a 0.316% detention rate for total youth population, which is below the statewide detention rate of 0.367%. The most common offense associated with detention in York County was Breaking into motor vehicle.

Additionally, 93 youth were also given an evaluation in FY20/21. Of that number 71 were given a community evaluation exclusively and 21 were given a secure residential evaluation at a DJJ Evaluation Center. The percentage of youth sent to a secure residential evaluation over a community evaluation (21%) compares favorably to the state average of 38%. The average residential evaluation stay for youth from York County was 28 days, compared to a state average of 29 days.

#### Incarcerations and Placements

During FY 2020/2021, 5 youth from York County were admitted to DJJ's long term incarceration facility in Columbia. This represents a 0.022% long-term incarceration rate for total youth population, compared to the statewide incarceration rate of 0.035%. Of these incarcerated youths, 60% were black, 0% were Hispanic, 20% were white, and 20% were other. Incarcerated youth were 80% male and 20% female. And 0% were 13 or under, 40% were between 14 and 15, and 60% were 16 or older. The most common offense associated with incarceration from York County was Robbery:Armed Robbery, robbery while armed or allegedly armed with a deadly weapon. The average length-of-stay for juveniles leaving BRRRC in FY20/21 was 243 days. This compares to a state average length-of-stay of 171 days.

In addition, 22 youth from York County were also sent to private Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs, as alternative placements to long-term incarceration. The average length-of-stay for juveniles from York County leaving these placements in FY 20/21 was 107 days, compared to a state average of 97 days.

#### Trends

York County saw a drop in juvenile referrals and cases in FY20/21, compared to FY2019/20. The number of referred juveniles is down 37%, cases are down 37%, violent and serious cases are down 20%, and status offense cases (such as truancy and runaway) are down 23%. Youth detained are down 35%. Youth sent to long-term incarceration are down 44%. And youth sent to Wilderness Camps and Marine Programs are up 144% over FY19/20.





# Appendices

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*In the following section, we provided some more detailed tables related to the summary information provided in earlier sections.*



*APPENDIX TABLE I*  
**JUVENILE DETENTIONS (PRE and POST ADJUDICATORY) by COUNTY/JURISDICTION**  
**A TWO-YEAR COMPARISON**  
*FY 2020/2021*

COUNTY	FY 2020/2021		PRIOR YEAR		PERCENT CHANGE
	JUVENILE DETENTIONS	PERCENT OF TOTAL	JUVENILE DETENTIONS	PERCENT OF TOTAL	
Abbeville	6	0.3%	5	0.2%	20.0%
Aiken	36	1.6%	60	2.1%	-40.0%
Allendale	2	0.1%	17	0.6%	-88.2%
Anderson	49	2.2%	84	2.9%	-41.7%
Bamberg	3	0.1%	2	0.1%	200.0%
Barnwell	8	0.4%	11	0.4%	-27.3%
Beaufort	49	2.2%	49	1.7%	0.0%
Berkeley	115	5.2%	103	3.6%	11.7%
Calhoun	3	0.1%	7	0.2%	-57.1%
Charleston	369	16.8%	442	15.5%	-16.5%
Cherokee	43	2.0%	60	2.1%	-28.3%
Chester	14	0.6%	16	0.6%	-12.5%
Chesterfield	45	2.0%	36	1.3%	25.0%
Clarendon	3	0.1%	12	0.4%	-75.0%
Colleton	6	0.3%	14	0.5%	-57.1%
Darlington	33	1.5%	49	1.7%	-32.7%
Dillon	14	0.6%	17	0.6%	-17.6%
Dorchester	31	1.4%	73	2.6%	-57.5%
Edgefield	10	0.5%	18	0.6%	-44.4%
Fairfield	15	0.7%	17	0.6%	-11.8%
Florence	49	2.2%	111	3.9%	-55.9%
Georgetown	13	0.6%	23	0.8%	-43.5%
Greenville	258	11.7%	364	12.8%	-29.1%
Greenwood	23	1.0%	24	0.8%	-4.2%
Hampton	11	0.5%	25	0.9%	-56.0%
Horry	142	6.5%	234	8.2%	-39.3%
Jasper	9	0.4%	19	0.7%	-52.6%
Kershaw	11	0.5%	36	1.3%	-69.4%
Lancaster	25	1.1%	23	0.8%	8.7%
Laurens	34	1.5%	61	2.1%	-44.3%
Lee	3	0.1%	4	0.1%	-25.0%
Lexington	41	1.9%	59	2.1%	-30.5%
Marion	13	0.6%	20	0.7%	-35.0%
Marlboro	17	0.8%	20	0.7%	-15.0%
McCormick	0	0.0%	2	0.1%	200.0%
Newberry	8	0.4%	14	0.5%	-42.9%
Oconee	22	1.0%	30	1.1%	-26.7%
Orangeburg	49	2.2%	87	3.0%	-43.7%
Pickens	30	1.4%	31	1.1%	-3.2%
Richland	243	11.1%	113	4.0%	115.0%
Saluda	9	0.4%	7	0.2%	28.6%
Spartanburg	152	6.9%	174	6.1%	-12.6%
Sumter	42	1.9%	55	1.9%	-23.6%
Union	28	1.3%	38	1.3%	-26.3%
Williamsburg	21	1.0%	11	0.4%	90.9%
York	91	4.1%	176	6.2%	-48.3%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2,198</b>		<b>2,853</b>		



APPENDIX TABLE II  
**DELINQUENCY PROCESSING RATE by COUNTY**  
 FY 2020/2021

COUNTY	All Juveniles Ages 10 - 16*	Juvenile Cases	Percent	Rate per 1,000
Abbeville	2,310	17	0.74%	7
Aiken	14,419	273	1.89%	19
Allendale	908	9	0.99%	10
Anderson	17,967	330	1.84%	18
Bamberg	1,460	10	0.68%	7
Barnwell	2,348	53	2.26%	23
Beaufort	11,979	353	2.95%	29
Berkeley	16,883	449	2.66%	27
Calhoun	1,305	75	5.75%	57
Charleston	25,784	862	3.34%	33
Cherokee	5,389	145	2.69%	27
Chester	3,131	49	1.56%	16
Chesterfield	4,731	103	2.18%	22
Clarendon	3,069	30	0.98%	10
Colleton	3,787	42	1.11%	11
Darlington	6,731	148	2.20%	22
Dillon	3,239	65	2.01%	20
Dorchester	14,817	259	1.75%	17
Edgefield	2,423	31	1.28%	13
Fairfield	2,156	42	1.95%	19
Florence	13,157	236	1.79%	18
Georgetown	5,386	130	2.41%	24
Greenville	42,120	880	2.09%	21
Greenwood	6,509	250	3.84%	38
Hampton	2,067	56	2.71%	27
Horry	20,665	927	4.49%	45
Jasper	2,244	48	2.14%	21
Kershaw	6,040	66	1.09%	11
Lancaster	6,799	128	1.88%	19
Laurens	6,074	122	2.01%	20
Lee	1,673	10	0.60%	6
Lexington	25,206	356	1.41%	14
Marion	3,169	64	2.02%	20
Marlboro	2,590	81	3.13%	31
McCormick	607	4	0.66%	7
Newberry	3,274	72	2.20%	22
Oconee	6,270	138	2.20%	22
Orangeburg	8,242	199	2.41%	24
Pickens	9,716	151	1.55%	16
Richland	33,714	600	1.78%	18
Saluda	1,691	28	1.66%	17
Spartanburg	27,340	225	0.82%	8
Sumter	10,503	233	2.22%	22
Union	2,760	209	7.57%	76
Williamsburg	3,276	51	1.56%	16
York	22,811	490	2.15%	21
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>418,739</b>	<b>9,099</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>991</b>

\*2010 Population Census provided by SC Data Center

APPENDIX TABLE III  
**JUVENILE CASES to the SOLICITOR by COUNTY**  
*FY 2020/2021 (By Most Serious Charge)*

COUNTY	ALL CASES	VIOLENT AND SERIOUS CASES		STATUS CASES	
	NUMBER	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
Abbeville	17	3	18%	2	12%
Aiken	273	42	15%	28	10%
Allendale	9	1	11%	2	22%
Anderson	330	25	8%	53	16%
Bamberg	10	6	60%	0	0%
Barnwell	53	16	30%	5	9%
Beaufort	353	34	10%	112	32%
Berkeley	449	50	11%	142	32%
Calhoun	75	2	3%	49	65%
Charleston	862	110	13%	111	13%
Cherokee	145	14	10%	46	32%
Chester	49	6	12%	3	6%
Chesterfield	103	35	34%	8	8%
Clarendon	30	4	13%	2	7%
Colleton	42	12	29%	1	2%
Darlington	148	13	9%	24	16%
Dillon	65	16	25%	20	31%
Dorchester	259	27	10%	32	12%
Edgefield	31	4	13%	7	23%
Fairfield	42	10	24%	4	10%
Florence	236	56	24%	19	8%
Georgetown	130	21	16%	25	19%
Greenville	880	129	15%	69	8%
Greenwood	250	24	10%	34	14%
Hampton	56	16	29%	7	13%
Horry	927	79	9%	338	36%
Jasper	48	5	10%	13	27%
Kershaw	66	10	15%	11	17%
Lancaster	128	20	16%	0	0%
Laurens	122	18	15%	22	18%
Lee	10	1	10%	0	0%
Lexington	356	45	13%	27	8%
Marion	64	4	6%	15	23%
Marlboro	81	10	12%	25	31%
McCormick	4	1	25%	1	25%
Newberry	72	7	10%	0	0%
Oconee	138	21	15%	21	15%
Orangeburg	199	24	12%	67	34%
Pickens	151	17	11%	28	19%
Richland	600	165	28%	27	5%
Saluda	28	3	11%	5	18%
Spartanburg	225	38	17%	14	6%
Sumter	233	32	14%	44	19%
Union	209	2	1%	127	61%
Williamsburg	51	20	39%	1	2%
York	490	55	11%	48	10%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>9,099</b>	<b>1,253</b>	<b>11%</b>	<b>1,639</b>	<b>16%</b>

APPENDIX TABLE IV  
**SOLICITOR ACTIONS on JUVENILE CASES by COUNTY**  
 FY 2020/2021

COUNTY	DISMISS	DIVERT	PROSECUTE	TOTAL*
Abbeville	0	0	0	0
Aiken	56	134	150	340
Allendale	11	0	1	12
Anderson	95	178	152	425
Bamberg	2	1	5	8
Barnwell	15	15	42	72
Beaufort	232	161	120	513
Berkeley	99	226	409	734
Calhoun	1	9	54	64
Charleston	162	232	549	943
Cherokee	38	59	90	187
Chester	18	28	21	67
Chesterfield	29	24	90	143
Clarendon	14	12	11	37
Colleton	23	35	14	72
Darlington	37	56	77	170
Dillon	22	11	54	87
Dorchester	190	101	121	412
Edgefield	3	6	9	18
Fairfield	19	2	35	56
Florence	130	88	195	413
Georgetown	64	37	62	163
Greenville	321	407	584	1,312
Greenwood	72	79	95	246
Hampton	72	26	30	128
Horry	337	326	504	1,167
Jasper	29	17	12	58
Kershaw	21	36	42	99
Lancaster	65	38	52	155
Laurens	24	34	57	115
Lee	7	15	9	31
Lexington	57	206	158	421
Marion	33	26	39	98
Marlboro	34	24	65	123
McCormick	0	2	1	3
Newberry	22	22	28	72
Oconee	17	48	94	159
Orangeburg	47	32	213	292
Pickens	37	71	114	222
Richland	266	110	605	981
Saluda	9	12	25	46
Spartanburg	65	40	183	288
Sumter	89	73	103	265
Union	18	24	164	206
Williamsburg	29	11	45	85
York	64	173	373	610
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2,995</b>	<b>3,267</b>	<b>5,856</b>	<b>12,118</b>

\*Total does not include pending and certain other administrative type decisions

APPENDIX TABLE V  
DISPOSITION of JUVENILE CASES by COUNTY  
FY 2020/2021

COUNTY	DISMISS	SCHOOL ORDER	PROBATION*	COMMITMENT	OTHER	TOTAL**
Abbeville	0	0	9	1	0	10
Aiken	14	6	62	16	0	98
Allendale	0	0	0	0	0	0
Anderson	78	0	39	8	1	126
Bamberg	0	0	2	0	1	3
Barnwell	5	0	13	4	0	22
Beaufort	2	0	9	10	3	24
Berkeley	6	15	106	16	5	148
Calhoun	8	41	19	0	2	70
Charleston	11	0	106	30	0	147
Cherokee	1	1	19	3	0	24
Chester	0	0	8	0	2	10
Chesterfield	5	0	32	4	2	43
Clarendon	4	0	6	2	0	12
Colleton	0	0	2	1	0	3
County	3	7	32	10	0	52
Darlington	1	2	23	14	1	41
Dillon	7	8	29	6	2	52
Dorchester	0	0	14	5	0	19
Edgefield	1	0	20	4	0	25
Fairfield	27	0	88	15	12	142
Florence	23	0	12	2	0	37
Georgetown	27	9	201	33	12	282
Greenville	3	0	45	11	0	59
Greenwood	0	0	6	0	0	6
Hampton	23	99	186	53	5	366
Horry	0	0	5	2	0	7
Jasper	0	1	19	4	0	24
Kershaw	1	2	12	3	5	23
Lancaster	0	0	35	10	0	45
Laurens	1	0	4	1	1	7
Lee	1	0	68	26	2	97
Lexington	10	2	26	4	2	44
Marion	3	22	13	2	0	40
Marlboro	0	0	4	2	0	6
McCormick	3	0	17	3	0	23
Newberry	9	5	49	8	0	71
Oconee	21	44	88	16	6	175
Orangeburg	4	0	50	3	1	58
Pickens	11	0	201	43	3	258
Richland	1	0	9	4	0	14
Saluda	19	0	79	12	3	113
Spartanburg	4	0	50	12	3	69
Sumter	0	49	39	10	0	98
Union	7	0	5	0	1	13
Williamsburg	21	14	154	48	25	262
York	365	327	2,015	461	100	3,268
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>10</b>

\*Includes probation sentences concurrent with commitment or placement \*\*Total does not include all judicial sanctions, General Sessions Court cases or end of the year processing.



APPENDIX TABLE VI  
**RESTITUTION ACTIVITY by COUNTY/JURISDICTION**  
 FY 2020/2021

COUNTY	MONETARY RESTITUTION		COMMUNITY SERVICE	
	AMOUNT ORDERED	AMOUNT PAID	HOURS ORDERED	HOURS SERVED
Abbeville	\$0.00	\$2,820.14	0	0
Aiken	\$9,051.32	\$4,921.88	90	111
Allendale	\$0.00	\$0.00	0	0
Anderson	\$12,608.23	\$2,943.69	0	10
Bamberg	\$100.00	\$320.00	0	0
Barnwell	\$0.00	\$390.71	20	0
Beaufort	\$3,183.10	\$334.10	0	0
Berkeley	\$16,715.67	\$6,813.65	260	300
Calhoun	\$13,499.00	\$3,443.60	75	25
Charleston	\$28,069.62	\$15,738.58	730	1,620
Cherokee	\$545.70	\$949.47	110	78
Chester	\$308.51	\$125.00	0	25
Chesterfield	\$3,660.16	\$2,929.24	55	30
Clarendon	\$450.00	\$4,297.38	200	90
Colleton	\$0.00	\$0.00	150	50
Darlington	\$39,376.32	\$6,697.87	510	503
Dillon	\$1,000.00	\$1,866.38	165	80
Dorchester	\$929.00	\$2,102.50	260	250
Edgefield	\$0.00	\$0.00	140	98
Fairfield	\$1,607.70	\$5,014.81	40	0
Florence	\$23,592.84	\$11,839.56	2,192	1,823
Georgetown	\$0.00	\$650.00	90	201
Greenville	\$13,786.05	\$13,004.96	1,020	260
Greenwood	\$150.00	\$3,270.97	0	10
Hampton	NULL	\$330.00	0	0
Horry	\$12,325.70	\$13,147.36	1,930	1,439
Kershaw	\$0.00	\$120.00	90	10
Lancaster	\$750.00	\$1,000.00	205	0
Laurens	\$553.33	\$3,050.00	15	0
Lexington	\$11,012.47	\$5,887.34	40	173
Marion	\$1,474.12	\$5,045.96	20	22
Marlboro	\$2,300.00	\$1,824.58	0	230
McCormick	\$0.00	\$0.00	0	0
Newberry	\$5,127.04	\$2,499.78	140	135
Oconee	\$10,624.24	\$3,105.84	210	97
Orangeburg	\$12,763.46	\$9,441.31	75	421
Pickens	\$16,650.69	\$6,564.91	305	141
Richland	\$5,681.73	\$5,971.26	310	1,094
Saluda	NULL	\$0.00	0	20
Spartanburg	\$29,831.04	\$7,464.01	455	430
Sumter	\$4,213.01	\$8,544.65	85	95
Union	\$3,693.33	\$4,724.25	40	46
Williamsburg	\$0.00	\$0.00	75	56
York	\$9,009.69	\$3,521.42	474	556
<b>TOTAL (by Court)</b>	<b>\$294,643.07</b>	<b>\$172,717.16</b>	<b>10,576</b>	<b>10,529</b>
<b>By Juvenile Parole Board</b>	<b>\$22,207.83</b>	<b>\$8,741.65</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>40</b>

APPENDIX TABLE VII  
**COMMITMENTS by COUNTY**  
 FY 2020/2021

COUNTY	Residential Evaluations		Susp. and Final Commitments	
	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total
Abbeville	0	0%	1	0%
Aiken	13	3%	16	3%
Allendale	0	0%	0	0%
Anderson	6	2%	8	2%
Bamberg	2	1%	0	0%
Barnwell	3	1%	4	1%
Beaufort	6	2%	10	2%
Berkeley	20	5%	16	3%
Calhoun	0	0%	0	0%
Charleston	41	11%	30	7%
Cherokee	3	1%	3	1%
Chester	0	0%	0	0%
Chesterfield	8	2%	4	1%
Clarendon	1	0%	2	0%
Colleton	3	1%	1	0%
County	12	3%	10	2%
Darlington	7	2%	14	3%
Dillon	5	1%	6	1%
Dorchester	2	1%	5	1%
Edgefield	4	1%	4	1%
Fairfield	10	3%	15	3%
Florence	2	1%	2	0%
Georgetown	28	7%	33	7%
Greenville	9	2%	11	2%
Greenwood	2	1%	0	0%
Hampton	51	13%	53	11%
Horry	0	0%	2	0%
Jasper	3	1%	4	1%
Kershaw	3	1%	3	1%
Lancaster	0	0%	10	2%
Laurens	0	0%	1	0%
Lee	20	5%	26	6%
Lexington	5	1%	4	1%
Marion	4	1%	2	0%
Marlboro	0	0%	2	0%
McCormick	1	0%	3	1%
Newberry	7	2%	8	2%
Oconee	20	5%	16	3%
Orangeburg	3	1%	3	1%
Pickens	32	8%	43	9%
Richland	4	1%	4	1%
Saluda	11	3%	12	3%
Spartanburg	5	1%	12	3%
Sumter	7	2%	10	2%
Union	2	1%	0	0%
Williamsburg	21	5%	48	10%
York	42	7%	38	5%
<b>Total</b>	<b>386</b>		<b>461</b>	

APPENDIX TABLE VIII  
**DETENTION and COMMITMENT RATES by COUNTY**  
 FY 2020/2021

COUNTY	All Juveniles Ages 10 - 16*	Juvenile Detentions		Juvenile Commitments	
		Number	Rate per 1,000	Number	Rate per 1,000
Abbeville	2,310	6	3	1	0
Aiken	14,419	36	2	16	1
Allendale	908	2	2	0	0
Anderson	17,967	49	3	8	0
Bamberg	1,460	3	2	0	0
Barnwell	2,348	8	3	4	2
Beaufort	11,979	49	4	10	1
Berkeley	16,883	115	7	16	1
Calhoun	1,305	3	2	0	0
Charleston	25,784	369	14	30	1
Cherokee	5,389	43	8	3	1
Chester	3,131	14	4	0	0
Chesterfield	4,731	45	10	4	1
Clarendon	3,069	3	1	2	1
Colleton	3,787	6	2	1	0
Darlington	6,731	33	5	10	1
Dillon	3,239	14	4	14	4
Dorchester	14,817	31	2	6	0
Edgefield	2,423	10	4	5	2
Fairfield	2,156	15	7	4	2
Florence	13,157	49	4	15	1
Georgetown	5,386	13	2	2	0
Greenville	42,120	258	6	33	1
Greenwood	6,509	23	4	11	2
Hampton	2,067	11	5	0	0
Horry	20,665	142	7	53	3
Jasper	2,244	9	4	2	1
Kershaw	6,040	11	2	4	1
Lancaster	6,799	25	4	3	0
Laurens	6,074	34	6	10	2
Lee	1,673	3	2	1	1
Lexington	25,206	41	2	26	1
Marion	3,169	13	4	4	1
Marlboro	2,590	17	7	2	1
McCormick	607	0	0	2	3
Newberry	3,274	8	2	3	1
Oconee	6,270	22	4	8	1
Orangeburg	8,242	49	6	16	2
Pickens	9,716	30	3	3	0
Richland	33,714	243	7	43	1
Saluda	1,691	9	5	4	2
Spartanburg	27,340	152	6	12	0
Sumter	10,503	42	4	12	1
Union	2,760	28	10	10	4
Williamsburg	3,276	21	6	0	0
York	22,811	91	4	48	2
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>418,739</b>	<b>2198</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>461</b>	<b>50</b>

\*2010 Population Census provided by SC Data Center



A special thanks to the citizens of South Carolina and to all the people and organizations who contributed to this publication.

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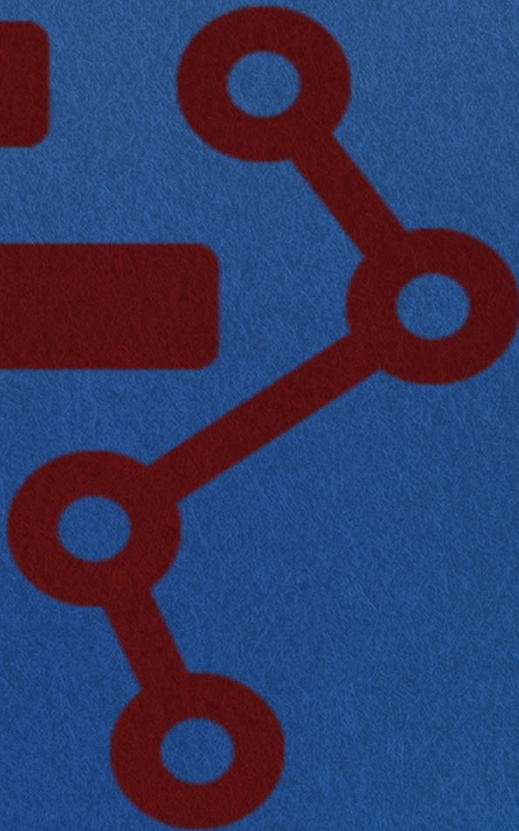
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THE FOLLOWING OFFICES HAVE BEEN DESIGNATED TO HANDLE INQUIRIES REGARDING THE NONDISCRIMINATION POLICIES:

Title IX- Inspector General's Office-803-896-9595

Title II & 504-Special Education Office-803-896-8484

